

# Converting Colors

XYZ(28.5278, 30.4025, 58.8905)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(28.5278, 30.4025, 58.8905)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(28.4987, 30.3973, 59.0088)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	12
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	24
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	28
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(28.4987, 30.3973,  
59.0088)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	7099C8
RGB	112, 153, 200
RGB Percent	44%, 60%, 78%
CMY	0.5608, 0.4000, 0.2157
CMYK	0.44, 0.23, 0.00, 0.22
HSL	212°, 44%, 61%
HSV	212°, 44%, 78%
XYZ	28.4987, 30.3973, 59.0088
YIQ	146.0990, -39.5230, 5.9250

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

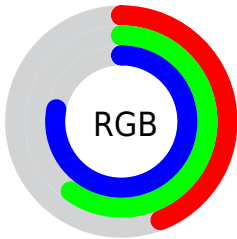
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	112, 140, 200
Decimal	7379400
CIE Lab	62.00, -1.53, -28.59
CIE LCh	62, 28.627, 266.933
Yxy	30.3973, 0.2417, 0.2578
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285569480 (0xFF7099C8)
YUV	146.0990, 26.5732, -29.9048
Hunter-Lab	55.1337, -4.2172, -24.8636

# Details

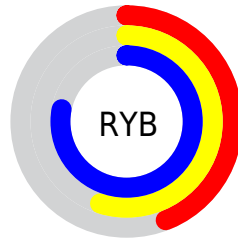
The XYZ color **28.4987, 30.3973, 59.0088** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **6699CC**. A complement of this color would be **39.1432, 38.2468, 20.6499**, and the grayscale version is **27.2692, 28.6893, 31.2426**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **56.2992, 60.0611, 103.2334**, and **11.6270, 12.4479, 28.9840** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **24.5602, 25.8872, 58.3464**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **33.1609, 35.5141, 59.7513**.

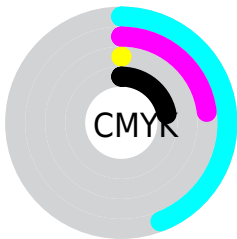
# Distribution



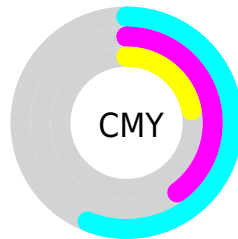
- Red (44%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (78%)



- Red (44%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (22%)



- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (22%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 28.4987, 30.3973, 59.0088 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 28.4987, 30.3973, 59.0088 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 28.4987, 30.3973,  
59.0088

■ 28.4987, 30.3973,  
59.0088

286.8793,  
303.7520, 438.6373

■ 18.8443, 20.1403,  
42.2001

■ 56.6828, 60.2899,  
104.9197

■ 11.6612, 12.4971,  
28.9313

■ 75.9431, 80.6944,  
134.8590

■ 6.5839, 7.0832,  
18.7837

■ 99.1362, 105.2501,  
170.0123

■ 3.2473, 3.5142,  
11.3389

126.6273,  
134.3415, 210.7981

■ 1.2858, 1.4057,  
6.1782

158.7818,  
168.3531, 257.6350

■ 0.1726, 0.2209,  
2.8832

195.9651,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

207.6690, 310.9415

1.0353

238.5425,  
252.6739, 371.1361

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 28.4987, 30.3973,  
59.0088

■ 28.4987, 30.3973,  
59.0088

■ 24.5602, 25.8872,  
58.3464

■ 33.1609, 35.5141,  
59.7513

■ 21.3005, 21.9527,  
57.7588

■ 38.5821, 41.2599,  
60.5746

■ 18.6739, 18.5645,  
57.2432

■ 44.7988, 47.6595,  
61.4822

■ 16.6268, 15.6885,  
56.7960

■ 51.8441, 54.7356,  
62.4767

■ 15.0953, 13.2847,  
56.4127

■ 59.7490, 62.5094,  
63.5605

■ 14.3557, 12.0307,  
56.2097

■ 68.5430, 71.0012,  
64.7361

■ 78.2541, 80.2304,  
66.0057

■ 82.3736, 86.8465,  
67.0656

■ 85.5845, 93.2683,  
68.1359

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



25.0491, 30.3973, 54.1591



28.4987, 30.3973, 59.0088



32.3653, 30.3973, 55.7444

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



28.4987, 30.3973, 59.0088



35.9838, 30.3973, 24.4169



23.1375, 30.3973, 22.8525

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



28.4987, 30.3973, 59.0088



39.1432, 38.2468, 20.6499

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



25.6760, 30.3973, 17.6033



28.4987, 30.3973, 59.0088



33.1086, 30.3973, 18.3561

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



28.4987, 30.3973, 59.0088



36.9060, 30.3973, 34.2411



29.2883, 30.3973, 16.1595



22.1308, 30.3973, 31.9796



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



28.4987, 30.3973, 59.0088



34.6259, 30.3973, 49.7305



29.2883, 30.3973, 16.1595



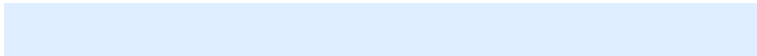
23.8283, 30.3973, 20.6606

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



28.4997, 30.3984, 59.0095



78.4978, 83.4651, 106.5808



33.5896, 47.2550, 40.1225



16.2542, 17.3080, 22.7340



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



28.4997, 30.3984, 59.0095



42.6706, 44.9938, 101.0434



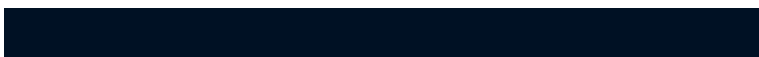
23.2822, 19.4002, 57.1616



10.4572, 11.0884, 13.5066



9.2157, 7.8253, 35.7691



0.5087, 0.5152, 1.7178



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



35.3643, 26.1688, 33.3252



56.4666, 38.0682, 49.0715



46.6231, 54.3584, 23.3655



10.8360, 10.7178, 12.1199



16.4510, 8.3300, 7.5847



0.8155, 0.4090, 0.5513



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 28.4987, 30.3973, 59.0088 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

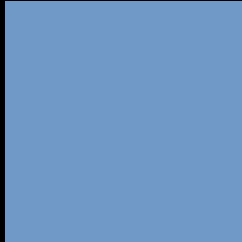
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 28.4987, 30.3973, 59.0088 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 28.4987, 30.3973, 59.0088**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 28.4987, 30.3973, 59.0088.



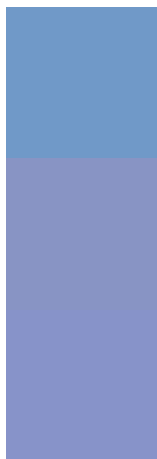
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 28.4987, 30.3973,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

28.4987, 30.3973, 59.0088

### Protanopia

30.7071, 30.3996, 56.4738

### Deuteranopia

30.9680, 30.2354, 59.4622



## Tritanopia

25.2865, 30.3371, 43.0510

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

28.4987, 30.3973, 59.0088

## Protanomaly

29.7368, 30.3559, 57.1153

## Deuteranomaly

30.0425, 30.2240, 59.5087

## Tritanomaly

26.3954, 30.2801, 48.7094

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

28.4987, 30.3973, 59.0088

## Achromatopsia

27.3213, 28.7441, 31.3023

## Achromatomaly

27.4619, 29.3164, 40.2876

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 28.4987, 30.3973, 59.0088 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(112, 153, 200)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(112, 153, 200)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(112, 153, 200) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(112, 153, 200) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 28.4987, 30.3973, 59.0088 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(112, 153, 200) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(112, 153, 200) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(112, 153, 200)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(112, 153, 200); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 153, 200);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 153,  
200) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 28.4987, 30.3973, 59.0088 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(112, 153, 200) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(112,  
153, 200) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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