

Converting Colors

XYZ(28.6723, 32.0008, 27.3969)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(28.6723, 32.0008, 27.3969)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(28.5860, 31.8877,
27.2026)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|---------------|---------------------------|
| Hex | 959C86 |
| RGB | 149, 156, 134 |
| RGB Percent | 58%, 61%, 53% |
| CMY | 0.4157, 0.3882, 0.4745 |
| CMYK | 0.04, 0.00, 0.14, 0.39 |
| HSL | 79°, 10%, 57% |
| HSV | 79°, 14%, 61% |
| XYZ | 28.5860, 31.8877, 27.2026 |
| YIQ | 151.3990, 2.8900, -8.3260 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

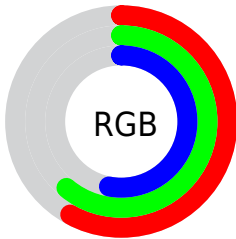
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| RYB | 134, 156, 141 |
| Decimal | 9804934 |
| CIELab | 63.25, -6.60, 10.67 |
| CIElCh | 63, 12.548, 121.719 |
| Yxy | 31.8877, 0.3260, 0.3637 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4287995014 (0xFF959C86) |
| YUV | 151.3990, -8.5777, -2.1039 |
| Hunter-Lab | 56.4692, -8.4603, 10.9670 |

Details

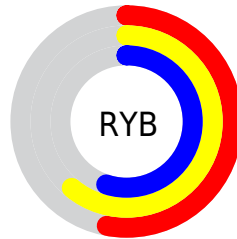
The XYZ color **28.5860, 31.8877, 27.2026** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **25.5116, 25.1141, 34.9570**, and the grayscale version is **29.6219, 31.1645, 33.9382**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **56.6448, 62.3776, 56.0683**, and **11.6888, 13.3399, 10.3463** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **26.6908, 31.0282, 21.8470**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **30.6821, 32.8341, 33.4068**.

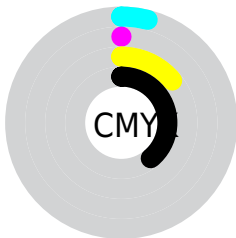
Distribution



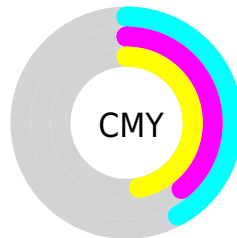
- Red (58%)
- Green (61%)
- Blue (53%)



- Red (53%)
- Yellow (61%)
- Blue (55%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (14%)
- Black (39%)



- Cyan (42%)
- Magenta (39%)
- Yellow (47%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 28.5860, 31.8877, 27.2026 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 28.5860, 31.8877, 27.2026 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 28.5860, 31.8877,
27.2026

■ 28.5860, 31.8877,
27.2026

287.2861,
310.6074, 302.4279

■ 18.9106, 21.2757,
17.4917

■ 56.8208, 62.6350,
56.2165

■ 11.7093, 13.3257,
10.4200

■ 76.1109, 83.5391,
76.3565

■ 6.6168, 7.6532,
5.5691

■ 99.3365, 108.6428,
100.8100

■ 3.2678, 3.8739,
2.5204

126.8631,
138.3303, 129.9954

■ 1.2969, 1.6033,
0.8509

159.0560,
172.9861, 164.3314

■ 0.1809, 0.3598,
0.0000

196.2806,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

212.9947, 204.2365

0.0000

238.9022,
258.7403, 250.1291

■ 28.5860, 31.8877,
27.2026

■ 28.5860, 31.8877,
27.2026

■ 26.6908, 31.0282,
21.8470

■ 30.6821, 32.8341,
33.4068

■ 24.9865, 30.2485,
17.3012

■ 32.9835, 33.8661,
40.4922

■ 23.4659, 29.5466,
13.5261

■ 35.4978, 34.9878,
48.4923

■ 22.1204, 28.9190,
10.4787

■ 38.2313, 36.2018,
57.4379

■ 20.9404, 28.3618,
8.1120

■ 41.1902, 37.5106,
67.3588

■ 19.9155, 27.8709,
6.3732

■ 44.3801, 38.9165,
78.2832

■ 19.0337, 27.4413,
5.2019

■ 47.8066, 40.4219,
90.2381

■ 18.2806, 27.0673,
4.5252

■ 50.8565, 41.7815,
99.9919

■ 17.8749, 26.8640,
4.2432

■ 52.1071, 42.4262,
100.0505

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



30.2082, 31.8877, 26.0099



28.5860, 31.8877, 27.2026



27.4611, 31.8877, 30.3825

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



28.5860, 31.8877, 27.2026



28.7532, 31.8877, 43.8435



33.7709, 31.8877, 34.4342

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



28.5860, 31.8877, 27.2026



25.5116, 25.1141, 34.9570

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



33.3458, 31.8877, 39.4525



28.5860, 31.8877, 27.2026



30.4086, 31.8877, 45.1859

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



28.5860, 31.8877, 27.2026



27.5550, 31.8877, 39.9960



32.0984, 31.8877, 43.5092



33.2391, 31.8877, 29.9301

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



28.5860, 31.8877, 27.2026



27.1218, 31.8877, 33.3607



32.0984, 31.8877, 43.5092



33.7351, 31.8877, 36.1163

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



28.5869, 31.8891, 27.2033



55.7343, 59.6374, 60.7028



27.5345, 27.8301, 26.4753



12.2017, 13.0948, 13.1693



74.8435, 78.7412, 85.7492



12.6291, 13.2868, 14.4694

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



28.5869, 31.8891, 27.2033



50.7671, 57.3948, 46.0964



26.6793, 30.9057, 27.1140



6.9647, 7.6144, 7.0883



14.7597, 22.1456, 3.4966



0.3057, 0.4175, 0.0645

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



25.5116, 25.1141, 34.9570



44.0524, 42.6011, 63.0278



27.4696, 26.1235, 35.0487



6.4736, 6.5326, 8.3264



6.0448, 2.5452, 26.0799



0.1493, 0.0668, 0.4682

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 28.5860, 31.8877, 27.2026 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

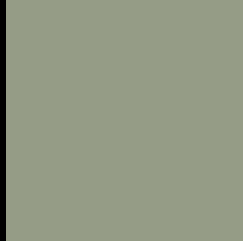
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 28.5860, 31.8877, 27.2026 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 28.5860, 31.8877, 27.2026

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 28.5860, 31.8877, 27.2026.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 28.5860, 31.8877,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

28.5860, 31.8877, 27.2026

Protanopia

30.0533, 31.9220, 26.4074

Deuteranopia

32.3332, 31.6437, 27.6962



Tritanopia

31.0659, 31.9091, 39.6437

Trichromacy



Original Color

28.5860, 31.8877, 27.2026

Protanomaly

29.4995, 31.8726, 26.7875

Deuteranomaly

30.7966, 31.5613, 27.3905

Tritanomaly

30.0899, 31.7578, 34.6809

Monochromacy



Original Color

28.5860, 31.8877, 27.2026

Achromatopsia

29.4150, 30.9469, 33.7012

Achromatomaly

29.0797, 31.3108, 31.2990

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 28.5860, 31.8877, 27.2026 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(149, 156, 134)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(149, 156, 134)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(149, 156, 134) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(149, 156, 134) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 28.5860, 31.8877, 27.2026 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(149, 156, 134) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(149, 156, 134) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(149, 156, 134)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(149, 156, 134); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 156, 134);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 156,  
134) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 28.5860, 31.8877, 27.2026 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(149, 156, 134) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(149,  
156, 134) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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