

# Converting Colors

XYZ(28.5907, 25.6738, 16.5202)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(28.5907, 25.6738, 16.5202)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(28.6785, 25.7619,  
16.5577)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	B37F68
RGB	179, 127, 104
RGB Percent	70%, 50%, 41%
CMY	0.2980, 0.5019, 0.5922
CMYK	0.00, 0.29, 0.42, 0.30
HSL	18°, 33%, 55%
HSV	18°, 42%, 70%
XYZ	28.6785, 25.7619, 16.5577
YIQ	139.9260, 38.3750, 3.8710

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

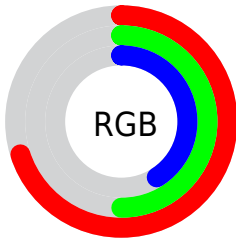
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	179, 137, 104
Decimal	11763560
CIE Lab	57.81, 17.21, 20.51
CIE LCh	58, 26.772, 49.995
Yxy	25.7619, 0.4039, 0.3629
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289953640 (0xFFB37F68)
YUV	139.9260, -17.7115, 34.2679
Hunter-Lab	50.7562, 12.0336, 16.1877

# Details

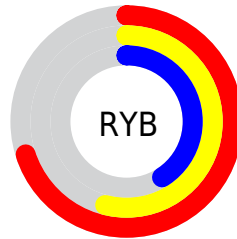
The XYZ color **28.6785, 25.7619, 16.5577** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **25.7337, 29.9736, 47.0771**, and the grayscale version is **24.9552, 26.2548, 28.5915**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **56.8297, 52.8419, 38.2146**, and **11.7751, 10.0293, 5.1861** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **26.3589, 22.4265, 11.7649**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **31.3899, 29.5719, 22.4337**.

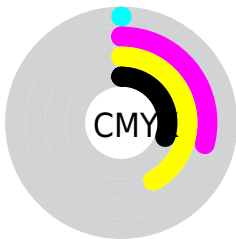
# Distribution



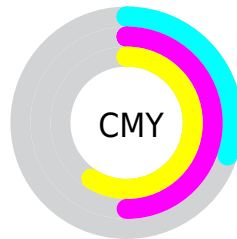
- Red (70%)
- Green (50%)
- Blue (41%)



- Red (70%)
- Yellow (54%)
- Blue (41%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Black (30%)




- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (59%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 28.6785, 25.7619, 16.5577 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 28.6785, 25.7619, 16.5577 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 28.6785, 25.7619,  
16.5577


 28.6785, 25.7619,  
16.5577

287.7166,  
281.6113, 244.5675


 18.9808, 16.6456,  
9.7610


 56.9670, 52.8906,  
38.3439


 11.7603, 9.9821,  
5.1373


 76.2885, 71.6718,  
54.1705

 6.6517, 5.3871,  
2.2679


 99.5487, 94.4433,  
73.8442

 3.2896, 2.4761,  
0.7131

 127.1128,  
121.5897, 97.7835

 1.3087, 0.8647,  
0.0000

159.3464,  
153.4953, 126.4069

 0.1897, 0.0000,  
0.0000

196.6146,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

190.5445, 160.1331

0.0000

239.2829,  
233.1217, 199.3804

■ 28.6785, 25.7619,  
16.5577

■ 28.6785, 25.7619,  
16.5577

■ 26.3589, 22.4265,  
11.7649

■ 31.3899, 29.5719,  
22.4337

■ 24.4096, 19.5427,  
7.9867

■ 34.5091, 33.8707,  
29.4530

■ 22.8099, 17.0911,  
5.1485


■ 38.0537, 38.6768,  
37.6727


■ 21.5362, 15.0492,  
3.1650


■ 42.0393, 44.0062,  
47.1460


■ 20.5609, 13.3923,  
1.9348


■ 46.4812, 49.8746,  
57.9226

 19.9520, 12.3068,  
1.3239

 51.3935, 56.2966,  
70.0496

 56.7898, 63.2866,  
83.5718

 62.6833, 70.8582,  
98.5318

 67.4170, 78.3569,  
106.1789

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



30.7662, 25.7619, 22.4219



28.6785, 25.7619, 16.5577



25.5756, 25.7619, 13.9788

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



28.6785, 25.7619, 16.5577



18.8890, 25.7619, 25.0858



26.6610, 25.7619, 48.1919

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



28.6785, 25.7619, 16.5577



25.7337, 29.9736, 47.0771

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



23.4276, 25.7619, 49.3456



28.6785, 25.7619, 16.5577



19.1243, 25.7619, 34.5497

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



28.6785, 25.7619, 16.5577



20.0496, 25.7619, 18.1395



20.7233, 25.7619, 43.9133



29.5326, 25.7619, 41.0393



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



28.6785, 25.7619, 16.5577



23.4286, 25.7619, 13.9785



20.7233, 25.7619, 43.9133



25.5745, 25.7619, 49.3463

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



28.6792, 25.7631, 16.5582



67.2699, 68.0791, 65.3999



29.5841, 21.9019, 34.3434



14.5857, 14.6535, 13.7471



86.6293, 91.1408, 99.2523



17.0014, 17.8868, 19.4787



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



28.6792, 25.7631, 16.5582



47.6141, 40.7564, 21.8879



34.3647, 37.1343, 18.4534



8.7019, 8.9163, 8.9149



14.1505, 8.7996, 0.9527



0.4982, 0.3829, 0.0476



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



25.7337, 29.9736, 47.0771



41.6229, 49.2329, 83.6903



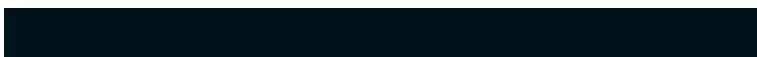
20.4427, 19.3917, 45.3134



8.5183, 9.1829, 10.8298



10.9113, 12.6229, 31.9984



0.3920, 0.4946, 1.0230



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 28.6785, 25.7619, 16.5577 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

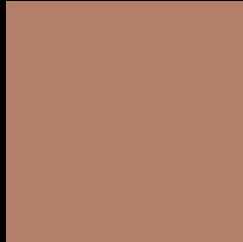
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 28.6785, 25.7619, 16.5577 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

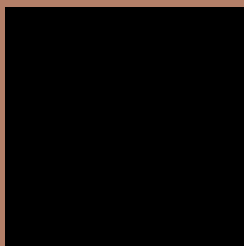
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 28.6785, 25.7619, 16.5577**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 28.6785, 25.7619, 16.5577.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 28.6785, 25.7619,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

28.6785, 25.7619, 16.5577

### Protanopia

24.2057, 25.8653, 18.1847

### Deuteranopia

26.3528, 25.7537, 16.4140



## Tritanopia

30.5392, 25.7769, 25.1957

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

28.6785, 25.7619, 16.5577

## Protanomaly

25.6159, 25.7604, 17.5321

## Deuteranomaly

27.1420, 25.7579, 16.3732

## Tritanomaly

29.7766, 25.6442, 21.7928

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

28.6785, 25.7619, 16.5577

## Achromatopsia

24.9269, 26.2251, 28.5591

## Achromatomaly

25.8212, 25.7303, 23.6842

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 28.6785, 25.7619, 16.5577 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(179, 127, 104)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(179, 127, 104)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(179, 127, 104) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(179, 127, 104) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 28.6785, 25.7619, 16.5577 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(179, 127, 104) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(179, 127, 104) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(179, 127, 104) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(179, 127, 104); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 127, 104);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 127,  
104) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 28.6785, 25.7619, 16.5577 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(179, 127, 104) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(179,  
127, 104) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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