

# Converting Colors

XYZ(28.6732, 21.6941, 15.5849)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(28.6732, 21.6941, 15.5849)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(28.7843, 21.7561,  
15.5142)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	BF6767
RGB	191, 103, 103
RGB Percent	75%, 40%, 40%
CMY	0.2510, 0.5961, 0.5961
CMYK	0.00, 0.46, 0.46, 0.25
HSL	0°, 41%, 58%
HSV	0°, 46%, 75%
XYZ	28.7843, 21.7561, 15.5142
YIQ	129.3120, 52.4480, 18.6560

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

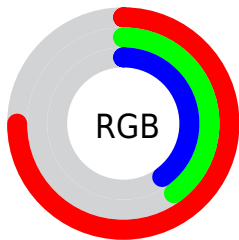
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	191, 103, 103
Decimal	12543847
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	53.77, 35.05, 15.83
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	54, 38.457, 24.303
Yxy	21.7561, 0.4358, 0.3294
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290733927 (0xFFBF6767)
YUV	129.3120, -12.9718, 54.1004
Hunter-Lab	46.6434, 28.5288, 12.9298

# Details

The XYZ color **28.7843, 21.7561, 15.5142** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6666**. A complement of this color would be **33.6274, 43.9048, 55.9923**, and the grayscale version is **21.0074, 22.1015, 24.0685**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **57.1455, 46.4340, 36.5226**, and **11.8184, 7.9001, 4.6433** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **26.2453, 18.0410, 10.4661**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **31.9773, 26.4287, 21.8610**.

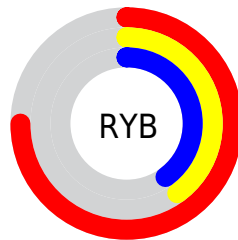
# Distribution



Red (75%)

Green (40%)

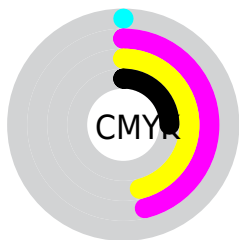
Blue (40%)



Red (75%)

Yellow (40%)

Blue (40%)

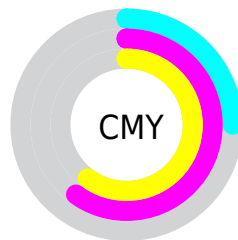


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (46%)

Yellow (46%)

Black (25%)



Cyan (25%)

Magenta (60%)


Yellow (60%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 28.7843, 21.7561, 15.5142 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 28.7843, 21.7561, 15.5142 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 28.7843, 21.7561,  
15.5142


 28.7843, 21.7561,  
15.5142


288.2085,  
261.2699, 238.2048


 19.0612, 13.6778,  
9.0304


 57.1341, 46.3426,  
36.5077

 11.8188, 7.8969,  
4.6640


 76.4916, 63.6195,  
51.8546

 6.6917, 4.0291,  
1.9962


 99.7911, 84.7314,  
70.9929

 3.3147, 1.6898,  
0.5529

 127.3982,  
110.0628, 94.3411

 1.3223, 0.4171,  
0.0000

159.6781,  
139.9979, 122.3179

 0.1998, 0.0000,  
0.0000

196.9962,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

174.9212, 155.3418

0.0000

239.7179,  
215.2171, 193.8312

■ 28.7843, 21.7561,  
15.5142

■ 28.7843, 21.7561,  
15.5142

■ 26.2453, 18.0410,  
10.4661

■ 31.9773, 26.4287,  
21.8610

■ 24.3135, 15.2142,  
6.6260

■ 35.8634, 32.1152,  
29.5864

■ 22.9388, 13.2025,  
3.8933


■ 40.4807, 38.8716,  
38.7652


■ 22.0621, 11.9197,  
2.1508


■ 45.8638, 46.7486,  
49.4668

■ 21.6085, 11.2558,  
1.2491

■ 52.0454, 55.7940,  
61.7557

 21.4860, 11.0766,  
1.0056

 59.0562, 66.0527,  
75.6929

 66.9252, 77.5672,  
91.3364

 75.2959, 89.8164,  
107.9755

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



29.6199, 21.7561, 26.0165



28.7843, 21.7561, 15.5142



25.6617, 21.7561, 9.6132

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



28.7843, 21.7561, 15.5142



14.8817, 21.7561, 12.7506



19.9009, 21.7561, 54.2522

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



28.7843, 21.7561, 15.5142



33.6274, 43.9048, 55.9923

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



16.3862, 21.7561, 47.3459



28.7843, 21.7561, 15.5142



13.7463, 21.7561, 21.5041

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



28.7843, 21.7561, 15.5142



17.5823, 21.7561, 8.4292



14.2582, 21.7561, 34.3240



24.1185, 21.7561, 51.0155



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



28.7843, 21.7561, 15.5142



22.9000, 21.7561, 7.8570



14.2582, 21.7561, 34.3240



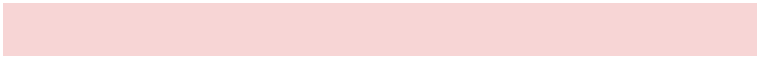
18.6056, 21.7561, 52.9850

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



28.7849, 21.7572, 15.5146



74.1808, 72.0770, 72.7678



35.7401, 24.5386, 52.1429



15.8552, 15.1920, 15.1159



92.9021, 97.7402, 106.4391



19.4759, 20.4902, 22.3138



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



28.7849, 21.7572, 15.5146



47.0864, 32.4300, 18.9057



34.3679, 32.9232, 17.3756



9.5302, 9.5365, 9.9151



14.1203, 7.2794, 0.6608



0.5531, 0.2852, 0.0259



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



33.6274, 43.9048, 55.9923



56.8026, 76.8680, 100.1223



25.4314, 27.5128, 53.2603



9.8086, 10.8095, 12.2417



18.4227, 26.9571, 36.6252



0.7216, 1.0560, 1.4346



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 28.7843, 21.7561, 15.5142 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

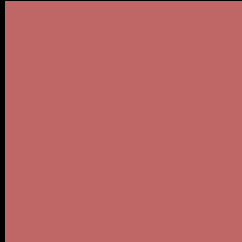
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 28.7843, 21.7561, 15.5142 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 28.7843, 21.7561, 15.5142**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 28.7843, 21.7561, 15.5142.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 28.7843, 21.7561,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

28.7843, 21.7561, 15.5142

### Protanopia

20.8342, 22.0298, 19.6771

### Deuteranopia

22.2223, 21.8955, 14.8594



## Tritanopia

28.9975, 21.6832, 17.1249

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

28.7843, 21.7561, 15.5142

## Protanomaly

23.1033, 21.5492, 17.9807

## Deuteranomaly

24.2715, 21.5179, 14.9307

## Tritanomaly

28.8911, 21.6406, 16.5643

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

28.7843, 21.7561, 15.5142

## Achromatopsia

20.8660, 21.9526, 23.9064

## Achromatomaly

23.0555, 21.4644, 20.6972

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 28.7843, 21.7561, 15.5142 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(191, 103, 103)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(191, 103, 103)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(191, 103, 103) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(191, 103, 103) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 28.7843, 21.7561, 15.5142 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(191, 103, 103) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(191, 103, 103) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(191, 103, 103)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(191, 103, 103); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 103, 103);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 103,  
103) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 28.7843, 21.7561, 15.5142 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(191, 103, 103) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(191,  
103, 103) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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