

Converting Colors

XYZ(29.1000, 29.6700, 30.9812)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(29.1000, 29.6700, 30.9812)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(29.1000, 29.6700,
30.9812)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9C9291
RGB	156, 146, 145
RGB Percent	61%, 57%, 57%
CMY	0.3882, 0.4274, 0.4314
CMYK	0.00, 0.06, 0.07, 0.39
HSL	5°, 5%, 59%
HSV	5°, 7%, 61%
XYZ	29.1000, 29.6700, 30.9812
YIQ	148.8760, 6.2810, 1.8090

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

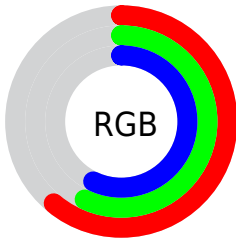
Format	Color
R_{YB}	156, 146, 145
Decimal	10261137
CIE Lab	61.37, 3.51, 1.85
CIE LCh	61, 3.966, 27.779
Yxy	29.6700, 0.3242, 0.3306
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288451217 (0xFF9C9291)
YUV	148.8760, -1.9109, 6.2477
Hunter-Lab	54.4702, 0.0386, 4.4065

Details

The XYZ color **29.1000, 29.6700, 30.9812** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **29.3991, 31.8622, 36.0533**, and the grayscale version is **28.5215, 30.0069, 32.6775**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **57.8270, 59.2810, 62.4274**, and **12.0741, 12.1952, 12.5440** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **25.9273, 25.1190, 24.3908**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **32.7107, 34.8318, 38.5333**.

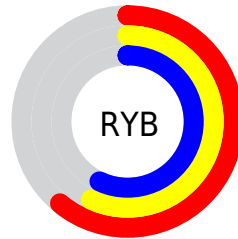
Distribution



Red (61%)

Green (57%)

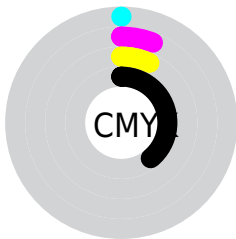
Blue (57%)



Red (61%)

Yellow (57%)

Blue (57%)

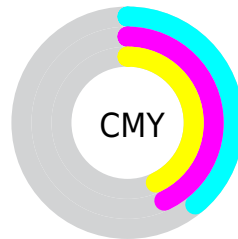


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (6%)

Yellow (7%)

Black (39%)



Cyan (39%)

Magenta (43%)

Yellow (43%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 29.1000, 29.6700, 30.9812 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 29.1000, 29.6700, 30.9812 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 29.1000, 29.6700,
30.9812

■ 29.1000, 29.6700,
30.9812

289.6722,
300.3632, 320.8002

■ 19.3011, 19.5882,
20.3262

■ 57.6324, 59.1399,
62.2897

■ 11.9934, 12.0961,
12.4459

■ 77.0966, 79.2969,
83.7803

■ 6.8113, 6.8092,
6.9219

100.5134,
103.5810, 109.7198

■ 3.3897, 3.3430,
3.3356

128.2480,
132.3767, 140.5268

■ 1.3630, 1.3133,
1.2685

160.6658,
166.0684, 176.6197

■ 0.2296, 0.1515,
0.0357

198.1322,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

205.0404, 218.4173

0.0000

241.0126,
249.6772, 266.3379

■ 29.1000, 29.6700,
30.9812

■ 29.1000, 29.6700,
30.9812

■ 25.9273, 25.1190,
24.3908

■ 32.7107, 34.8318,
38.5333

■ 23.1734, 21.1525,
18.7217

■ 36.7725, 40.6218,
47.0814

■ 20.8217, 17.7479,
13.9333

■ 41.3012, 47.0616,
56.6608

■ 18.8531, 14.8798,
9.9814

■ 46.3109, 54.1703,
67.3041

■ 17.2474, 12.5209,
6.8180

■ 51.8154, 61.9666,
79.0428

■ 15.9822, 10.6412,
4.3901

■ 57.8275, 70.4683,
91.9069

■ 15.0327, 9.2079,
2.6381

■ 64.3601, 79.6925,
105.9253

■ 14.3708, 8.1838,
1.4934

■ 67.5204, 85.8080,
107.6116

■ 13.9585, 7.5238,
0.8487

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



29.2178, 29.6700, 32.4174



29.1000, 29.6700, 30.9812



28.7403, 29.6700, 29.9287

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



29.1000, 29.6700, 30.9812



27.3578, 29.6700, 30.7935



28.1615, 29.6700, 35.2712

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



29.1000, 29.6700, 30.9812



29.3991, 31.8622, 36.0533

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



27.6674, 29.6700, 34.8051



29.1000, 29.6700, 30.9812



27.2070, 29.6700, 32.1940

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



29.1000, 29.6700, 30.9812



27.7341, 29.6700, 29.8227



27.3196, 29.6700, 33.6672



28.6720, 29.6700, 34.9226

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



29.1000, 29.6700, 30.9812



28.4140, 29.6700, 29.5705



27.3196, 29.6700, 33.6672



27.9880, 29.6700, 35.2043

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



29.1008, 29.6713, 30.9818



56.0398, 58.4477, 62.9225



29.7595, 29.6885, 35.2094



12.3490, 12.8865, 13.8829



74.8435, 78.7412, 85.7492



12.6291, 13.2868, 14.4694

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



29.1008, 29.6713, 30.9818



52.1782, 52.9218, 54.8611



29.9553, 31.3802, 31.2667



6.6793, 6.7386, 6.9343



11.4372, 6.1101, 0.5766



0.2171, 0.1344, 0.0145

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



29.3991, 31.8622, 36.0533



52.8003, 57.4923, 65.4410



28.5182, 30.1004, 35.7597



6.7701, 7.4060, 8.4794



12.8965, 17.8845, 28.6796



0.2441, 0.3469, 0.5173

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 29.1000, 29.6700, 30.9812 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

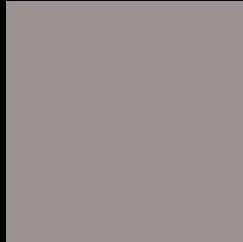
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 29.1000, 29.6700, 30.9812 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

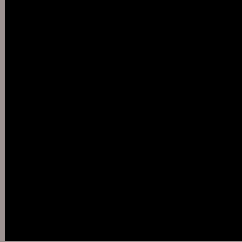
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 29.1000, 29.6700, 30.9812

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 29.1000, 29.6700, 30.9812.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 29.1000, 29.6700,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

29.1000, 29.6700, 30.9812

Protanopia

28.3845, 29.5221, 31.3964

Deuteranopia

30.1150, 29.5068, 31.3023



Tritanopia

30.0746, 29.6159, 35.5838

Trichromacy



Original Color

29.1000, 29.6700, 30.9812

Protanomaly

28.7589, 29.7151, 31.4140

Deuteranomaly

29.6588, 29.4954, 31.3241

Tritanomaly

29.6975, 29.6859, 33.8705

Monochromacy



Original Color

29.1000, 29.6700, 30.9812

Achromatopsia

28.5667, 30.0544, 32.7292

Achromatomaly

28.8841, 29.9933, 32.2839

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 29.1000, 29.6700, 30.9812 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(156, 146, 145)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(156, 146, 145)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(156, 146, 145) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(156, 146, 145) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 29.1000, 29.6700, 30.9812 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(156, 146, 145) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(156, 146, 145) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(156, 146, 145)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(156, 146, 145); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 146, 145);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 146,  
145) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 29.1000, 29.6700, 30.9812 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(156, 146, 145) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(156,  
146, 145) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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