

# Converting Colors

XYZ(29.0457, 29.4222, 34.1810)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(29.0457, 29.4222, 34.1810)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(29.0120, 29.3230,  
34.2678)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	999199
RGB	153, 145, 153
RGB Percent	60%, 57%, 60%
CMY	0.4000, 0.4314, 0.4000
CMYK	0.00, 0.05, 0.00, 0.40
HSL	300°, 4%, 58%
HSV	300°, 5%, 60%
XYZ	29.0120, 29.3230, 34.2678
YIQ	148.3040, 2.2000, 4.1840

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

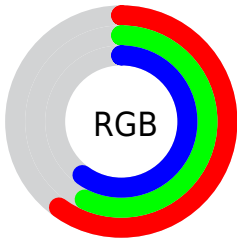
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	153, 145, 153
Decimal	10064281
CIE Lab	61.07, 4.47, -3.17
CIE LCh	61, 5.483, 324.682
Yxy	29.3230, 0.3133, 0.3167
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288254361 (0xFF999199)
YUV	148.3040, 2.3151, 4.1184
Hunter-Lab	54.1507, 0.8701, 0.3854

# Details

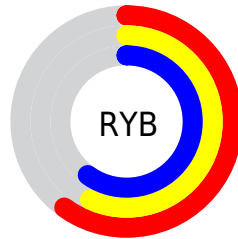
The XYZ color **29.0120, 29.3230, 34.2678** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **28.1803, 30.8473, 31.2584**, and the grayscale version is **28.2659, 29.7379, 32.3846**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **57.4180, 58.6172, 67.3195**, and **11.9700, 11.9685, 14.2496** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **26.8301, 24.9588, 33.5409**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **31.5105, 34.3195, 35.1010**.

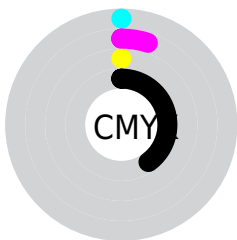
# Distribution



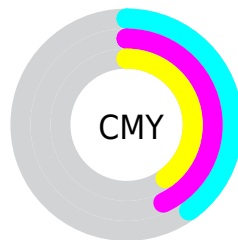
- Red (60%)
- Green (57%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (57%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (40%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 29.0120, 29.3230, 34.2678 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 29.0120, 29.3230, 34.2678 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 29.0120, 29.3230,  
34.2678

■ 29.0120, 29.3230,  
34.2678

289.2648,  
298.7359, 336.1301

■ 19.2342, 19.3253,  
22.8204

■ 57.4936, 58.5899,  
67.4886

■ 11.9447, 11.9056,  
14.2569

■ 76.9281, 78.6278,  
90.0990

■ 6.7779, 6.6794,  
8.1588

100.3122,  
102.7814, 117.2675

■ 3.3687, 3.2624,  
4.1075

128.0114,  
131.4348, 149.4126

■ 1.3516, 1.2702,  
1.6845

160.3908,  
164.9726, 186.9529

■ 0.2213, 0.1180,  
0.3501

197.8160,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

203.7791, 230.3068

0.0000

240.6522,  
248.2388, 279.8931

■ 29.0120, 29.3230,  
34.2678

■ 29.0120, 29.3230,  
34.2678

■ 26.8301, 24.9588,  
33.5409

■ 31.5105, 34.3195,  
35.1010

■ 24.9497, 21.1981,  
32.9141

■ 34.3348, 39.9680,  
36.0424

■ 23.3583, 18.0155,  
32.3837

■ 37.4970, 46.2922,  
37.0964

■ 22.0417, 15.3823,  
31.9448

■ 41.0077, 53.3134,  
38.2666

■ 20.9842, 13.2675,  
31.5923

■ 44.8770, 61.0521,  
39.5564

■ 20.1688, 11.6369,  
31.3206

■ 49.1149, 69.5277,  
40.9690

■ 19.5764, 10.4521,  
31.1231

■ 53.7306, 78.7590,  
42.5075

■ 19.1848, 9.6692,  
30.9926

■ 54.6475, 80.5926,  
42.8131

■ 18.9655, 9.2305,  
30.9195

■ 54.6475, 80.5927,  
42.8131

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



28.4509, 29.3230, 35.6556



29.0120, 29.3230, 34.2678



29.2675, 29.3230, 32.2955

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



29.0120, 29.3230, 34.2678



27.9988, 29.3230, 28.1516



26.6353, 29.3230, 33.6069

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



29.0120, 29.3230, 34.2678



28.1803, 30.8473, 31.2584

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



26.5189, 29.3230, 31.5628



29.0120, 29.3230, 34.2678



27.2983, 29.3230, 28.4692

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



29.0120, 29.3230, 34.2678



28.6762, 29.3230, 28.8100



26.7596, 29.3230, 29.6968



27.0803, 29.3230, 35.2627



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



29.0120, 29.3230, 34.2678



29.2271, 29.3230, 30.9364



26.7596, 29.3230, 29.6968



26.5568, 29.3230, 32.9401

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



29.0128, 29.3243, 34.2684



53.3215, 55.2426, 61.8245



27.5739, 28.6127, 34.2069



11.7860, 12.2224, 13.6555



72.9764, 76.7769, 83.6100



11.9732, 12.5967, 13.7178



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



29.0128, 29.3243, 34.2684



51.5869, 51.7735, 61.2463



28.6987, 29.1986, 32.6139



6.6048, 6.6108, 7.8569



15.6089, 7.4977, 25.5322



0.2334, 0.1121, 0.3817



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



28.3742, 29.0688, 30.9050



50.2558, 51.2411, 54.2366



28.4835, 30.9686, 32.8553



6.4248, 6.5388, 6.9092



10.8574, 5.5972, 0.5082



0.1623, 0.0837, 0.0076



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 29.0120, 29.3230, 34.2678 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

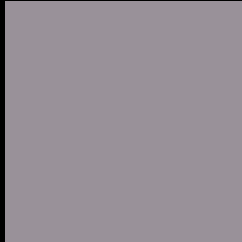
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 29.0120, 29.3230, 34.2678 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 29.0120, 29.3230, 34.2678**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 29.0120, 29.3230, 34.2678.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 29.0120, 29.3230,

34.2678.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

29.0120, 29.3230, 34.2678

### Protanopia

28.4792, 29.4964, 34.7642

### Deuteranopia

29.8703, 29.3158, 34.2212



## Tritanopia

29.2630, 29.4234, 35.5894

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

29.0120, 29.3230, 34.2678

## Protanomaly

28.6893, 29.3749, 34.7297

## Deuteranomaly

29.6277, 29.4145, 34.2530

## Tritanomaly

29.1787, 29.3897, 35.1452

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

29.0120, 29.3230, 34.2678

## Achromatopsia

28.1479, 29.6138, 32.2495

## Achromatomaly

28.5164, 29.5535, 33.0556

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 29.0120, 29.3230, 34.2678 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(153, 145, 153)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(153, 145, 153)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(153, 145, 153) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(153, 145, 153) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 29.0120, 29.3230, 34.2678 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(153, 145, 153) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(153, 145, 153) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(153, 145, 153)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(153, 145, 153); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 145, 153);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 145,  
153) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 29.0120, 29.3230, 34.2678 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(153, 145, 153) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(153,  
145, 153) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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