

# Converting Colors

XYZ(28.7044, 30.0251, 80.6265)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(28.7044, 30.0251, 80.6265)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(28.7044, 30.0251,  
80.6265)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	4999E8
RGB	73, 153, 232
RGB Percent	29%, 60%, 91%
CMY	0.7137, 0.4000, 0.0902
CMYK	0.69, 0.34, 0.00, 0.09
HSL	210°, 78%, 60%
HSV	210°, 69%, 91%
XYZ	28.7044, 30.0251, 80.6265
YIQ	138.0860, -73.0390, 7.6090

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

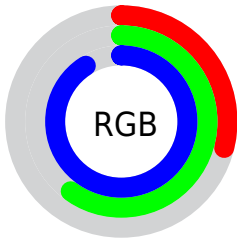
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	73, 126, 232
Decimal	4823528
CIE Lab	61.68, 0.65, -47.02
CIE LCh	62, 47.021, 270.792
Yxy	30.0251, 0.2060, 0.2155
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283013608 (0xFF4999E8)
YUV	138.0860, 46.2996, -57.0804
Hunter-Lab	54.7952, -2.3845, -48.8837

# Details

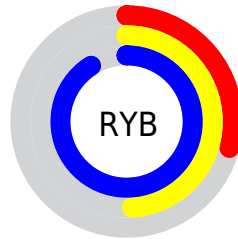
The XYZ color **28.7044, 30.0251, 80.6265** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **3399FF**. The color can be described as light muted azure. A complement of this color would be **45.7118, 40.0968, 11.6353**, and the grayscale version is **24.0407, 25.2927, 27.5437**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **50.6794, 57.1640, 102.9704**, and **12.5878, 12.6373, 42.8501** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **25.4666, 25.6893, 79.9609**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **32.7820, 35.0652, 81.3851**.

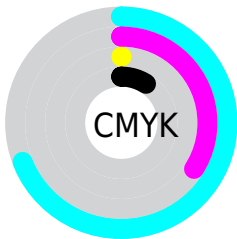
# Distribution



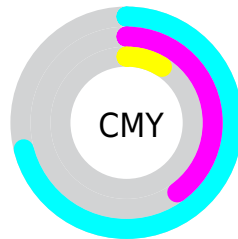
- Red (29%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (91%)



- Red (29%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (69%)
- Magenta (34%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (9%)



- Cyan (71%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (9%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 28.7044, 30.0251, 80.6265 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 28.7044, 30.0251, 80.6265 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 28.7044, 30.0251,  
80.6265

■ 28.7044, 30.0251,  
80.6265

287.8371,  
302.0214, 516.8040

■ 19.0005, 19.8576,  
59.7048

■ 57.0079, 59.7019,  
136.0655

■ 11.7746, 12.2916,  
42.7570

■ 76.3382, 79.9800,  
171.4200

■ 6.6615, 6.9426,  
29.3645

■ 99.6080, 104.3971,  
212.4225

■ 3.2958, 3.4262,  
19.1088

■ 127.1827,  
133.3376, 259.4915

■ 1.3120, 1.3581,  
11.5713

159.4276,  
167.1859, 313.0457

■ 0.1922, 0.1855,  
6.3335

196.7081,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

206.3263, 373.5034

2.9769

239.3894,  
251.1434, 441.2834

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
1.0828

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 28.7044, 30.0251,  
80.6265

■ 28.7044, 30.0251,  
80.6265

■ 25.4666, 25.6893,  
79.9609

■ 32.7820, 35.0652,  
81.3851

■ 22.9828, 22.0049,  
79.3806

■ 37.7664, 40.8503,  
82.2390

■ 21.1361, 18.9039,  
78.8794

■ 43.7206, 47.4204,  
83.1933

■ 20.8948, 18.4846,  
78.8112

■ 50.7011, 54.8114,  
84.2520

■ 58.7595, 63.0563,  
85.4187

■ 67.9437, 72.1863,  
86.6969

■ 78.2986, 82.2308,  
88.0899

■ 88.5255, 92.5261,  
89.5381

■ 91.5656, 98.6062,  
90.5515

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



23.0635, 30.0251, 72.9010



28.7044, 30.0251, 80.6265



35.1462, 30.0251, 72.0920

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



28.7044, 30.0251, 80.6265



40.1630, 30.0251, 18.0429



19.2770, 30.0251, 18.6030

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



28.7044, 30.0251, 80.6265



45.7118, 40.0968, 11.6353

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



22.8147, 30.0251, 11.1362



28.7044, 30.0251, 80.6265



34.8167, 30.0251, 10.9058

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



28.7044, 30.0251, 80.6265



42.3279, 30.0251, 32.2188



28.3722, 30.0251, 8.9339



18.1247, 30.0251, 33.1703



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



28.7044, 30.0251, 80.6265



38.9052, 30.0251, 59.6488



28.3722, 30.0251, 8.9339



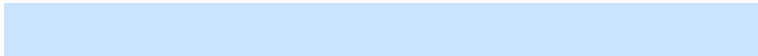
20.1984, 30.0251, 15.3983

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



28.7056, 30.0261, 80.6273



70.1099, 75.4027, 105.4667



37.0987, 61.3280, 38.6755



14.4049, 15.5257, 22.4875



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



28.7056, 30.0261, 80.6273



30.2553, 29.9646, 98.7969



19.8752, 12.3653, 77.6838



14.1791, 15.0795, 18.3076



11.7261, 10.5142, 43.7946



0.9594, 0.9628, 3.2672



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



41.4121, 24.2224, 32.6304



47.8073, 25.4439, 31.7131



62.5985, 73.8702, 17.2642



14.6780, 14.4884, 16.5046



20.3123, 10.2591, 10.5394

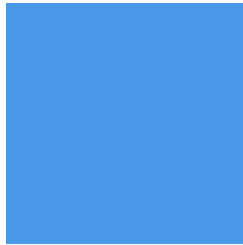


1.5479, 0.7769, 1.0258



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 28.7044, 30.0251, 80.6265 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

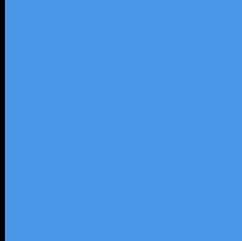
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 28.7044, 30.0251, 80.6265 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

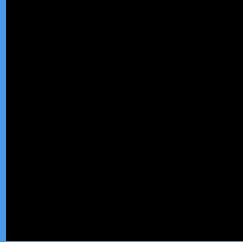
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 28.7044, 30.0251, 80.6265**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 28.7044, 30.0251, 80.6265.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 28.7044, 30.0251,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

28.7044, 30.0251, 80.6265

### Protanopia

31.4617, 29.6801, 75.3048

### Deuteranopia

30.7774, 29.8878, 81.2376



## Tritanopia

21.8385, 30.0486, 46.2439

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

28.7044, 30.0251, 80.6265

## Protanomaly

30.1870, 29.6648, 77.5336

## Deuteranomaly

29.9287, 29.9200, 81.2885

## Tritanomaly

23.8678, 29.8012, 57.3176

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

28.7044, 30.0251, 80.6265

## Achromatopsia

24.1572, 25.4152, 27.6772

## Achromatomaly

24.2083, 26.2009, 42.8111

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 28.7044, 30.0251, 80.6265 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(73, 153, 232)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(73, 153, 232)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(73, 153, 232) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(73, 153, 232) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 28.7044, 30.0251, 80.6265 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(73, 153, 232) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(73, 153, 232) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(73, 153, 232)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(73, 153, 232); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(73, 153, 232);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(73, 153,  
232) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 28.7044, 30.0251, 80.6265 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(73, 153, 232) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(73, 153,  
232) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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