

# Converting Colors

XYZ(28.7832, 21.1152, 6.1934)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(28.7832, 21.1152, 6.1934)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(28.7837, 21.1046, 6.1710)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(28.7837, 21.1046,  
6.1710)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C86137
RGB	200, 97, 55
RGB Percent	78%, 38%, 22%
CMY	0.2157, 0.6196, 0.7843
CMYK	0.00, 0.51, 0.72, 0.22
HSL	17°, 57%, 50%
HSV	17°, 72%, 78%
XYZ	28.7837, 21.1046, 6.1710
YIQ	123.0090, 74.8700, 8.7740

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

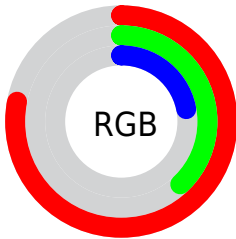
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	200, 114, 55
Decimal	13132087
CIE Lab	53.06, 38.08, 42.25
CIE LCh	53, 56.879, 47.973
Yxy	21.1046, 0.5135, 0.3765
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291322167 (0xFFC86137)
YUV	123.0090, -33.5284, 67.5211
Hunter-Lab	45.9397, 31.4452, 24.1935

# Details

The XYZ color **28.7837, 21.1046, 6.1710** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6633**. The color can be described as dark muted orange. A complement of this color would be **24.2268, 29.4341, 59.0476**, and the grayscale version is **18.9203, 19.9056, 21.6772**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **54.6450, 44.0722, 18.7234**, and **11.8306, 7.5448, 1.0338** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **27.2007, 18.5567, 3.7384**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **30.7970, 24.2027, 9.7053**.

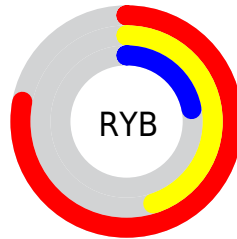
# Distribution



Red (78%)

Green (38%)

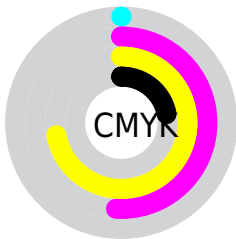
Blue (22%)



Red (78%)

Yellow (45%)

Blue (22%)

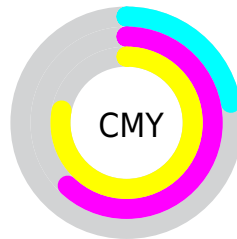


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (51%)

Yellow (72%)

Black (22%)



Cyan (22%)

Magenta (62%)

Yellow (78%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 28.7837, 21.1046, 6.1710 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 28.7837, 21.1046, 6.1710 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 28.7837, 21.1046,  
6.1710


 28.7837, 21.1046,  
6.1710


288.2057,  
257.8339, 169.9465


 19.0607, 13.2005,  
2.8789


 57.1332, 45.2616,  
18.7686

 11.8184, 7.5667,  
1.0331


 76.4904, 62.2832,  
28.9111

 6.6915, 3.8190,  
0.0000


 99.7897, 83.1128,  
42.1741

 3.3145, 1.5728,  
0.0000

 127.3966,  
108.1347, 58.9763

 1.3222, 0.3392,  
0.0000

 159.6762,  
137.7334, 79.7360

 0.1997, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 196.9940,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

172.2932, 104.8720

0.0000

239.7154,  
212.1986, 134.8026

■ 28.7837, 21.1046,  
6.1710

■ 28.7837, 21.1046,  
6.1710

■ 27.2007, 18.5567,  
3.7384

■ 30.7970, 24.2027,  
9.7053

■ 26.0087, 16.5203,  
2.2699

■ 33.2716, 27.8790,  
14.4544

■ 25.3292, 15.2992,  
1.6180

■ 36.2372, 32.1638,  
20.5184

■ 39.7202, 37.0840,  
27.9866

■ 43.7452, 42.6648,  
36.9404

■ 48.3350, 48.9300,  
47.4550

■ 53.5111, 55.9022,  
59.6003

■ 59.2938, 63.6030,  
73.4422

■ 65.7025, 72.0529,  
89.0428

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



33.1045, 21.1046, 14.2422



28.7837, 21.1046, 6.1710



22.5518, 21.1046, 3.4758

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



28.7837, 21.1046, 6.1710



10.7842, 21.1046, 16.7781



23.8206, 21.1046, 70.6897

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



28.7837, 21.1046, 6.1710



24.2268, 29.4341, 59.0476

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.7576, 21.1046, 72.5765



28.7837, 21.1046, 6.1710



10.9896, 21.1046, 34.7120

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



28.7837, 21.1046, 6.1710



12.6730, 21.1046, 7.2321



13.3042, 21.1046, 57.1470



29.8701, 21.1046, 52.8267



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



28.7837, 21.1046, 6.1710



18.5063, 21.1046, 3.3622



13.3042, 21.1046, 57.1470



21.6969, 21.1046, 73.4506

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



28.7842, 21.1057, 6.1714



75.8763, 74.0571, 64.2673



31.4363, 17.5121, 34.4863



15.8088, 15.2562, 12.7837



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



28.7842, 21.1057, 6.1714



45.8301, 29.9976, 4.8245



38.6194, 40.7762, 9.4498



10.8800, 11.1292, 11.1375



16.1729, 9.8630, 1.0513



0.8294, 0.5942, 0.0710



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



24.2268, 29.4341, 59.0476



37.2543, 44.6903, 101.2703



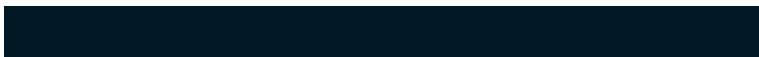
15.3621, 11.7049, 56.0928



10.6771, 11.5284, 13.5799



12.8652, 15.1243, 36.9856

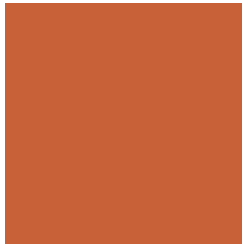


0.6692, 0.8362, 1.7713



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 28.7837, 21.1046, 6.1710 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 28.7837, 21.1046, 6.1710 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 28.7837, 21.1046, 6.1710**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 28.7837, 21.1046, 6.1710.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 28.7837, 21.1046,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

28.7837, 21.1046, 6.1710

### Protanopia

19.4993, 21.2116, 7.9170

### Deuteranopia

21.4923, 21.1656, 5.8583



## Tritanopia

30.3889, 21.0927, 14.0249

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

28.7837, 21.1046, 6.1710

## Protanomaly

21.9880, 20.5091, 7.2146

## Deuteranomaly

23.6253, 20.7116, 5.8845

## Tritanomaly

29.6131, 21.0321, 10.4815

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

28.7837, 21.1046, 6.1710

## Achromatopsia

18.8265, 19.8069, 21.5697

## Achromatomaly

20.9844, 19.4958, 14.2123

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 28.7837, 21.1046, 6.1710 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(200, 97, 55)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(200, 97, 55)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(200, 97, 55) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(200, 97, 55) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 28.7837, 21.1046, 6.1710 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(200, 97, 55) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(200, 97, 55) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(200, 97, 55) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(200, 97, 55); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 97, 55);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 97,  
55) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 28.7837, 21.1046, 6.1710 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(200, 97, 55) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(200, 97,  
55) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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