

# Converting Colors

XYZ(28.4556, 51.1597,  
102.7141)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(28.4556, 51.1597, 102.7141)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(43.9065, 58.9329, 103.6688)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(43.9065, 58.9329,  
103.6688)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00DDFF
RGB	0, 221, 255
RGB Percent	0%, 87%, 100%
CMY	0.9997, 0.1333, 0.0000
CMYK	1.00, 0.13, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	188°, 100%, 50%
HSV	188°, 100%, 100%
XYZ	43.9065, 58.9329, 103.6688
YIQ	158.7970, -142.6300, -36.2780

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

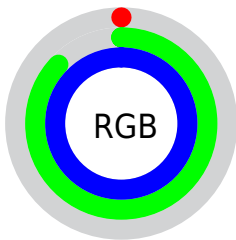
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 118, 255
Decimal	56831
CIELab	81.25, -32.69, -29.07
CIELCh	81, 43.746, 221.654
Yxy	58.9329, 0.2126, 0.2854
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278246911 (0xFF00DDFF)
YUV	158.7970, 47.4281, -139.2650
Hunter-Lab	76.7678, -32.2524, -26.3290

# Details

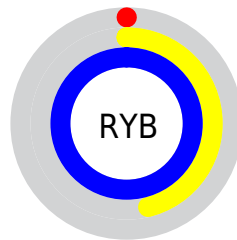
The XYZ color **43.9065, 58.9329, 103.6688** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **00CCFF**. The color can be described as light saturated cyan. A complement of this color would be **41.8147, 22.4088, 2.1238**, and the grayscale version is **32.7108, 34.4143, 37.4771**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **61.1461, 82.5219, 107.3133**, and **23.6482, 30.9875, 58.1609** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **43.9043, 58.9286, 103.6681**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **45.2297, 60.9627, 103.9909**.

# Distribution



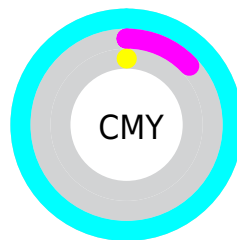
- Red (0%)
- Green (87%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (46%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 43.9065, 58.9329, 103.6688 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 43.9065, 58.9329, 103.6688 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



43.9065, 58.9329,  
103.6688

43.9065, 58.9329,  
103.6688

353.1853,  
420.6532, 593.2391

30.7946, 42.5591,  
78.7341

80.3242, 103.2801,  
168.2856

20.5936, 29.5393,  
58.1572

104.3608,  
132.0224, 208.8048

12.9380, 19.4892,  
41.5195

132.7696,  
165.6562, 255.3559

7.4626, 12.0243,  
28.4025

165.9161,  
204.5660, 308.3574

3.8019, 6.7602,  
18.3876

204.1655,  
249.1363, 368.2280

1.5907, 3.3126,  
11.0563

247.8833,

0.3863, 1.2970,

299.7513, 435.3861

5.9901

297.4348,  
356.7954, 510.2503

■ 0.0000, 0.1389,  
2.7704

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.9786

■ 43.9065, 58.9329,  
103.6688

■ 43.9065, 58.9329,  
103.6688

■ 43.9043, 58.9286,  
103.6681

■ 45.2297, 60.9627,  
103.9909

■ 47.1090, 63.3052,  
104.3440

■ 49.7103, 66.0472,  
104.7361

■ 53.1344, 69.2409,  
105.1721

■ 57.4659, 72.9299,  
105.6559

■ 62.7784, 77.1525,  
106.1909

■ 69.1384, 81.9430,  
106.7803

■ 76.6061, 87.3325,  
107.4270

■ 85.2372, 93.3501,  
108.1336

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



40.5349, 58.9329, 74.8564



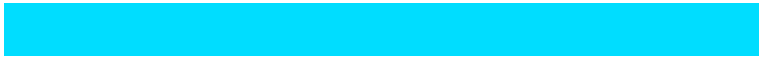
43.9065, 58.9329, 103.6688



50.6736, 58.9329, 124.6156

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



43.9065, 58.9329, 103.6688



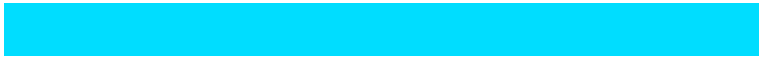
74.3618, 58.9329, 81.3095



52.5459, 58.9329, 26.4785

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



43.9065, 58.9329, 103.6688



41.8147, 22.4088, 2.1238

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



61.7169, 58.9329, 27.3286



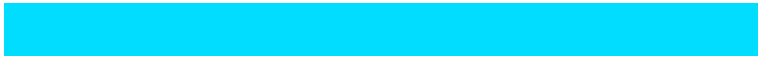
43.9065, 58.9329, 103.6688



75.0036, 58.9329, 54.5486

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



43.9065, 58.9329, 103.6688



68.4959, 58.9329, 109.4825



70.1647, 58.9329, 36.2423



45.1487, 58.9329, 33.4826

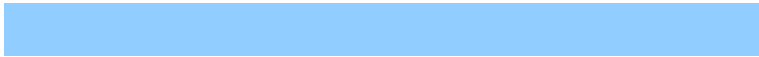


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



43.9065, 58.9329, 103.6688



56.5215, 58.9329, 128.5983



70.1647, 58.9329, 36.2423



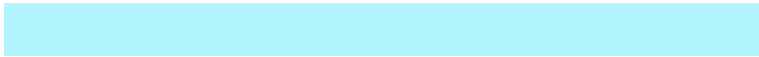
55.5095, 58.9329, 25.9203

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



43.9082, 58.9349, 103.6691



69.1162, 81.9266, 106.7783



36.0508, 71.6364, 13.4459



14.1919, 17.0883, 22.8003



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

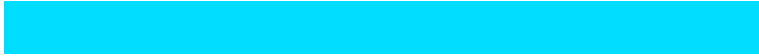


20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



43.9082, 58.9349, 103.6691



43.9043, 58.9286, 103.6681



22.0140, 15.1465, 96.3710



18.3361, 20.0438, 23.1524



23.0212, 30.9520, 54.1956



2.2963, 3.1233, 5.2951



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



54.2924, 26.4824, 70.6587



54.2901, 26.4800, 70.6507



54.0781, 46.9356, 6.2116



18.6823, 18.2562, 22.2101



28.4082, 13.8526, 37.1299

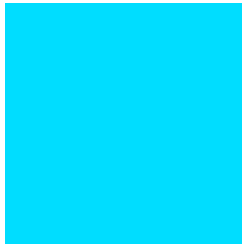


2.7937, 1.3598, 3.7609



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 43.9065, 58.9329, 103.6688 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

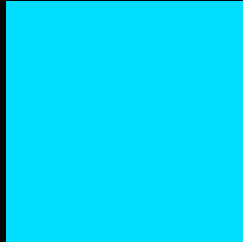
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 43.9065, 58.9329, 103.6688 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

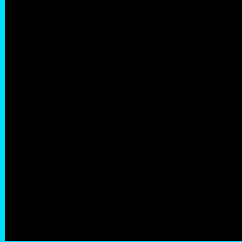
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 43.9065, 58.9329, 103.6688

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 43.9065, 58.9329, 103.6688.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 43.9065, 58.9329,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

43.9065, 58.9329, 103.6688

### Protanopia

57.5123, 57.8266, 89.7918

### Deuteranopia

59.0025, 57.9713, 102.6876



## Tritanopia

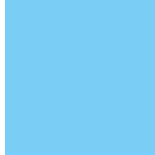
42.1159, 59.0666, 91.6193

# Trichromacy



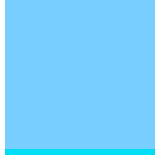
## Original Color

43.9065, 58.9329, 103.6688



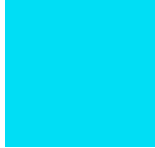
## Protanomaly

46.5788, 54.8728, 94.5227



## Deuteranomaly

47.8670, 55.3557, 102.7696



## Tritanomaly

42.6027, 58.8351, 95.4971

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

43.9065, 58.9329, 103.6688



## Achromatopsia

32.9542, 34.6704, 37.7561



## Achromatomaly

31.8324, 40.1176, 57.1047

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 43.9065, 58.9329, 103.6688 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 221, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 221, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 221, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 221, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 43.9065, 58.9329, 103.6688 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 221, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 221, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 221, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 221, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 221, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 221,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 43.9065, 58.9329, 103.6688 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 221, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 221,  
255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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