

# Converting Colors

XYZ(28.7854, 37.7346, 62.7667)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(28.7854, 37.7346, 62.7667)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(28.8512, 37.8429, 62.9105)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(28.8512, 37.8429,  
62.9105)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	38B4CC
RGB	56, 180, 204
RGB Percent	22%, 71%, 80%
CMY	0.7804, 0.2941, 0.2000
CMYK	0.73, 0.12, 0.00, 0.20
HSL	190°, 59%, 51%
HSV	190°, 73%, 80%
XYZ	28.8512, 37.8429, 62.9105
YIQ	145.6600, -81.6080, -18.8240

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

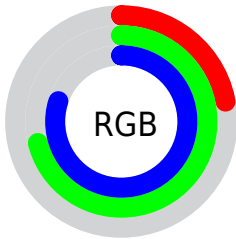
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	56, 123, 204
Decimal	3716300
CIELab	67.90, -25.63, -21.91
CIELCh	68, 33.720, 220.534
Yxy	37.8429, 0.2226, 0.2920
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281906380 (0xFF38B4CC)
YUV	145.6600, 28.7616, -78.6318
Hunter-Lab	61.5166, -23.9377, -17.5719

# Details

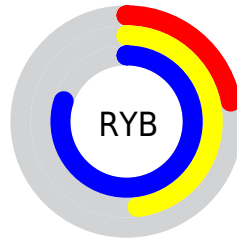
The XYZ color **28.8512, 37.8429, 62.9105** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCCC**. The color can be described as middle muted azure. A complement of this color would be **28.4854, 18.8616, 5.8819**, and the grayscale version is **27.0942, 28.5052, 31.0422**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **56.2138, 71.4219, 105.4308**, and **13.0944, 17.3808, 31.5188** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **27.2751, 36.0515, 62.6485**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **30.9100, 39.9083, 63.2014**.

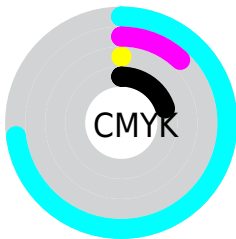
# Distribution



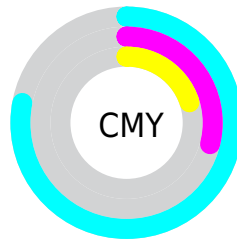
- Red (22%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (22%)
- Yellow (48%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (73%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (20%)



- Cyan (78%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (20%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 28.8512, 37.8429, 62.9105 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 28.8512, 37.8429, 62.9105 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 28.8512, 37.8429,  
62.9105

■ 28.8512, 37.8429,  
62.9105

288.5191,  
336.9456, 453.3436

■ 19.1120, 25.8608,  
45.3283

■ 57.2398, 71.8673,  
110.6247

■ 11.8557, 16.7195,  
31.3712

■ 76.6199, 94.6783,  
141.5938

■ 6.7170, 10.0347,  
20.6209

■ 99.9443, 121.8678,  
177.8622

■ 3.3305, 5.4220,  
12.6586

■ 127.5785,  
153.8201, 219.8485

■ 1.3309, 2.4969,  
7.0659

■ 159.8877,  
190.9197, 267.9713

■ 0.2061, 0.8751,  
3.4243

197.2373,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

233.5508, 322.6490

1.3152

239.9926,  
282.0980, 384.3003

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0742

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 28.8512, 37.8429,  
62.9105

■ 28.8512, 37.8429,  
62.9105

■ 27.2751, 36.0515,  
62.6485

■ 30.9100, 39.9083,  
63.2014

■ 26.1174, 34.4986,  
62.4098

■ 33.4983, 42.2698,  
63.5208

■ 25.4470, 33.4553,  
62.2437

■ 36.6612, 44.9514,  
63.8717

■ 40.4380, 47.9737,  
64.2560

■ 44.8644, 51.3551,  
64.6754

■ 49.9734, 55.1129,  
65.1314

■ 55.7957, 59.2630,  
65.6256

■ 62.3600, 63.8204,  
66.1593

■ 69.6935, 68.7993,  
66.7338

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



26.9563, 37.8429, 46.7000



28.8512, 37.8429, 62.9105



32.7190, 37.8429, 74.7788

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



28.8512, 37.8429, 62.9105



46.3126, 37.8429, 51.5714



34.1603, 37.8429, 18.8725

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



28.8512, 37.8429, 62.9105



28.4854, 18.8616, 5.8819

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



39.4265, 37.8429, 19.5710



28.8512, 37.8429, 62.9105



46.7942, 37.8429, 36.1579

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



28.8512, 37.8429, 62.9105



42.9113, 37.8429, 67.2117



44.1696, 37.8429, 25.1720



29.8182, 37.8429, 22.9562



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



28.8512, 37.8429, 62.9105



36.0625, 37.8429, 77.2541



44.1696, 37.8429, 25.1720



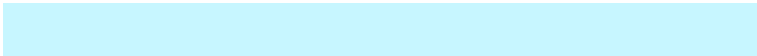
35.8748, 37.8429, 18.5862

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



28.8524, 37.8443, 62.9114



74.5029, 85.2008, 107.1264



24.6072, 44.5803, 14.5549



15.4903, 17.8932, 22.8873



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

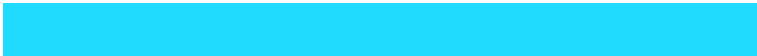


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



28.8524, 37.8443, 62.9114



44.0199, 58.2217, 103.5256



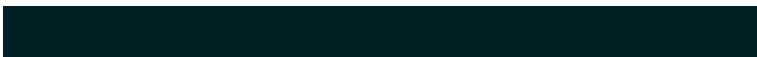
17.8728, 15.8851, 59.2516



11.3824, 12.4052, 14.3649



16.0741, 21.1721, 39.1957



0.8717, 1.1771, 2.0362



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



34.5553, 18.9622, 45.0202



54.5774, 27.4718, 69.4608



36.8776, 35.6459, 8.6793



11.6064, 11.3713, 13.7277



20.3244, 9.9403, 25.2245



1.0699, 0.5214, 1.4141



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 28.8512, 37.8429, 62.9105 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

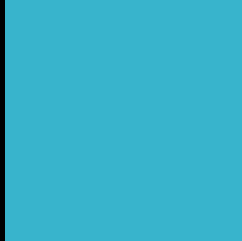
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 28.8512, 37.8429, 62.9105 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

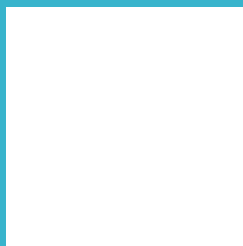
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 28.8512, 37.8429, 62.9105**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 28.8512, 37.8429, 62.9105.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 28.8512, 37.8429,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

28.8512, 37.8429, 62.9105

### Protanopia

36.9097, 37.3711, 55.1372

### Deuteranopia

38.0347, 37.2119, 64.8525



## Tritanopia

27.8031, 37.7114, 58.0382

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

28.8512, 37.8429, 62.9105

## Protanomaly

32.1778, 36.4990, 57.5736

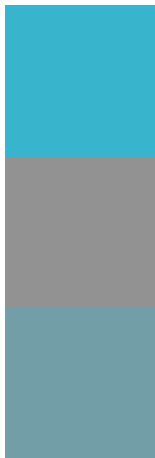
## Deuteranomaly

33.0108, 36.5033, 64.3375

## Tritanomaly

28.2489, 37.9013, 59.8596

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

28.8512, 37.8429, 62.9105

## Achromatopsia

27.3213, 28.7441, 31.3023

## Achromatomaly

26.0120, 30.7545, 41.1244

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 28.8512, 37.8429, 62.9105 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(56, 180, 204)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(56, 180, 204)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(56, 180, 204) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(56, 180, 204) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 28.8512, 37.8429, 62.9105 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(56, 180, 204) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(56, 180, 204) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(56, 180, 204)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(56, 180, 204); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(56, 180, 204);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(56, 180,  
204) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 28.8512, 37.8429, 62.9105 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(56, 180, 204) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(56, 180,  
204) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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