

# Converting Colors

XYZ(28.6078, 18.7755, 5.0905)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(28.6078, 18.7755, 5.0905)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(28.4769, 18.6582,  
5.1181)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CD4E32
RGB	205, 78, 50
RGB Percent	80%, 31%, 20%
CMY	0.1961, 0.6941, 0.8039
CMYK	0.00, 0.62, 0.76, 0.20
HSL	11°, 61%, 50%
HSV	11°, 76%, 80%
XYZ	28.4769, 18.6582, 5.1181
YIQ	112.7810, 84.6800, 18.2160

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

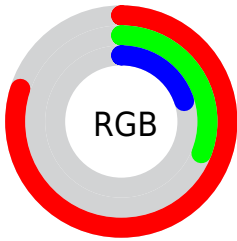
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	205, 84, 50
Decimal	13454898
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	50.28, 48.86, 42.10
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	50, 64.499, 40.753
Yxy	18.6582, 0.5450, 0.3571
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291644978 (0xFFCD4E32)
YUV	112.7810, -30.9510, 80.8761
Hunter-Lab	43.1951, 42.0867, 23.2115

# Details

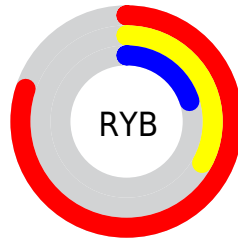
The XYZ color **28.4769, 18.6582, 5.1181** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3333**. The color can be described as dark muted red. A complement of this color would be **28.0553, 36.5269, 63.3288**, and the grayscale version is **15.7032, 16.5209, 17.9913**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **51.6959, 38.6444, 16.2897**, and **11.5770, 6.3120, 0.6943** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **27.0847, 16.4304, 2.9390**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **30.3725, 21.5767, 8.4415**.

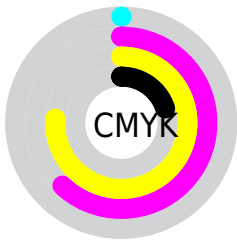
# Distribution



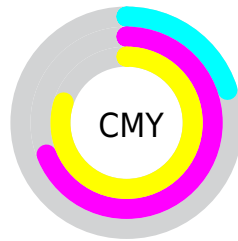
- Red (80%)
- Green (31%)
- Blue (20%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Blue (20%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (62%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Black (20%)




- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (69%)
- Yellow (80%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 28.4769, 18.6582, 5.1181 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 28.4769, 18.6582, 5.1181 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 28.4769, 18.6582,  
5.1181

 28.4769, 18.6582,  
5.1181


286.7777,  
244.5553, 159.9429


 18.8277, 11.4236,  
2.2568


 56.6483, 41.1557,  
16.5158

 11.6491, 6.3525,  
0.7068


 75.9012, 57.1874,  
25.8893

 6.5757, 3.0606,  
0.0000


 99.0861, 76.9202,  
38.2706

 3.2422, 1.1634,  
0.0000

 126.5684,  
100.7386, 54.0782

 1.2831, 0.0315,  
0.0000

 158.7133,  
129.0269, 73.7307

 0.1705, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 195.8862,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

162.1695, 97.6466

0.0000

238.4526,  
200.5508, 126.2445

■ 28.4769, 18.6582,  
5.1181

■ 28.4769, 18.6582,  
5.1181

■ 27.0847, 16.4304,  
2.9390

■ 30.3725, 21.5767,  
8.4415

■ 26.1422, 14.8313,  
1.7434

■ 32.8151, 25.2345,  
13.0389

■ 25.8395, 14.3048,  
1.3992

■ 35.8443, 29.6795,  
19.0234

■ 39.4961, 34.9542,  
26.4952

■ 43.8032, 41.0984,  
35.5453

■ 48.7960, 48.1492,  
46.2573

■ 54.5031, 56.1414,  
58.7090

■ 60.9513, 65.1082,  
72.9732

■ 68.1661, 75.0808,  
89.1185

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



32.3440, 18.6582, 14.5501



28.4769, 18.6582, 5.1181



21.9951, 18.6582, 2.0714

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



28.4769, 18.6582, 5.1181



8.6400, 18.6582, 10.9556



20.0706, 18.6582, 76.3084

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



28.4769, 18.6582, 5.1181



28.0553, 36.5269, 63.3288

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



14.0623, 18.6582, 73.1663



28.4769, 18.6582, 5.1181



8.3581, 18.6582, 27.4327

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



28.4769, 18.6582, 5.1181



10.9924, 18.6582, 3.8114



10.1030, 18.6582, 52.0584



26.7866, 18.6582, 59.0999



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



28.4769, 18.6582, 5.1181



17.5767, 18.6582, 1.6800



10.1030, 18.6582, 52.0584



17.8924, 18.6582, 77.7699

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



28.4773, 18.6593, 5.1184



73.5439, 69.8618, 62.0422



34.4707, 18.5217, 44.4942



15.1413, 14.1021, 12.0034



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



28.4773, 18.6593, 5.1184



43.2776, 25.0885, 3.3696



37.1982, 36.1010, 8.0254



11.3736, 11.5361, 11.7067



16.1365, 9.0060, 0.8878



0.8836, 0.5669, 0.0628

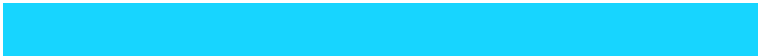


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



28.0553, 36.5269, 63.3288



42.2140, 55.0252, 103.0038



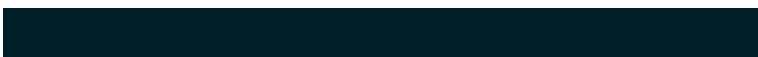
17.0535, 14.5233, 59.6615



11.3642, 12.3688, 14.3588



15.6360, 20.2960, 39.0497

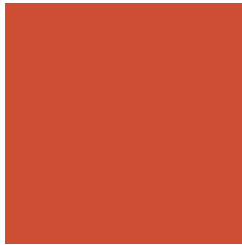


0.8528, 1.1393, 2.0299



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 28.4769, 18.6582, 5.1181 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 28.4769, 18.6582, 5.1181 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 28.4769, 18.6582, 5.1181**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 28.4769, 18.6582, 5.1181.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 28.4769, 18.6582,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

28.4769, 18.6582, 5.1181

### Protanopia

17.2865, 18.7784, 7.4161

### Deuteranopia

18.9952, 18.6788, 4.7020



## Tritanopia

29.3137, 18.5839, 9.4392

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

28.4769, 18.6582, 5.1181

## Protanomaly

20.1134, 17.7796, 6.3747

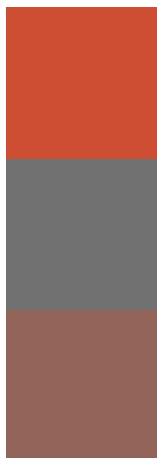
## Deuteranomaly

21.6859, 18.0353, 4.7211

## Tritanomaly

29.0131, 18.5713, 7.5243

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

28.4769, 18.6582, 5.1181

## Achromatopsia

15.6958, 16.5132, 17.9829

## Achromatomaly

18.2567, 15.9635, 11.7919

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 28.4769, 18.6582, 5.1181 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(205, 78, 50)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(205, 78, 50)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(205, 78, 50) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(205, 78, 50) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 28.4769, 18.6582, 5.1181 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(205, 78, 50) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(205, 78, 50) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(205, 78, 50)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(205, 78, 50); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 78, 50);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 78,  
50) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 28.4769, 18.6582, 5.1181 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(205, 78, 50) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(205, 78,  
50) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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