

# Converting Colors

XYZ(28.8167, 17.5506, 6.3805)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(28.8167, 17.5506, 6.3805)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(28.7722, 17.5383,  
6.4262)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	D0413E
RGB	208, 65, 62
RGB Percent	82%, 25%, 24%
CMY	0.1843, 0.7451, 0.7569
CMYK	0.00, 0.69, 0.70, 0.18
HSL	1°, 61%, 53%
HSV	1°, 70%, 82%
XYZ	28.7722, 17.5383, 6.4262
YIQ	107.4150, 86.1910, 29.3830

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

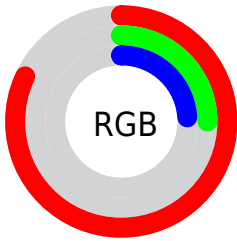
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	208, 65, 62
Decimal	13648190
CIELab	48.93, 55.85, 34.08
CIElCh	49, 65.426, 31.395
Yxy	17.5383, 0.5456, 0.3326
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291838270 (0xFFD0413E)
YUV	107.4150, -22.3896, 88.2130
Hunter-Lab	41.8788, 49.3481, 20.2172

# Details

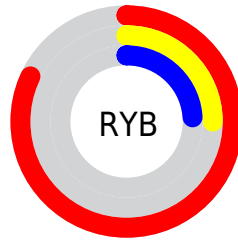
The XYZ color **28.7722, 17.5383, 6.4262** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3333**. The color can be described as dark muted red. A complement of this color would be **35.2007, 49.2361, 67.3223**, and the grayscale version is **14.1350, 14.8711, 16.1947**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **50.8918, 36.0605, 19.0299**, and **11.9716, 6.1580, 1.1737** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **27.3406, 15.4206, 3.6517**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **30.8444, 20.5884, 10.4916**.

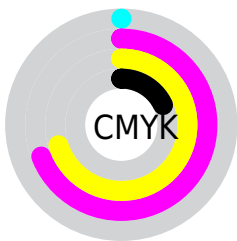
# Distribution



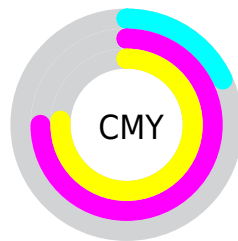
- Red (82%)
- Green (25%)
- Blue (24%)



- Red (82%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Blue (24%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (69%)
- Yellow (70%)
- Black (18%)




- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (75%)
- Yellow (76%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 28.7722, 17.5383, 6.4262 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 28.7722, 17.5383, 6.4262 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 28.7722, 17.5383,  
6.4262


 28.7722, 17.5383,  
6.4262


288.1522,  
238.2556, 172.2528


 19.0520, 10.6190,  
3.0330


 57.1150, 39.2490,  
19.3020


 11.8121, 5.8113,  
1.1115


 76.4683, 54.8092,  
29.6217

 6.6871, 2.7307,  
0.0000


 99.7634, 74.0186,  
43.0873

 3.3118, 0.9928,  
0.0000

 127.3656, 97.2614,  
60.1174

 1.3207, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 159.6402,  
124.9221, 81.1304

 0.1986, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 196.9526,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

157.3851, 106.5449

0.0000

239.6681,  
195.0349, 136.7795

■ 28.7722, 17.5383,  
6.4262

■ 28.7722, 17.5383,  
6.4262

■ 27.3406, 15.4206,  
3.6517

■ 30.8444, 20.5884,  
10.4916

■ 26.4743, 14.1261,  
2.0119

■ 33.6192, 24.6583,  
15.9782

■ 26.0587, 13.5029,  
1.2329

■ 37.1524, 29.8285,  
23.0012

■ 41.4938, 36.1710,  
31.6639

■ 46.6894, 43.7513,  
42.0606

■ 52.7812, 52.6305,  
54.2785

■ 59.8088, 62.8652,  
68.3989

■ 67.8092, 74.5091,  
84.4981

■ 76.8177, 87.6126,  
102.6484

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



31.3005, 17.5383, 18.2929



28.7722, 17.5383, 6.4262



22.9165, 17.5383, 2.2046

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



28.7722, 17.5383, 6.4262



8.3685, 17.5383, 7.1335



16.9558, 17.5383, 75.9298

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



28.7722, 17.5383, 6.4262



35.2007, 49.2361, 67.3223

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



11.6756, 17.5383, 66.1505



28.7722, 17.5383, 6.4262



7.5012, 17.5383, 19.9227

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



28.7722, 17.5383, 6.4262



11.2913, 17.5383, 2.4034



8.5495, 17.5383, 42.3856



23.5312, 17.5383, 64.3025



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



28.7722, 17.5383, 6.4262



18.4807, 17.5383, 1.4368



8.5495, 17.5383, 42.3856



14.9809, 17.5383, 75.0124

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



28.7726, 17.5393, 6.4265



73.0863, 67.9996, 64.8095



38.8228, 21.2903, 60.1797



15.1298, 13.8054, 12.8433



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



28.7726, 17.5393, 6.4265



42.5834, 23.3119, 4.3348



35.8891, 31.7724, 8.7986



11.8280, 11.8467, 12.2753



16.2500, 8.4331, 0.7713



0.9156, 0.4856, 0.0455



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



35.2007, 49.2361, 67.3223



53.3242, 76.4228, 106.5483



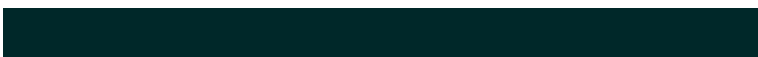
21.7001, 22.2348, 62.8221



12.1366, 13.3635, 15.1834



20.5206, 29.6878, 41.8413



1.1542, 1.6735, 2.3418



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 28.7722, 17.5383, 6.4262 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 28.7722, 17.5383, 6.4262 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 28.7722, 17.5383, 6.4262**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 28.7722, 17.5383, 6.4262.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 28.7722, 17.5383,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

28.7722, 17.5383, 6.4262

### Protanopia

16.4134, 17.7374, 10.1480

### Deuteranopia

18.0273, 17.6550, 5.9476



## Tritanopia

28.8589, 17.4819, 7.1635

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

28.7722, 17.5383, 6.4262

## Protanomaly

19.2806, 16.2843, 8.4303

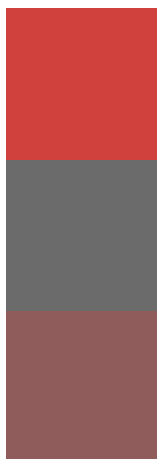
## Deuteranomaly

20.8897, 16.6256, 5.9790

## Tritanomaly

28.8000, 17.4583, 6.8529

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

28.7722, 17.5383, 6.4262

## Achromatopsia

13.9749, 14.7027, 16.0113

## Achromatomaly

17.2171, 14.3389, 11.7578

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 28.7722, 17.5383, 6.4262 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(208, 65, 62)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(208, 65, 62)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(208, 65, 62) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(208, 65, 62) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 28.7722, 17.5383, 6.4262 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(208, 65, 62) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(208, 65, 62) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(208, 65, 62)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(208, 65, 62); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(208, 65, 62);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(208, 65,  
62) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 28.7722, 17.5383, 6.4262 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(208, 65, 62) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(208, 65,  
62) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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