

# Converting Colors

XYZ(28.4932, 36.7428, 67.2267)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(28.4932, 36.7428, 67.2267)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(28.4349, 36.6397, 67.2015)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	12
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	24
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	28
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(28.4349, 36.6397,  
67.2015)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2AB1D3
RGB	42, 177, 211
RGB Percent	16%, 69%, 83%
CMY	0.8352, 0.3059, 0.1725
CMYK	0.80, 0.16, 0.00, 0.17
HSL	192°, 67%, 50%
HSV	192°, 80%, 83%
XYZ	28.4349, 36.6397, 67.2015
YIQ	140.5110, -91.3740, -18.0460

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

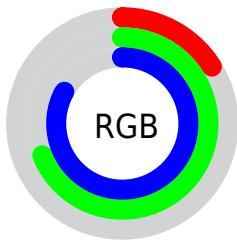
Format	Color
<b>RYB</b>	42, 117, 211
Decimal	2798035
CIELab	67.01, -23.38, -27.17
CIELCh	67, 35.842, 229.290
Yxy	36.6397, 0.2150, 0.2770
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280988115 (0xFF2AB1D3)
YUV	140.5110, 34.7511, -86.3941
Hunter-Lab	60.5307, -22.0767, -23.4525

# Details

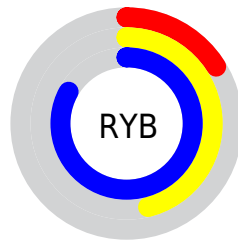
The XYZ color **28.4349, 36.6397, 67.2015** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33CCFF**. The color can be described as middle washed azure. A complement of this color would be **29.8679, 19.1872, 4.3213**, and the grayscale version is **25.0227, 26.3258, 28.6688**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **54.3914, 69.2108, 105.1000**, and **13.2084, 16.8156, 34.0021** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **26.9625, 34.6558, 66.8969**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **30.3896, 38.9123, 67.5379**.

# Distribution



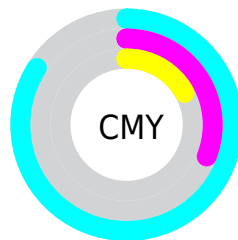
- Red (16%)
- Green (69%)
- Blue (83%)



- Red (16%)
- Yellow (46%)
- Blue (83%)



- Cyan (80%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (17%)



- Cyan (84%)
- Magenta (31%)
- Yellow (17%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 28.4349, 36.6397, 67.2015 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 28.4349, 36.6397, 67.2015 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 28.4349, 36.6397,  
67.2015

■ 28.4349, 36.6397,  
67.2015

286.5818,  
331.7480, 469.1827

■ 18.7959, 24.9286,  
48.7858

■ 56.5818, 70.0183,  
116.8525

■ 11.6260, 16.0239,  
34.0852

■ 75.8205, 92.4546,  
148.9248

■ 6.5599, 9.5411,  
22.6811

■ 98.9897, 119.2348,  
186.3864

■ 3.2323, 5.0958,  
14.1552

■ 126.4548,  
150.7433, 229.6559

■ 1.2778, 2.3036,  
8.0887

■ 158.5812,  
187.3645, 279.1517

■ 0.1665, 0.7756,  
4.0632

195.7343,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

229.4827, 335.2924

1.6601

238.2794,  
277.4824, 398.4965

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.3331

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 28.4349, 36.6397,  
67.2015

■ 28.4349, 36.6397,  
67.2015

■ 26.9625, 34.6558,  
66.8969

■ 30.3896, 38.9123,  
67.5379

■ 25.8622, 32.9116,  
66.6182

■ 32.8858, 41.5025,  
67.9062

■ 35.9777, 44.4392,  
68.3101

■ 39.7118, 47.7466,  
68.7517

■ 44.1298, 51.4468,  
69.2331

■ 49.2699, 55.5595,  
69.7560

■ 55.1673, 60.1034,  
70.3222

■ 61.8549, 65.0957,  
70.9333

■ 69.3635, 70.5526,  
71.5909

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



25.8510, 36.6397, 50.6379



28.4349, 36.6397, 67.2015



32.9159, 36.6397, 77.1884

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



28.4349, 36.6397, 67.2015



46.1542, 36.6397, 45.7282



31.4807, 36.6397, 17.7638

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



28.4349, 36.6397, 67.2015



29.8679, 19.1872, 4.3213

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



36.8064, 36.6397, 17.0956



28.4349, 36.6397, 67.2015



45.6669, 36.6397, 30.7893

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



28.4349, 36.6397, 67.2015



43.3761, 36.6397, 62.8120



42.1070, 36.6397, 21.2140



27.4787, 36.6397, 23.3639



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



28.4349, 36.6397, 67.2015



36.5419, 36.6397, 77.3889



42.1070, 36.6397, 21.2140



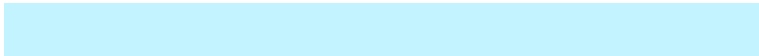
33.1626, 36.6397, 17.0223

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



28.4361, 36.6410, 67.2024



72.2038, 82.5769, 106.7411



25.5480, 47.6008, 14.6448



14.8549, 17.1930, 22.7856



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



28.4361, 36.6410, 67.2024



40.1883, 51.3071, 102.3929



16.6026, 12.9739, 63.2579



11.9479, 12.9862, 15.1205



15.6818, 20.0102, 40.2283



0.9293, 1.2239, 2.2668



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



35.6289, 18.6805, 43.3241



52.4607, 25.9254, 60.4712



39.9063, 39.2640, 7.6674



12.2046, 11.9666, 14.3533



20.5462, 10.0913, 23.5801



1.1753, 0.5748, 1.4580



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 28.4349, 36.6397, 67.2015 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 28.4349, 36.6397, 67.2015 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

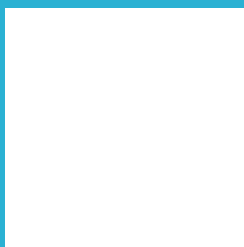
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 28.4349, 36.6397, 67.2015**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 28.4349, 36.6397, 67.2015.



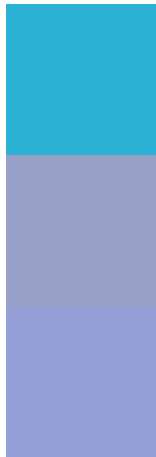
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 28.4349, 36.6397,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

28.4349, 36.6397, 67.2015

### Protanopia

36.0165, 36.0374, 59.0905

### Deuteranopia

36.8766, 35.9985, 69.2948



## Tritanopia

26.3274, 36.6760, 56.7305

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

28.4349, 36.6397, 67.2015

## Protanomaly

31.2258, 35.0949, 61.6281

## Deuteranomaly

32.0805, 35.3787, 68.7563

## Tritanomaly

26.9974, 36.6433, 60.2935

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

28.4349, 36.6397, 67.2015

## Achromatopsia

25.3171, 26.6356, 29.0061

## Achromatomaly

24.2642, 28.8676, 40.3695

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 28.4349, 36.6397, 67.2015 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(42, 177, 211)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(42, 177, 211)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(42, 177, 211) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(42, 177, 211) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 28.4349, 36.6397, 67.2015 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(42, 177, 211) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(42, 177, 211) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(42, 177, 211)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(42, 177, 211); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(42, 177, 211);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(42, 177,  
211) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 28.4349, 36.6397, 67.2015 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(42, 177, 211) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(42, 177,  
211) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor