

# Converting Colors

XYZ(28.5322, 29.9795, 42.4667)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(28.5322, 29.9795, 42.4667)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(28.4786, 30.0333,  
42.3262)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8996AA
RGB	137, 150, 170
RGB Percent	54%, 59%, 67%
CMY	0.4627, 0.4118, 0.3333
CMYK	0.19, 0.12, 0.00, 0.33
HSL	216°, 16%, 60%
HSV	216°, 19%, 67%
XYZ	28.4786, 30.0333, 42.3262
YIQ	148.3930, -14.1680, 3.4640

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

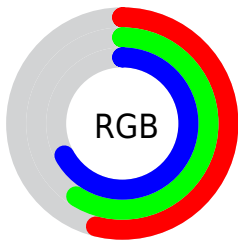
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	137, 146, 170
Decimal	9017002
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	61.68, -0.26, -12.03
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	62, 12.031, 268.749
Yxy	30.0333, 0.2824, 0.2978
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287207082 (0xFF8996AA)
YUV	148.3930, 10.6523, -9.9917
Hunter-Lab	54.8026, -3.1458, -7.4301

# Details

The XYZ color **28.4786, 30.0333, 42.3262** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **33.1503, 34.4663, 28.5732**, and the grayscale version is **28.2743, 29.7467, 32.3942**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **56.6693, 59.6983, 79.7703**, and **11.6623, 12.2579, 18.8909** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **24.3362, 25.5643, 41.6824**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **33.2065, 35.0202, 43.0401**.

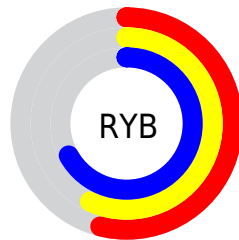
# Distribution



Red (54%)

Green (59%)

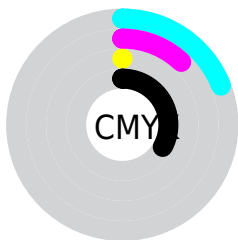
Blue (67%)



Red (54%)

Yellow (57%)

Blue (67%)

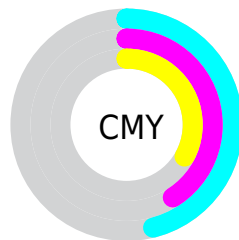


Cyan (19%)

Magenta (12%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (33%)



Cyan (46%)

Magenta (41%)

Yellow (33%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 28.4786, 30.0333, 42.3262 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 28.4786, 30.0333, 42.3262 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 28.4786, 30.0333,  
42.3262

■ 28.4786, 30.0333,  
42.3262

286.7856,  
302.0596, 371.6729

■ 18.8290, 19.8639,  
29.0293

■ 56.6510, 59.7148,  
79.9685

■ 11.6501, 12.2961,  
18.8572

■ 75.9045, 79.9957,  
105.1510

■ 6.5764, 6.9457,  
11.3914

■ 99.0900, 104.4159,  
135.1324

■ 3.2426, 3.4282,  
6.2133

126.5730,  
133.3597, 170.3314

■ 1.2833, 1.3591,  
2.9043

158.7186,  
167.2116, 211.1663

■ 0.1707, 0.1863,  
1.0460

195.8924,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

206.3560, 258.0559

0.0000

238.4596,  
251.1772, 311.4185

■ 28.4786, 30.0333,  
42.3262

■ 28.4786, 30.0333,  
42.3262

■ 24.3362, 25.5643,  
41.6824

■ 33.2065, 35.0202,  
43.0401

■ 20.7524, 21.5916,  
41.1045

■ 38.5398, 40.5384,  
43.8241

■ 17.7020, 18.0973,  
40.5908

■ 44.5011, 46.6053,  
44.6809

■ 15.1568, 15.0608,  
40.1388

■ 51.1106, 53.2363,  
45.6125

■ 13.0858, 12.4600,  
39.7460

■ 58.3877, 60.4462,  
46.6206

■ 11.4542, 10.2701,  
39.4093

■ 66.3512, 68.2493,  
47.7070

■ 10.2216, 8.4635,  
39.1256

■ 74.6489, 76.4686,  
48.8562

■ 9.3104, 6.9929,  
38.8897

■ 77.4714, 82.1136,  
49.7970

■ 9.2616, 6.9139,  
38.8770

■ 80.4640, 88.0988,  
50.7945

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



26.9790, 30.0333, 40.8281



28.4786, 30.0333, 42.3262



30.0514, 30.0333, 41.0516

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



28.4786, 30.0333, 42.3262



31.3293, 30.0333, 28.6432



25.9952, 30.0333, 28.3391

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



28.4786, 30.0333, 42.3262



33.1503, 34.4663, 28.5732

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



27.0913, 30.0333, 25.5676



28.4786, 30.0333, 42.3262



30.1720, 30.0333, 25.7313

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



28.4786, 30.0333, 42.3262



31.7338, 30.0333, 32.8940



28.6130, 30.0333, 24.6585



25.5787, 30.0333, 32.5091



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



28.4786, 30.0333, 42.3262



30.9222, 30.0333, 38.8626



28.6130, 30.0333, 24.6585



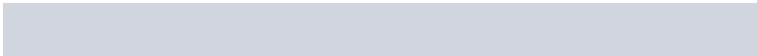
26.2943, 30.0333, 27.2280

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



28.4795, 30.0345, 42.3269



63.3207, 66.7375, 78.5462



30.7607, 36.4959, 37.2326



13.9887, 14.7456, 17.4966



82.5889, 86.8899, 94.6231



15.4596, 16.2647, 17.7123



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



28.4795, 30.0345, 42.3269



48.5361, 51.1341, 76.3136



27.0680, 26.3960, 41.6990



7.3652, 7.7673, 9.5294



6.8641, 5.1883, 28.6152



0.2171, 0.2264, 0.7129



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



31.0290, 28.6402, 32.7482



54.0040, 48.3239, 55.7295



34.7637, 38.7390, 29.3129



7.6489, 7.5894, 8.4685



12.9653, 6.5948, 4.6286

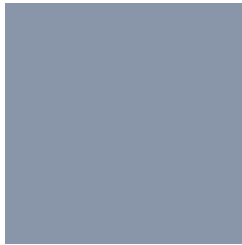


0.3407, 0.1706, 0.2458



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 28.4786, 30.0333, 42.3262 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 28.4786, 30.0333, 42.3262 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

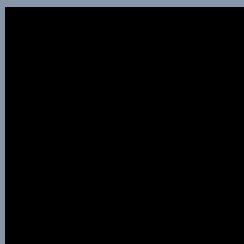
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

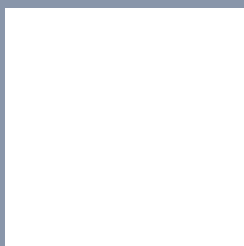
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 28.4786, 30.0333, 42.3262**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 28.4786, 30.0333, 42.3262.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 28.4786, 30.0333,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

28.4786, 30.0333, 42.3262

### Protanopia

29.5118, 30.1180, 41.3037

### Deuteranopia

30.6130, 29.9634, 42.6981



## Tritanopia

27.8308, 30.0118, 38.9763

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

28.4786, 30.0333, 42.3262

## Protanomaly

29.2366, 30.1991, 41.8242

## Deuteranomaly

29.8170, 30.0108, 42.7492

## Tritanomaly

28.1029, 30.1206, 40.4091

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

28.4786, 30.0333, 42.3262

## Achromatopsia

28.1479, 29.6138, 32.2495

## Achromatomaly

28.2498, 29.8245, 35.7203

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 28.4786, 30.0333, 42.3262 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(137, 150, 170)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(137, 150, 170)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(137, 150, 170) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(137, 150, 170) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 28.4786, 30.0333, 42.3262 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(137, 150, 170) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(137, 150, 170) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(137, 150, 170)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(137, 150, 170); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 150, 170);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 150,  
170) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 28.4786, 30.0333, 42.3262 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(137, 150, 170) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(137,  
150, 170) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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