

# Converting Colors

XYZ(28.5124, 16.9291, 2.4743)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(28.5124, 16.9291, 2.4743)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(28.5124, 16.9291,  
2.4743)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	D33A15
RGB	211, 58, 21
RGB Percent	83%, 23%, 8%
CMY	0.1726, 0.7725, 0.9176
CMYK	0.00, 0.73, 0.90, 0.17
HSL	12°, 82%, 45%
HSV	12°, 90%, 83%
XYZ	28.5124, 16.9291, 2.4743
YIQ	99.5290, 103.0650, 20.9290

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

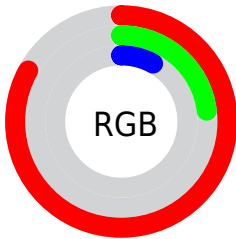
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	211, 67, 21
Decimal	13842965
CIE Lab	48.17, 58.11, 53.99
CIE LCh	48, 79.322, 42.894
Yxy	16.9291, 0.5951, 0.3533
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292033045 (0xFFD33A15)
YUV	99.5290, -38.7148, 97.7601
Hunter-Lab	41.1450, 51.6921, 25.2360

# Details

The XYZ color **28.5124, 16.9291, 2.4743** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3300**. The color can be described as dark washed red. A complement of this color would be **27.2011, 35.1307, 66.9749**, and the grayscale version is **12.0712, 12.6999, 13.8301**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **48.5081, 33.9764, 9.9627**, and **12.0326, 6.2030, 0.5631** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **27.6602, 15.4416, 1.5227**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **29.7996, 19.0489, 4.3061**.

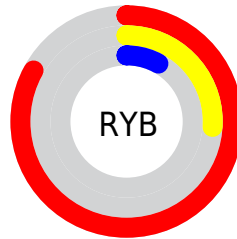
# Distribution



Red (83%)

Green (23%)

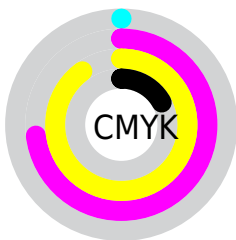
Blue (8%)



Red (83%)

Yellow (26%)

Blue (8%)

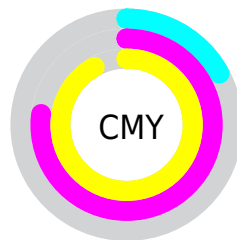


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (73%)

Yellow (90%)

Black (17%)



Cyan (17%)

Magenta (77%)


Yellow (92%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 28.5124, 16.9291, 2.4743 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 28.5124, 16.9291, 2.4743 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 28.5124, 16.9291,  
2.4743


 28.5124, 16.9291,  
2.4743


286.9432,  
234.7635, 129.3544


 18.8547, 10.1840,  
0.8265


 56.7044, 38.2038,  
10.3011


 11.6687, 5.5211,  
0.0000


 75.9694, 53.5022,  
17.3236

 6.5891, 2.5561,  
0.0000


 99.1676, 72.4205,  
26.9769

 3.2505, 0.9047,  
0.0000

 126.6643, 95.3430,  
39.6796

 1.2876, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 158.8248,  
122.6541, 55.8501


 0.1739, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 196.0146,


 0.0000, 0.0000,


154.7383, 75.9070


0.0000


 238.5989,  
191.9800, 100.2690


 28.5124, 16.9291,  
2.4743


 28.5124, 16.9291,  
2.4743


 27.6602, 15.4416,  
1.5227

 29.7996, 19.0489,  
4.3061

 31.5929, 21.8625,  
7.2868

 33.9424, 25.4267,  
11.5682

 36.8913, 29.7910,  
17.2786

 40.4785, 35.0010,  
24.5308

■ 44.7396, 41.0985,  
33.4262

■ 49.7074, 48.1226,  
44.0575

■ 55.4124, 56.1100,  
56.5106

■ 61.8835, 65.0955,  
70.8655

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



33.7086, 16.9291, 10.9260



28.5124, 16.9291, 2.4743



20.5157, 16.9291, 0.5062

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



28.5124, 16.9291, 2.4743



6.1549, 16.9291, 9.0576



19.3815, 16.9291, 90.3797

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



28.5124, 16.9291, 2.4743



27.2011, 35.1307, 66.9749

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.3525, 16.9291, 88.2203



28.5124, 16.9291, 2.4743



6.0171, 16.9291, 28.7705

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



28.5124, 16.9291, 2.4743



8.3878, 16.9291, 1.9724



7.9303, 16.9291, 60.7276



27.4717, 16.9291, 65.4052



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



28.5124, 16.9291, 2.4743



15.4018, 16.9291, 0.2679



7.9303, 16.9291, 60.7276



16.7996, 16.9291, 93.1468

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



28.5128, 16.9301, 2.4746



70.6717, 65.9172, 55.5365



34.9849, 17.5263, 42.6997



14.5956, 13.3548, 10.7612



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



28.5128, 16.9301, 2.4746



42.3666, 23.5132, 2.3055



38.0390, 35.9825, 5.6499



11.9925, 12.1757, 12.3301



16.7503, 9.4335, 0.9380



0.9928, 0.6398, 0.0712

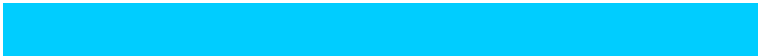


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



27.2011, 35.1307, 66.9749



39.9600, 51.0400, 102.3533



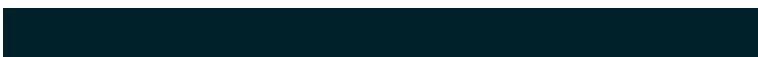
15.0219, 10.7723, 62.9152



11.9546, 12.9994, 15.1227



15.8321, 20.3109, 40.2784



0.9365, 1.2382, 2.2692



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 28.5124, 16.9291, 2.4743 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 28.5124, 16.9291, 2.4743 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 28.5124, 16.9291, 2.4743**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 28.5124, 16.9291, 2.4743.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 28.5124, 16.9291,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

28.5124, 16.9291, 2.4743

### Protanopia

15.4874, 17.0499, 4.0648

### Deuteranopia

17.1457, 16.9570, 2.3694



## Tritanopia

29.2314, 17.0149, 5.4849

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

28.5124, 16.9291, 2.4743

## Protanomaly

18.5351, 15.4701, 3.2374

## Deuteranomaly

20.0622, 15.7649, 2.2153

## Tritanomaly

29.0016, 16.9998, 4.0382

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

28.5124, 16.9291, 2.4743

## Achromatopsia

12.1130, 12.7438, 13.8780

## Achromatomaly

15.2010, 12.5274, 7.5781

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 28.5124, 16.9291, 2.4743 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(211, 58, 21)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(211, 58, 21)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(211, 58, 21) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(211, 58, 21) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 28.5124, 16.9291, 2.4743 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(211, 58, 21) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(211, 58, 21) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(211, 58, 21)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(211, 58, 21); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(211, 58, 21);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(211, 58,  
21) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 28.5124, 16.9291, 2.4743 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(211, 58, 21) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(211, 58,  
21) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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