

# Converting Colors

XYZ(28.7059, 23.6493, 22.1206)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(28.7059, 23.6493, 22.1206)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(28.7059, 23.6493,  
22.1206)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	B4747C
RGB	180, 116, 124
RGB Percent	71%, 45%, 49%
CMY	0.2941, 0.5451, 0.5137
CMYK	0.00, 0.36, 0.31, 0.29
HSL	353°, 30%, 58%
HSV	353°, 36%, 71%
XYZ	28.7059, 23.6493, 22.1206
YIQ	136.0480, 35.5760, 16.0560

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

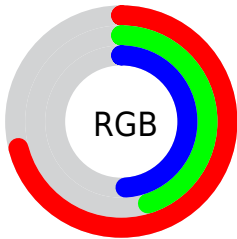
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	180, 116, 124
Decimal	11826300
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	55.73, 26.26, 6.11
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	56, 26.964, 13.092
Yxy	23.6493, 0.3854, 0.3175
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290016380 (0xFFB4747C)
YUV	136.0480, -5.9397, 38.5459
Hunter-Lab	48.6305, 20.2625, 7.0721

# Details

The XYZ color **28.7059, 23.6493, 22.1206** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **30.9712, 39.3347, 44.9918**, and the grayscale version is **23.4325, 24.6528, 26.8469**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **56.9495, 49.5150, 47.6301**, and **11.7346, 8.8823, 7.7526** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **25.9107, 19.5276, 16.6608**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **32.0635, 28.6409, 28.5534**.

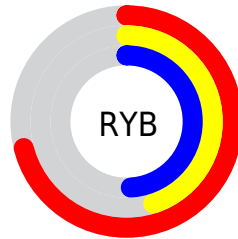
# Distribution



Red (71%)

Green (45%)

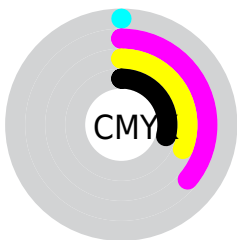
Blue (49%)



Red (71%)

Yellow (45%)

Blue (49%)

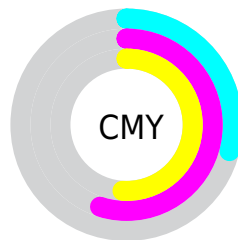


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (31%)

Black (29%)



Cyan (29%)

Magenta (55%)

Yellow (51%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 28.7059, 23.6493, 22.1206 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 28.7059, 23.6493, 22.1206 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 28.7059, 23.6493,  
22.1206

■ 28.7059, 23.6493,  
22.1206

287.8441,  
271.0426, 276.1495

■ 19.0016, 15.0737,  
13.7464

■ 57.0103, 49.4573,  
47.8500

■ 11.7755, 8.8711,  
7.8077

■ 76.3411, 67.4585,  
66.0422

■ 6.6621, 4.6572,  
3.8862

■ 99.6115, 89.3703,  
88.3442

■ 3.2961, 2.0476,  
1.5631

127.1868,  
115.5771, 115.1745

■ 1.3122, 0.6349,  
0.2643

159.4323,  
146.4634, 146.9517

■ 0.1923, 0.0000,  
0.0000

196.7135,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

182.4134, 184.0942

0.0000

239.3956,  
223.8117, 227.0206

■ 28.7059, 23.6493,  
22.1206

■ 28.7059, 23.6493,  
22.1206

■ 25.9107, 19.5276,  
16.6608

■ 32.0635, 28.6409,  
28.5534

■ 23.6451, 16.2228,  
12.1250

■ 36.0102, 34.5448,  
36.0020

■ 21.8760, 13.6813,  
8.4624


■ 40.5730, 41.4045,  
44.5084

■ 20.5656, 11.8419,  
5.6163


■ 45.7768, 49.2598,  
54.1117


■ 19.6704, 10.6337,  
3.5233


■ 51.6453, 58.1484,  
64.8490

 19.1373, 9.9683,  
2.1102

 58.2007, 68.1057,  
76.7559

 18.9721, 9.7632,  
1.6687

 65.4643, 79.1658,  
89.8661

 71.8391, 88.1260,  
103.6730

 72.6325, 88.4433,  
107.8509

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



28.5868, 23.6493, 30.9654



28.7059, 23.6493, 22.1206



27.0515, 23.6493, 15.8731

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



28.7059, 23.6493, 22.1206



18.6951, 23.6493, 15.3056



20.8107, 23.6493, 45.4581

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



28.7059, 23.6493, 22.1206



30.9712, 39.3347, 44.9918

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



18.4513, 23.6493, 39.0542



28.7059, 23.6493, 22.1206



17.3080, 23.6493, 21.1559

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



28.7059, 23.6493, 22.1206



21.1721, 23.6493, 12.5831



17.2230, 23.6493, 29.7563



23.8364, 23.6493, 45.8835



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



28.7059, 23.6493, 22.1206



25.2457, 23.6493, 13.4625



17.2230, 23.6493, 29.7563



19.9203, 23.6493, 43.8769

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



28.7065, 23.6504, 22.1211



68.7650, 67.8485, 71.7713



31.3808, 24.4977, 46.2548



14.6294, 14.3141, 15.0769



86.6293, 91.1408, 99.2523



17.0014, 17.8868, 19.4787



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



28.7065, 23.6504, 22.1211



47.8295, 36.6531, 31.8815



31.2759, 29.5660, 20.5828



8.5381, 8.5220, 9.0663



13.2554, 6.8197, 1.2391



0.4308, 0.2201, 0.1113



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



28.7065, 23.6504, 22.1211



47.8295, 36.6531, 31.8815



27.4198, 30.9656, 47.7120



8.5381, 8.5220, 9.0663



13.2554, 6.8197, 1.2391

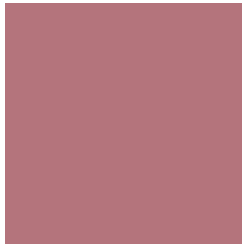


0.4308, 0.2201, 0.1113



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 28.7059, 23.6493, 22.1206 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 28.7059, 23.6493, 22.1206 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 28.7059, 23.6493, 22.1206**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 28.7059, 23.6493, 22.1206.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 28.7059, 23.6493,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

28.7059, 23.6493, 22.1206

### Protanopia

22.8439, 23.7305, 25.9307

### Deuteranopia

24.1256, 23.6850, 21.7125



## Tritanopia

28.7695, 23.6747, 22.4554

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

28.7059, 23.6493, 22.1206

## Protanomaly

24.5675, 23.4658, 24.3536

## Deuteranomaly

25.6831, 23.5267, 21.9264

## Tritanomaly

28.7695, 23.6747, 22.4554

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

28.7059, 23.6493, 22.1206

## Achromatopsia

23.4014, 24.6201, 26.8113

## Achromatomaly

24.9640, 24.0419, 25.1546

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 28.7059, 23.6493, 22.1206 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(180, 116, 124)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(180, 116, 124)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(180, 116, 124) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(180, 116, 124) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 28.7059, 23.6493, 22.1206 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(180, 116, 124) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(180, 116, 124) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(180, 116, 124)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(180, 116, 124); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 116, 124);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 116,  
124) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 28.7059, 23.6493, 22.1206 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(180, 116, 124) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(180,  
116, 124) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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