

# Converting Colors

XYZ(28.9334, 27.9897, 92.6851)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(28.9334, 27.9897, 92.6851)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(28.9322, 27.9888,  
92.6844)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3C91F8
RGB	60, 145, 248
RGB Percent	24%, 57%, 97%
CMY	0.7646, 0.4314, 0.0274
CMYK	0.76, 0.42, 0.00, 0.03
HSL	213°, 93%, 60%
HSV	213°, 76%, 97%
XYZ	28.9322, 27.9888, 92.6844
YIQ	131.3270, -83.7230, 14.0130

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

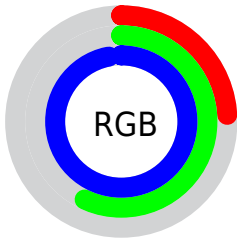
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	60, 119, 248
Decimal	3969528
CIELab	59.88, 9.28, -58.72
CIElCh	60, 59.449, 278.982
Yxy	27.9888, 0.1934, 0.1871
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282159608 (0xFF3C91F8)
YUV	131.3270, 57.5198, -62.5538
Hunter-Lab	52.9044, 5.0347, -66.8383

# Details

The XYZ color **28.9322, 27.9888, 92.6844** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **3399FF**. The color can be described as light washed azure. A complement of this color would be **52.6275, 46.4827, 10.4754**, and the grayscale version is **21.5144, 22.6348, 24.6493**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **47.6042, 52.4335, 102.2194**, and **13.4962, 11.9460, 50.8847** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **25.8157, 23.4822, 91.9794**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **33.0006, 33.3553, 93.5065**.

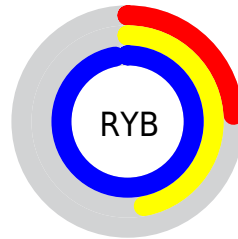
# Distribution



Red (24%)

Green (57%)

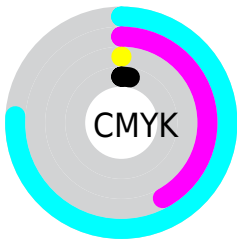
Blue (97%)



Red (24%)

Yellow (47%)

Blue (97%)

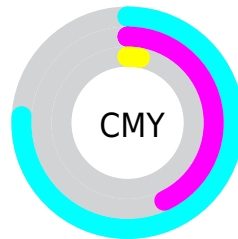


Cyan (76%)

Magenta (42%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (3%)



Cyan (76%)

Magenta (43%)

Yellow (3%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 28.9322, 27.9888, 92.6844 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 28.9322, 27.9888, 92.6844 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 28.9322, 27.9888,  
92.6844

■ 28.9322, 27.9888,  
92.6844

288.8949,  
292.4134, 557.5188

■ 19.1736, 18.3172,  
69.6230

■ 57.3677, 56.4666,  
153.0295

■ 11.9005, 11.1780,  
50.7444

■ 76.7752, 76.0415,  
191.1503

■ 6.7477, 6.1867,  
35.6299

■ 100.1297, 99.6864,  
235.1280

■ 3.3497, 2.9589,  
23.8611

■ 127.7966,  
127.7856, 285.3812

■ 1.3413, 1.1103,  
15.0193

160.1412,  
160.7235, 342.3283

■ 0.2138, 0.0000,  
8.6862

197.5289,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

198.8845, 406.3879

4.4431

240.3250,  
242.6530, 477.9785

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
1.8714

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.4745

■ 28.9322, 27.9888,  
92.6844

■ 28.9322, 27.9888,  
92.6844

■ 25.8157, 23.4822,  
91.9794

■ 33.0006, 33.3553,  
93.5065

■ 23.5316, 19.7602,  
91.3814

■ 38.1124, 39.6405,  
94.4502

■ 22.7506, 18.3918,  
91.1584

■ 44.3509, 46.8992,  
95.5225

■ 51.7893, 55.1804,  
96.7288

■ 60.4941, 64.5292,  
98.0746

■ 70.5267, 74.9877,  
99.5645

■ 81.9442, 86.5951,  
101.2032

■ 93.5324, 98.7354,  
102.9357

■ 93.9434, 99.5574,  
103.0727

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



21.7315, 27.9888, 88.0318



28.9322, 27.9888, 92.6844



36.8113, 27.9888, 75.5203

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



28.9322, 27.9888, 92.6844



39.5472, 27.9888, 11.0992



15.2290, 27.9888, 17.8711

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



28.9322, 27.9888, 92.6844



52.6275, 46.4827, 10.4754

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



18.4806, 27.9888, 8.2449



28.9322, 27.9888, 92.6844



32.1519, 27.9888, 5.8184

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



28.9322, 27.9888, 92.6844



43.6573, 27.9888, 24.4381



24.4014, 27.9888, 5.1024



14.6927, 27.9888, 37.4323



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



28.9322, 27.9888, 92.6844



41.0716, 27.9888, 57.2876



24.4014, 27.9888, 5.1024



16.0066, 27.9888, 13.6885

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



28.9334, 27.9897, 92.6851



67.2577, 71.7060, 104.9035



41.8012, 70.6441, 44.8161



13.6133, 14.5228, 22.3356



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



28.9334, 27.9897, 92.6851



26.1027, 22.8026, 97.6333



20.8258, 11.1787, 89.8676



16.9293, 17.9354, 21.9549



12.4256, 10.2069, 49.2888



1.2551, 1.1539, 4.5998



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



45.4393, 25.2343, 29.2643



45.4323, 23.4256, 22.4998



70.9106, 86.2920, 17.1957



17.5708, 17.3557, 19.5958



22.5639, 11.4413, 9.6780

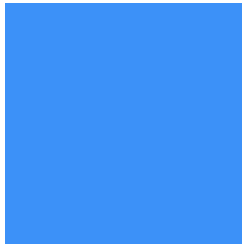


2.1424, 1.0807, 1.1736



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 28.9322, 27.9888, 92.6844 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

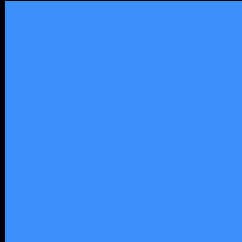
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 28.9322, 27.9888, 92.6844 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

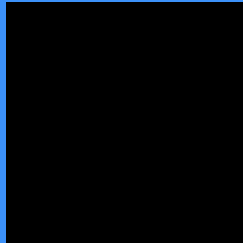
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

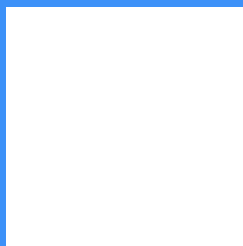
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 28.9322, 27.9888, 92.6844**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 28.9322, 27.9888, 92.6844.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 28.9322, 27.9888,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

28.9322, 27.9888, 92.6844

### Protanopia

30.7013, 27.8799, 88.5572

### Deuteranopia

28.9322, 27.9888, 92.6844



## Tritanopia

19.7488, 27.7365, 42.8409

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

28.9322, 27.9888, 92.6844

## Protanomaly

29.9007, 27.8699, 90.1897

## Deuteranomaly

28.9322, 27.9888, 92.6844

## Tritanomaly

22.1953, 27.4053, 58.1528

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

28.9322, 27.9888, 92.6844

## Achromatopsia

21.5731, 22.6966, 24.7166

## Achromatomaly

22.2698, 23.6676, 43.4389

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 28.9322, 27.9888, 92.6844 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(60, 145, 248)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(60, 145, 248)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(60, 145, 248) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(60, 145, 248) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 28.9322, 27.9888, 92.6844 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(60, 145, 248) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(60, 145, 248) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(60, 145, 248)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(60, 145, 248); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(60, 145, 248);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(60, 145,  
248) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 28.9322, 27.9888, 92.6844 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(60, 145, 248) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(60, 145,  
248) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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