

# Converting Colors

XYZ(28.7889, 34.3401, 14.5622)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(28.7889, 34.3401, 14.5622)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(28.7889, 34.3401, 14.5622)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(28.7889, 34.3401,  
14.5622)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9CA459
RGB	156, 164, 89
RGB Percent	61%, 64%, 35%
CMY	0.3882, 0.3568, 0.6510
CMYK	0.05, 0.00, 0.46, 0.36
HSL	66°, 30%, 50%
HSV	66°, 46%, 64%
XYZ	28.7889, 34.3401, 14.5622
YIQ	153.0580, 19.3070, -25.0210

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

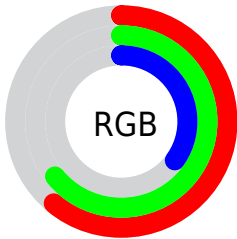
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">89, 164, 97</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">10265689</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">65.23, -14.35, 37.78</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">65, 40.409, 110.798</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">34.3401, 0.3706, 0.4420</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4288455769</a> ( <a href="#">0xFF9CA459</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">153.0580, -31.5806, 2.5801</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">58.6004, -14.8582, 26.2867</a>

# Details

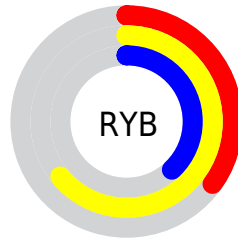
The XYZ color **28.7889, 34.3401, 14.5622** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999966**. A complement of this color would be **15.2043, 12.3674, 36.7098**, and the grayscale version is **30.4315, 32.0164, 34.8658**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **57.2165, 66.5535, 34.6414**, and **11.7707, 14.6251, 4.2100** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **27.8396, 33.9228, 11.3148**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **29.8982, 34.8245, 18.6194**.

# Distribution



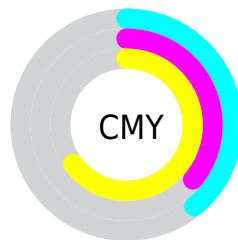
- Red (61%)
- Green (64%)
- Blue (35%)



- Red (35%)
- Yellow (64%)
- Blue (38%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (46%)
- Black (36%)



- Cyan (39%)
- Magenta (36%)
- Yellow (65%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 28.7889, 34.3401, 14.5622 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 28.7889, 34.3401, 14.5622 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 28.7889, 34.3401,  
14.5622

■ 28.7889, 34.3401,  
14.5622

288.2298,  
321.6459, 232.2496

■ 19.0647, 23.1550,  
8.3695

■ 57.1414, 66.4622,  
34.8147

■ 11.8213, 14.7080,  
4.2411

■ 76.5004, 88.1680,  
49.7115

■ 6.6934, 8.6147,  
1.7585

■ 99.8017, 114.1495,  
68.3469

■ 3.3157, 4.4907,  
0.4004

■ 127.4106,  
144.7910, 91.1392

■ 1.3229, 1.9517,  
0.0000

159.6925,  
180.4770, 118.5071

■ 0.2002, 0.5792,  
0.0000

197.0128,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

221.5919, 150.8691

0.0000

239.7368,  
268.5201, 188.6438

■ 28.7889, 34.3401,  
14.5622

■ 28.7889, 34.3401,  
14.5622

■ 27.8396, 33.9228,  
11.3148

■ 29.8982, 34.8245,  
18.6194

■ 27.0375, 33.5636,  
8.8207

■ 31.1744, 35.3749,  
23.5334

■ 26.3717, 33.2596,  
7.0196


■ 32.6270, 35.9965,  
29.3505


■ 25.8290, 33.0053,  
5.8412

■ 34.2639, 36.6924,  
36.1127


■ 25.3917, 32.7938,  
5.1926


■ 36.0927, 37.4656,  
43.8596

 25.2195, 32.7095,  
4.9843

 38.1206, 38.3190,  
52.6284

 40.3541, 39.2553,  
62.4545

 42.7999, 40.2770,  
73.3715

 45.4638, 41.3866,  
85.4116

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



34.4800, 34.3401, 13.6782



28.7889, 34.3401, 14.5622



24.6420, 34.3401, 20.4383

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



28.7889, 34.3401, 14.5622



26.0050, 34.3401, 68.4953



45.1135, 34.3401, 42.8086

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



28.7889, 34.3401, 14.5622



15.2043, 12.3674, 36.7098

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



42.2028, 34.3401, 61.8036



28.7889, 34.3401, 14.5622



30.8652, 34.3401, 79.3007

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



28.7889, 34.3401, 14.5622



23.1738, 34.3401, 50.0995



36.8184, 34.3401, 76.5398



44.3842, 34.3401, 27.0360



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



28.7889, 34.3401, 14.5622



23.0882, 34.3401, 27.7241



36.8184, 34.3401, 76.5398



44.5164, 34.3401, 49.0772

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



28.7897, 34.3417, 14.5629



59.6350, 65.5128, 54.9661



21.3429, 17.0720, 11.6220



12.9109, 14.2685, 11.5013



78.6606, 82.7571, 90.1225



14.0027, 14.7319, 16.0430



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



28.7897, 34.3417, 14.5629



50.4828, 61.5507, 20.3805



22.6877, 31.1959, 14.2773



7.5746, 8.1987, 7.5634



19.3600, 25.0909, 3.8227



0.4266, 0.5374, 0.0813



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.2043, 12.3674, 36.7098



22.6839, 16.5512, 65.7515



20.1059, 14.8943, 36.9392



6.7674, 6.8945, 8.8772



5.3433, 2.1611, 27.0653



0.1318, 0.0555, 0.5696



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 28.7889, 34.3401, 14.5622 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 28.7889, 34.3401, 14.5622 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 28.7889, 34.3401, 14.5622**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 28.7889, 34.3401, 14.5622.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 28.7889, 34.3401,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

28.7889, 34.3401, 14.5622

### Protanopia

31.4027, 34.1405, 13.9515

### Deuteranopia

34.7366, 34.1124, 14.8787



## Tritanopia

34.2134, 34.2320, 41.3634

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

28.7889, 34.3401, 14.5622

## Protanomaly

30.2686, 34.0617, 14.2118

## Deuteranomaly

32.3672, 34.1160, 14.7766

## Tritanomaly

31.7874, 33.9992, 29.3132

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

28.7889, 34.3401, 14.5622

## Achromatopsia

30.2779, 31.8547, 34.6897

## Achromatomaly

29.4127, 32.5957, 25.8605

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 28.7889, 34.3401, 14.5622 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(156, 164, 89)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(156, 164, 89)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(156, 164, 89) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(156, 164, 89) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 28.7889, 34.3401, 14.5622 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(156, 164, 89) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(156, 164, 89) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(156, 164, 89)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(156, 164, 89); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 164, 89);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 164,  
89) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 28.7889, 34.3401, 14.5622 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(156, 164, 89) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(156,  
164, 89) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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