

# Converting Colors

XYZ(28.7579, 38.3041, 36.2070)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(28.7579, 38.3041, 36.2070)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(28.7531, 38.3872,  
36.0310)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	70B499
RGB	112, 180, 153
RGB Percent	44%, 71%, 60%
CMY	0.5608, 0.2941, 0.4000
CMYK	0.38, 0.00, 0.15, 0.29
HSL	156°, 31%, 57%
HSV	156°, 38%, 71%
XYZ	28.7531, 38.3872, 36.0310
YIQ	156.5900, -31.8610, -22.8130

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

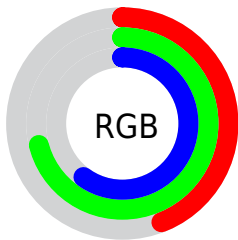
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	112, 154, 180
Decimal	7386265
CIELab	68.31, -27.73, 7.02
CIELCh	68, 28.609, 165.801
Yxy	38.3872, 0.2787, 0.3721
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285576345 (0xFF70B499)
YUV	156.5900, -1.7699, -39.1054
Hunter-Lab	61.9574, -25.5874, 8.8904

# Details

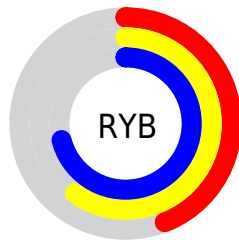
The XYZ color **28.7531, 38.3872, 36.0310** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC99**. A complement of this color would be **29.2780, 23.1566, 27.3541**, and the grayscale version is **31.8825, 33.5429, 36.5282**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **56.9838, 72.6029, 70.0419**, and **11.8511, 17.0987, 15.2461** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **26.1151, 37.0945, 32.9181**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **31.8864, 39.9332, 39.3534**.

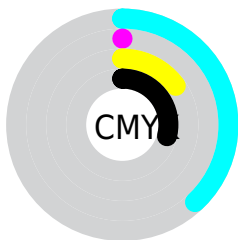
# Distribution



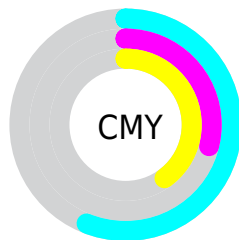
- Red (44%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (44%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (71%)



- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Black (29%)



- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (40%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 28.7531, 38.3872, 36.0310 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 28.7531, 38.3872, 36.0310 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 28.7531, 38.3872,  
36.0310

■ 28.7531, 38.3872,  
36.0310

288.0635,  
339.2781, 344.1375

■ 19.0375, 26.2833,  
24.1683

■ 57.0849, 72.7012,  
70.2495

■ 11.8015, 17.0357,  
15.2451

■ 76.4317, 95.6802,  
93.4423

■ 6.6799, 10.2600,  
8.8431

■ 99.7196, 123.0530,  
121.2489

■ 3.3073, 5.5717,  
4.5436

127.3141,  
155.2040, 154.0879

■ 1.3183, 2.5864,  
1.9280

159.5803,  
192.5176, 192.3776

■ 0.1968, 0.9198,  
0.5105

196.8837,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

235.3782, 236.5368

0.0000

239.5897,  
284.1702, 286.9839

■ 28.7531, 38.3872,  
36.0310

■ 28.7531, 38.3872,  
36.0310

■ 26.1151, 37.0945,  
32.9181

■ 31.8864, 39.9332,  
39.3534

■ 23.9413, 36.0360,  
30.0075

■ 35.5376, 41.7411,  
42.8869

■ 22.2016, 35.1974,  
27.2954

■ 39.7318, 43.8246,  
46.6367

■ 20.8612, 34.5607,  
24.7768

■ 44.4912, 46.1952,  
50.6067

■ 19.8793, 34.1051,  
22.4462

■ 49.8370, 48.8638,  
54.8008

■ 19.1928, 33.7981,  
20.2971

■ 55.7892, 51.8406,  
59.2228

■ 19.0569, 33.7379,  
19.8428

■ 62.3668, 55.1352,  
63.8765

■ 69.2175, 58.5662,  
68.7479

■ 70.1293, 58.9309,  
73.5492

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



30.6500, 38.3872, 26.8445



28.7531, 38.3872, 36.0310



28.8063, 38.3872, 48.8840

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



28.7531, 38.3872, 36.0310



38.8831, 38.3872, 70.3255



42.8293, 38.3872, 26.4829

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



28.7531, 38.3872, 36.0310



29.2780, 23.1566, 27.3541

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



45.4217, 38.3872, 35.4306



28.7531, 38.3872, 36.0310



43.0192, 38.3872, 61.4715

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



28.7531, 38.3872, 36.0310



34.4127, 38.3872, 70.5785



45.4939, 38.3872, 48.1478



38.6407, 38.3872, 22.1463



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



28.7531, 38.3872, 36.0310



29.9335, 38.3872, 57.9601



45.4939, 38.3872, 48.1478



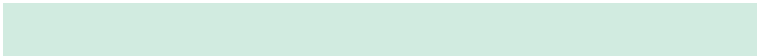
43.9309, 38.3872, 28.9586

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



28.7542, 38.3888, 36.0319



69.3327, 78.1141, 82.1956



29.9280, 39.3203, 21.3419



14.7643, 16.7735, 17.5692



86.6293, 91.1408, 99.2523



17.0014, 17.8868, 19.4787



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



28.7542, 38.3888, 36.0319



48.2418, 67.6933, 60.7888



29.9035, 36.7055, 48.6907



8.5969, 9.5733, 10.1369



13.3338, 23.5595, 14.0266



0.4473, 0.7524, 0.5877



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



29.2780, 23.1566, 27.3541



49.3291, 36.2409, 42.8982



28.3212, 24.0201, 18.4734



8.6315, 8.5593, 9.5578



13.9725, 7.1066, 5.0154



0.4688, 0.2353, 0.3115



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 28.7531, 38.3872, 36.0310 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

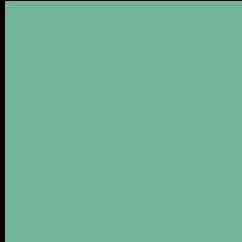
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 28.7531, 38.3872, 36.0310 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 28.7531, 38.3872, 36.0310**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 28.7531, 38.3872, 36.0310.



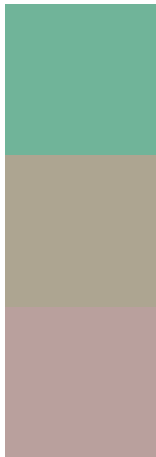
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 28.7531, 38.3872,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

28.7531, 38.3872, 36.0310

### Protanopia

35.7995, 37.8388, 32.2049

### Deuteranopia

38.6642, 37.8902, 37.1740



## Tritanopia

32.2610, 38.3271, 53.8417

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

28.7531, 38.3872, 36.0310

**Protanomaly**

32.4825, 37.4669, 33.5368

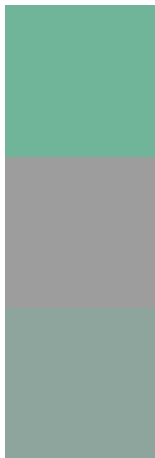
**Deuteranomaly**

33.9200, 37.3068, 36.8657

**Tritanomaly**

30.8947, 38.3608, 46.8503

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

28.7531, 38.3872, 36.0310

**Achromatopsia**

32.0474, 33.7164, 36.7171

**Achromatomaly**

30.4404, 34.9733, 36.5986

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 28.7531, 38.3872, 36.0310 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(112, 180, 153)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(112, 180, 153)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(112, 180, 153) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(112, 180, 153) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 28.7531, 38.3872, 36.0310 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(112, 180, 153) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(112, 180, 153) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(112, 180, 153)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(112, 180, 153); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 180, 153);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 180,  
153) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 28.7531, 38.3872, 36.0310 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(112, 180, 153) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(112,  
180, 153) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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