

# Converting Colors

XYZ(28.8929, 40.3472, 63.3917)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(28.8929, 40.3472, 63.3917)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(28.8823, 40.3261, 63.3882)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	12
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	24
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	28
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(28.8823, 40.3261,  
63.3882)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00BCCC
RGB	0, 188, 204
RGB Percent	0%, 74%, 80%
CMY	0.9998, 0.2627, 0.2000
CMYK	1.00, 0.08, 0.00, 0.20
HSL	185°, 100%, 40%
HSV	185°, 100%, 80%
XYZ	28.8823, 40.3261, 63.3882
YIQ	133.6120, -117.1840, -34.8800

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

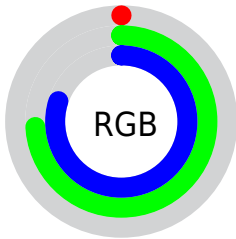
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 98, 204
Decimal	48332
CIELab	69.70, -33.25, -19.24
CIELCh	70, 38.415, 210.053
Yxy	40.3261, 0.2178, 0.3041
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278238412 (0xFF00BCCC)
YUV	133.6120, 34.7013, -117.1777
Hunter-Lab	63.5028, -29.9448, -14.7310

# Details

The XYZ color **28.8823, 40.3261, 63.3882** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33CCCC**. The color can be described as dark washed azure. A complement of this color would be **25.0883, 13.2095, 1.2287**, and the grayscale version is **22.4307, 23.5989, 25.6992**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **56.4113, 75.4679, 106.2013**, and **14.0301, 19.2522, 31.8307** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **28.8823, 40.3258, 63.3889**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **29.5244, 41.1682, 63.5177**.

# Distribution



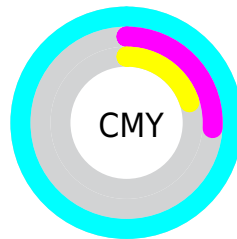
- Red (0%)
- Green (74%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (20%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (26%)
- Yellow (20%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 28.8823, 40.3261, 63.3882 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 28.8823, 40.3261, 63.3882 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 28.8823, 40.3261,  
63.3882

■ 28.8823, 40.3261,  
63.3882

288.6634,  
347.4961, 455.1236

■ 19.1356, 27.7929,  
45.7123

■ 57.2889, 75.6598,  
111.3204

■ 11.8729, 18.1696,  
31.6718

■ 76.6795, 99.2291,  
142.4137

■ 6.7288, 11.0718,  
20.8482

■ 100.0155,  
127.2459, 178.8166

■ 3.3379, 6.1152,  
12.8229

■ 127.6622,  
160.0946, 220.9476

■ 1.3349, 2.9152,  
7.1774

■ 159.9850,  
198.1596, 269.2253

■ 0.2091, 1.0876,  
3.4932

197.3493,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

241.8252, 324.0682

1.3516

240.1203,  
291.4759, 385.8948

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.1036

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 28.8823, 40.3261,  
63.3882

■ 28.8823, 40.3261,  
63.3882

■ 28.8823, 40.3258,  
63.3889

■ 29.5244, 41.1682,  
63.5177

■ 30.4826, 42.1782,  
63.6621

■ 31.8653, 43.4126,  
63.8275

■ 33.7298, 44.9011,  
64.0165

■ 36.1246, 46.6686,  
64.2315

■ 39.0921, 48.7371,  
64.4743

■ 42.6705, 51.1264,  
64.7469

■ 46.8948, 53.8542,  
65.0508

■ 51.7971, 56.9374,  
65.3875

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



27.5715, 40.3261, 43.9397



28.8823, 40.3261, 63.3882



32.6640, 40.3261, 80.7682

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



28.8823, 40.3261, 63.3882



49.6515, 40.3261, 63.3186



38.3178, 40.3261, 17.7941

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



28.8823, 40.3261, 63.3882



25.0883, 13.2095, 1.2287

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



44.6133, 40.3261, 20.4174



28.8823, 40.3261, 63.3882



51.5730, 40.3261, 43.8768

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



28.8823, 40.3261, 63.3882



44.6344, 40.3261, 80.7209



49.6385, 40.3261, 28.8941



32.6469, 40.3261, 20.4363



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



28.8823, 40.3261, 63.3882



36.3000, 40.3261, 87.0141



49.6385, 40.3261, 28.8941



40.4317, 40.3261, 18.0776

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



28.8836, 40.3276, 63.3892



70.4005, 84.4952, 107.2064



21.6706, 43.2173, 7.6024



14.5035, 17.7115, 22.9042



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

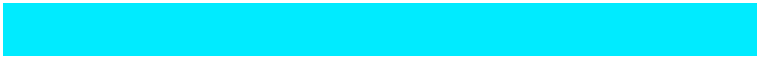


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



28.8836, 40.3276, 63.3892



47.7576, 66.6353, 104.9525



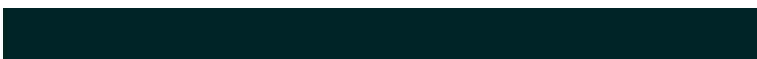
14.4245, 11.4095, 58.5695



11.4651, 12.5706, 14.3925



18.2101, 25.4442, 39.9077



0.9623, 1.3584, 2.0664



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



33.9800, 16.4695, 48.9664



56.2350, 27.2580, 80.8929



31.1041, 25.2410, 3.2339



11.6481, 11.3880, 13.9475



21.4025, 10.3716, 30.9021



1.1157, 0.5397, 1.6550



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 28.8823, 40.3261, 63.3882 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 28.8823, 40.3261, 63.3882 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

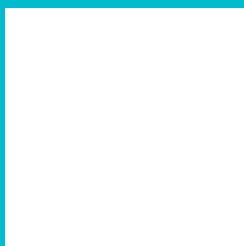
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 28.8823, 40.3261, 63.3882**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 28.8823, 40.3261, 63.3882.



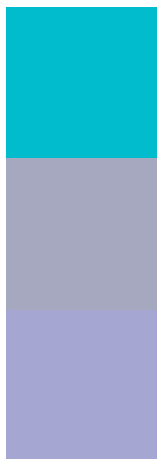
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 28.8823, 40.3261,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

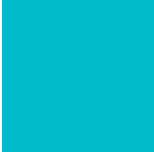
28.8823, 40.3261, 63.3882

### Protanopia

39.1325, 39.8738, 54.9241

### Deuteranopia

40.6619, 39.8752, 65.8752



## **Tritanopia**

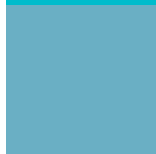
28.7627, 40.2782, 62.7584

# Trichromacy



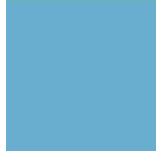
## Original Color

28.8823, 40.3261, 63.3882



## Protanomaly

31.2376, 37.7096, 57.8568



## Deuteranomaly

32.2242, 37.7804, 64.6254



## Tritanomaly

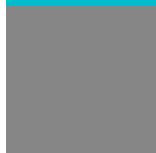
28.7627, 40.2782, 62.7584

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

28.8823, 40.3261, 63.3882



## Achromatopsia

22.6597, 23.8398, 25.9615



## Achromatomaly

21.5599, 27.5457, 36.9814

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 28.8823, 40.3261, 63.3882 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 188, 204)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 188, 204)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 188, 204) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 188, 204) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 28.8823, 40.3261, 63.3882 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 188, 204) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 188, 204) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 188, 204)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 188, 204); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 188, 204);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 188,  
204) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 28.8823, 40.3261, 63.3882 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 188, 204) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 188,  
204) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor