

# Converting Colors

XYZ(28.8035, 20.0854, 40.3890)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(28.8035, 20.0854, 40.3890)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(28.8035, 20.0854,  
40.3890)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	AE5FAA
RGB	174, 95, 170
RGB Percent	68%, 37%, 67%
CMY	0.3176, 0.6274, 0.3333
CMYK	0.00, 0.45, 0.02, 0.32
HSL	303°, 33%, 53%
HSV	303°, 45%, 68%
XYZ	28.8035, 20.0854, 40.3890
YIQ	127.1710, 23.0090, 40.0730

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

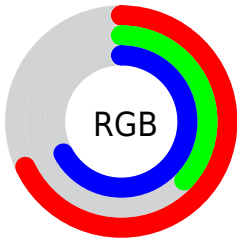
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	174, 95, 170
Decimal	11427754
CIELab	51.93, 43.03, -26.58
CIELCh	52, 50.573, 328.299
Yxy	20.0854, 0.3226, 0.2250
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289617834 (0xFFAE5FAA)
YUV	127.1710, 21.1147, 41.0690
Hunter-Lab	44.8167, 36.2918, -22.0606

# Details

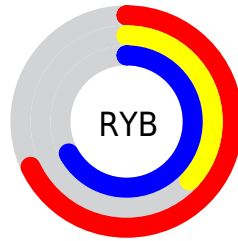
The XYZ color **28.8035, 20.0854, 40.3890** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996699**. A complement of this color would be **22.1084, 33.6066, 17.1271**, and the grayscale version is **20.1564, 21.2061, 23.0934**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **57.2724, 43.6597, 77.3601**, and **11.9164, 7.1024, 17.8824** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **27.3248, 17.2606, 39.4864**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **30.6341, 23.6124, 41.4121**.

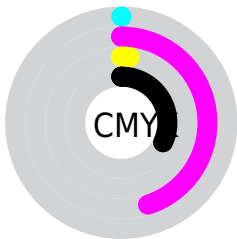
# Distribution



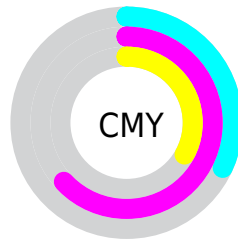
- Red (68%)
- Green (37%)
- Blue (67%)



- Red (68%)
- Yellow (37%)
- Blue (67%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (32%)




- Cyan (32%)
- Magenta (63%)
- Yellow (33%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 28.8035, 20.0854, 40.3890 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 28.8035, 20.0854, 40.3890 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 28.8035, 20.0854,  
40.3890


 28.8035, 20.0854,  
40.3890


288.2976,  
252.3771, 363.3612


 19.0758, 12.4571,  
27.5259


 57.1645, 43.5603,  
76.9991

 11.8294, 7.0558,  
17.7326


 76.5284, 60.1758,  
101.5831

 6.6990, 3.4970,  
10.5908


 99.8351, 80.5557,  
130.9112

 3.3192, 1.3964,  
5.6817

 127.4499,  
105.0846, 165.4018

 1.3247, 0.2141,  
2.5869

159.7382,  
134.1468, 205.4736

 0.2016, 0.0000,  
0.8857

197.0654,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

168.1266, 251.5451

0.0000

239.7967,  
207.4086, 304.0347

■ 28.8035, 20.0854,  
40.3890

■ 28.8035, 20.0854,  
40.3890

■ 27.3248, 17.2606,  
39.4864

■ 30.6341, 23.6124,  
41.4121

■ 26.1725, 15.0880,  
38.6951

■ 32.8361, 27.8816,  
42.5615

■ 25.3207, 13.5156,  
38.0068

■ 35.4298, 32.9333,  
43.8443

■ 24.7388, 12.4821,  
37.4111

■ 38.4335, 38.8042,  
45.2665

■ 24.3885, 11.9109,  
36.8954

■ 41.8644, 45.5286,  
46.8339

■ 24.2646, 11.7223,  
36.6715

■ 45.7387, 53.1387,  
48.5518

■ 50.0717, 61.6654,  
50.4255

■ 54.8779, 71.1377,  
52.4597

■ 60.1714, 81.5836,  
54.6591

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



24.1743, 20.0854, 57.4969



28.8035, 20.0854, 40.3890



30.7828, 20.0854, 22.7213

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



28.8035, 20.0854, 40.3890



19.3857, 20.0854, 4.0163



11.6385, 20.0854, 38.2359

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



28.8035, 20.0854, 40.3890



22.1084, 33.6066, 17.1271

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.8121, 20.0854, 21.0394



28.8035, 20.0854, 40.3890



14.7747, 20.0854, 5.2077

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



28.8035, 20.0854, 40.3890



24.7745, 20.0854, 5.5375



11.8509, 20.0854, 10.1054



14.3502, 20.0854, 55.9099



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



28.8035, 20.0854, 40.3890



30.1060, 20.0854, 14.1264



11.8509, 20.0854, 10.1054



11.1550, 20.0854, 32.0243

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



28.8042, 20.0863, 40.3894



64.8548, 60.8872, 79.8125



16.8733, 13.8913, 41.8370



14.1752, 13.0656, 17.6235



84.5950, 89.0005, 96.9216



16.2198, 17.0645, 18.5832



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



28.8042, 20.0863, 40.3894



49.6702, 31.5103, 71.6919



25.6149, 18.8106, 23.5949



8.3193, 8.1410, 9.9922



17.6058, 8.5049, 26.6332



0.4950, 0.2387, 0.7683



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



28.8042, 20.0863, 40.3894



49.6702, 31.5103, 71.6919



24.4763, 34.5538, 29.5964



8.3193, 8.1410, 9.9922



17.6058, 8.5049, 26.6332



0.4950, 0.2387, 0.7683



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 28.8035, 20.0854, 40.3890 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

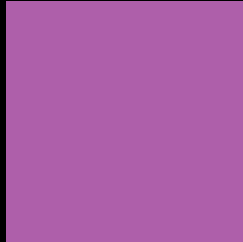
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 28.8035, 20.0854, 40.3890 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

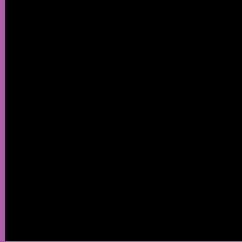
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 28.8035, 20.0854, 40.3890**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 28.8035, 20.0854, 40.3890.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 28.8035, 20.0854,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

28.8035, 20.0854, 40.3890

### Protanopia

21.6196, 20.3775, 52.6629

### Deuteranopia

20.6905, 20.2131, 38.4083



## Tritanopia

24.2886, 19.9687, 18.7939

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

28.8035, 20.0854, 40.3890

## Protanomaly

23.0501, 19.4847, 47.8934

## Deuteranomaly

22.9226, 19.6126, 39.1367

## Tritanomaly

25.8010, 19.9958, 25.4214

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

28.8035, 20.0854, 40.3890

## Achromatopsia

20.1725, 21.2231, 23.1119

## Achromatomaly

22.5903, 20.1739, 28.6899

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 28.8035, 20.0854, 40.3890 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(174, 95, 170)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(174, 95, 170)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(174, 95, 170) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(174, 95, 170) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 28.8035, 20.0854, 40.3890 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(174, 95, 170) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(174, 95, 170) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(174, 95, 170) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(174, 95, 170); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(174, 95, 170);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(174, 95,  
170) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 28.8035, 20.0854, 40.3890 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(174, 95, 170) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(174, 95,  
170) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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