

# Converting Colors

XYZ(28.2341, 26.8022, 53.1201)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(28.2341, 26.8022, 53.1201)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(28.1811, 26.7212,  
52.9626)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8689BF
RGB	134, 137, 191
RGB Percent	53%, 54%, 75%
CMY	0.4745, 0.4627, 0.2510
CMYK	0.30, 0.28, 0.00, 0.25
HSL	237°, 31%, 64%
HSV	237°, 30%, 75%
XYZ	28.1811, 26.7212, 52.9626
YIQ	142.2590, -19.1220, 16.1580

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

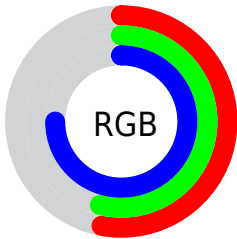
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">134, 137, 191</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">8817087</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">58.72, 11.36, -28.47</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">59, 30.652, 291.752</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">26.7212, 0.2613, 0.2477</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4287007167</a> ( <a href="#">0xFF8689BF</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">142.2590, 24.0293, -7.2431</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">51.6926, 6.8504, -24.5619</a>

# Details

The XYZ color **28.1811, 26.7212, 52.9626** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9999CC**. A complement of this color would be **43.7726, 48.7644, 29.6605**, and the grayscale version is **25.7276, 27.0674, 29.4764**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **56.0958, 54.2956, 96.3305**, and **11.4032, 10.4164, 25.0765** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **23.0473, 20.5716, 52.0467**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **34.2978, 34.0190, 54.0493**.

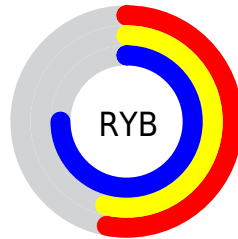
# Distribution



Red (53%)

Green (54%)

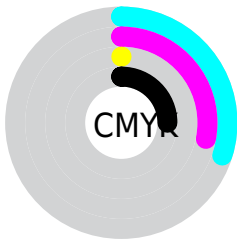
Blue (75%)



Red (53%)

Yellow (54%)

Blue (75%)

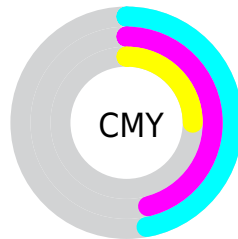


Cyan (30%)

Magenta (28%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (25%)



Cyan (47%)

Magenta (46%)

Yellow (25%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 28.1811, 26.7212, 52.9626 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 28.1811, 26.7212, 52.9626 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 28.1811, 26.7212,  
52.9626

■ 28.1811, 26.7212,  
52.9626

285.3957,  
286.3047, 415.2038

■ 18.6034, 17.3639,  
37.3854

■ 56.1801, 54.4362,  
95.9903

■ 11.4863, 10.4943,  
25.2079

■ 75.3320, 73.5627,  
124.2779

■ 6.4646, 5.7279,  
16.0116

■ 98.4061, 96.7143,  
157.6394

■ 3.1729, 2.6804,  
9.3779

125.7676,  
124.2756, 196.4933

■ 1.2459, 0.9672,  
4.8883

157.7820,  
156.6309, 241.2581

■ 0.1421, 0.0000,  
2.1243

194.8146,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

194.1646, 292.3525

0.6302

237.2307,  
237.2610, 350.1949

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 28.1811, 26.7212,  
52.9626

■ 28.1811, 26.7212,  
52.9626

■ 23.0473, 20.5716,  
52.0467

■ 34.2978, 34.0190,  
54.0493

■ 18.8427, 15.5089,  
51.2911

■ 41.4422, 42.5161,  
55.3128

■ 15.5124, 11.4706,  
50.6871

■ 49.6595, 52.2641,  
56.7613

■ 12.9947, 8.3868,  
50.2246

■ 58.9914, 63.3108,  
58.4017

■ 11.2198, 6.1789,  
49.8920

■ 69.4773, 75.7015,  
60.2407

■ 10.1062, 4.7554,  
49.6759

■ 81.1549, 89.4792,  
62.2846

■ 9.5201, 3.9880,  
49.5587

■ 86.4041, 96.5416,  
63.3711

■ 9.5132, 3.9799,  
49.5575

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



24.3715, 26.7212, 54.8694



28.1811, 26.7212, 52.9626



31.5293, 26.7212, 43.9394

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



28.1811, 26.7212, 52.9626



30.1569, 26.7212, 15.6422



18.8755, 26.7212, 26.2158

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



28.1811, 26.7212, 52.9626



43.7726, 48.7644, 29.6605

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



20.1175, 26.7212, 18.0383



28.1811, 26.7212, 52.9626



26.4524, 26.7212, 13.0008

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



28.1811, 26.7212, 52.9626



32.7463, 26.7212, 22.0568



22.8039, 26.7212, 13.7537



19.2400, 26.7212, 37.4903



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



28.1811, 26.7212, 52.9626



32.9263, 26.7212, 36.0950



22.8039, 26.7212, 13.7537



19.1142, 26.7212, 23.0638

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



28.1820, 26.7222, 52.9632



75.1887, 77.2932, 99.2353



37.4540, 45.9269, 54.0173



16.0662, 16.4449, 21.7127



92.9021, 97.7402, 106.4391



19.4759, 20.4902, 22.3138



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



28.1820, 26.7222, 52.9632



44.0986, 40.2283, 93.7197



32.1685, 28.1530, 53.0293



9.0557, 9.3038, 11.9907



6.2705, 2.6527, 32.5744



0.2596, 0.1318, 1.2806



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



34.5270, 29.9335, 27.6259



57.3702, 47.0394, 40.7020



38.7234, 47.1229, 29.6098



9.5500, 9.5443, 10.0192



14.1658, 7.2975, 0.9009



0.5619, 0.2887, 0.0724



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 28.1811, 26.7212, 52.9626 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

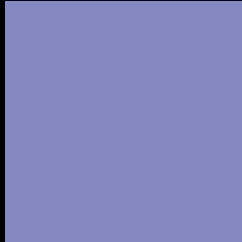
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 28.1811, 26.7212, 52.9626 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 28.1811, 26.7212, 52.9626**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 28.1811, 26.7212, 52.9626.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 28.1811, 26.7212,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

28.1811, 26.7212, 52.9626

### Protanopia

27.3157, 26.6755, 54.1613

### Deuteranopia

27.3890, 26.7389, 53.0078



## Tritanopia

24.6420, 26.8251, 34.8893

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

28.1811, 26.7212, 52.9626

## Protanomaly

27.5050, 26.5719, 53.5484

## Deuteranomaly

27.6984, 26.6844, 52.9810

## Tritanomaly

25.7987, 26.6227, 40.8248

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

28.1811, 26.7212, 52.9626

## Achromatopsia

25.7108, 27.0498, 29.4572

## Achromatomaly

26.3707, 26.7832, 37.0375

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 28.1811, 26.7212, 52.9626 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(134, 137, 191)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(134, 137, 191)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(134, 137, 191) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(134, 137, 191) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 28.1811, 26.7212, 52.9626 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(134, 137, 191) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(134, 137, 191) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(134, 137, 191)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(134, 137, 191); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(134, 137, 191);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(134, 137,  
191) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 28.1811, 26.7212, 52.9626 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(134, 137, 191) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(134,  
137, 191) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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