

# Converting Colors

XYZ(28.5587, 11.2845, 1.0354)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(28.5587, 11.2845, 1.0354)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(30.8068, 15.8738,  
1.7881)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E0000C
RGB	224, 0, 12
RGB Percent	88%, 0%, 5%
CMY	0.1216, 0.9998, 0.9529
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.95, 0.12
HSL	357°, 100%, 44%
HSV	357°, 100%, 88%
XYZ	30.8068, 15.8738, 1.7881
YIQ	68.3440, 129.6520, 51.2200

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

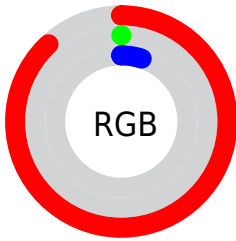
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">224, 0, 12</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">14680076</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">46.81, 72.73, 57.45</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">47, 92.687, 38.307</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">15.8738, 0.6356, 0.3275</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4292870156</a> (0xFFE0000C)
YUV	<a href="#">68.3440, -27.7776, 136.5103</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">39.8419, 68.2974, 25.2284</a>

# Details

The XYZ color **30.8068, 15.8738, 1.7881** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC0000**. The color can be described as dark washed red. A complement of this color would be **38.5460, 58.0671, 71.4965**, and the grayscale version is **5.5833, 5.8741, 6.3969**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **45.7657, 28.9201, 7.7275**, and **14.1006, 7.2691, 0.6599** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **30.8063, 15.8736, 1.7865**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **31.3132, 16.5494, 2.9980**.

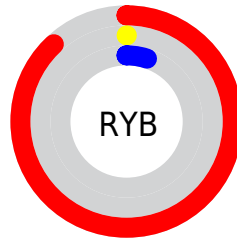
# Distribution



Red (88%)

Green (0%)

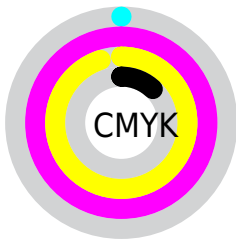
Blue (5%)



Red (88%)

Yellow (0%)

Blue (5%)

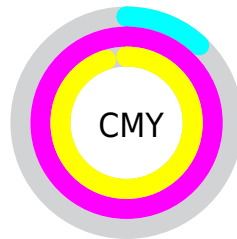


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (95%)

Black (12%)



Cyan (12%)

Magenta (100%)


Yellow (95%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 30.8068, 15.8738, 1.7881 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 30.8068, 15.8738, 1.7881 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 30.8068, 15.8738,  
1.7881


 30.8068, 15.8738,  
1.7881


 297.4901,  
228.5959, 118.9945


 20.6029, 9.4349,  
0.4201


 60.3137, 36.3790,  
8.4529


 12.9448, 5.0259,  
0.0000


 80.3474, 51.2140,  
14.6828

 7.4673, 2.2625,  
0.0000


 104.3883, 69.6166,  
23.4024

 3.8049, 0.7537,  
0.0000

 132.8019, 91.9711,  
35.0302

 1.5924, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 165.9536,  
118.6618, 49.9848


 0.3874, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 204.2086,


 0.0000, 0.0000,


150.0733, 68.6846


0.0000


 247.9323,  
186.5899, 91.5484


 30.8068, 15.8738,  
1.7881


 30.8068, 15.8738,  
1.7881


 30.8063, 15.8736,  
1.7865

 31.3132, 16.5494,  
2.9980

 32.3485, 17.9828,  
5.3069

 34.0535, 20.4079,  
8.9119

 36.5163, 23.9605,  
13.9656

 39.8115, 28.7554,  
20.5993

■ 44.0048, 34.8932,  
28.9299

■ 49.1552, 42.4641,  
39.0628

■ 55.3169, 51.5506,  
51.0953

■ 62.5398, 62.2290,  
65.1174

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



36.2024, 15.8738, 11.6321



30.8068, 15.8738, 1.7881



21.5709, 15.8738, 0.0000

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



30.8068, 15.8738, 1.7881



4.7836, 15.8738, 5.5221



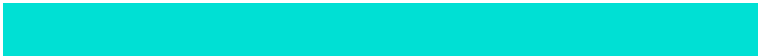
17.4390, 15.8738, 108.8904

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



30.8068, 15.8738, 1.7881



38.5460, 58.0671, 71.4965

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.0539, 15.8738, 100.0103



30.8068, 15.8738, 1.7881



4.3619, 15.8738, 24.5215

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



30.8068, 15.8738, 1.7881



7.3762, 15.8738, 0.5574



5.9019, 15.8738, 61.9710



26.8761, 15.8738, 80.7348



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



30.8068, 15.8738, 1.7881



15.5500, 15.8738, 0.0000



5.9019, 15.8738, 61.9710



14.6344, 15.8738, 110.4198

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



30.8071, 15.8748, 1.7883



65.7639, 56.7016, 52.0504



39.7691, 18.9483, 72.0817



13.4164, 11.1658, 9.8457



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



30.8071, 15.8748, 1.7883



41.3166, 21.2906, 2.3335



35.0240, 24.4143, 2.8680



13.7367, 13.7123, 14.3838



17.9446, 9.2449, 1.1083



1.2544, 0.6450, 0.1326



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



30.8071, 15.8748, 1.7883



41.3166, 21.2906, 2.3335



21.0387, 20.5493, 73.3779



13.7367, 13.7123, 14.3838



17.9446, 9.2449, 1.1083



1.2544, 0.6450, 0.1326



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 30.8068, 15.8738, 1.7881 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 30.8068, 15.8738, 1.7881**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 30.8068, 15.8738, 1.7881.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 30.8068, 15.8738,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

30.8068, 15.8738, 1.7881

### Protanopia

14.9320, 16.4321, 3.8236

### Deuteranopia

16.4130, 16.2662, 2.2746



## Tritanopia

30.3924, 16.0659, 1.4992

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

30.8068, 15.8738, 1.7881

## Protanomaly

17.3931, 12.3863, 2.3938

## Deuteranomaly

19.1023, 12.9137, 1.6006

## Tritanomaly

30.5973, 15.9846, 1.5875

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

30.8068, 15.8738, 1.7881

## Achromatopsia

5.4944, 5.7805, 6.2950

## Achromatomaly

9.8548, 6.3011, 3.4931

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 30.8068, 15.8738, 1.7881 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(224, 0, 12)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(224, 0, 12)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(224, 0, 12) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(224, 0, 12) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 30.8068, 15.8738, 1.7881 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(224, 0, 12) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(224, 0, 12) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(224, 0, 12) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(224, 0, 12); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(224, 0, 12);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(224, 0, 12)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 30.8068, 15.8738, 1.7881 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(224, 0, 12) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(224, 0,  
12) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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