

Converting Colors

XYZ(29.1043, 36.8380, 1.7200)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(29.1043, 36.8380, 1.7200)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(29.6672, 36.9124,
5.5612)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A3AB00
RGB	163, 171, 0
RGB Percent	64%, 67%, 0%
CMY	0.3608, 0.3294, 0.9999
CMYK	0.05, 0.00, 1.00, 0.33
HSL	63°, 100%, 34%
HSV	63°, 100%, 67%
XYZ	29.6672, 36.9124, 5.5612
YIQ	149.1140, 50.1230, -54.8770

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

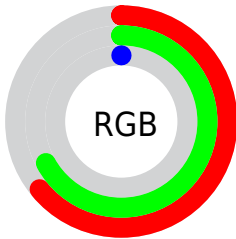
Format	Color
RYB	0, 171, 8
Decimal	10726144
CIELab	67.21, -19.50, 69.26
CIELCh	67, 71.955, 105.724
Yxy	36.9124, 0.4112, 0.5117
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288916224 (0xFFA3AB00)
YUV	149.1140, -73.5132, 12.1780
Hunter-Lab	60.7556, -19.1600, 37.1019

Details

The XYZ color **29.6672, 36.9124, 5.5612** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999900**. A complement of this color would be **7.4517, 2.9926, 38.7153**, and the grayscale version is **28.9020, 30.4071, 33.1133**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **58.3547, 70.3007, 17.5149**, and **12.6602, 16.3195, 2.4827** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **29.6678, 36.9140, 5.5615**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **29.9345, 37.0397, 6.1068**.

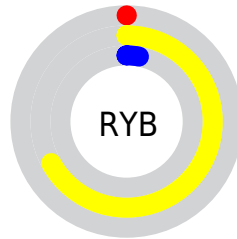
Distribution



Red (64%)

Green (67%)

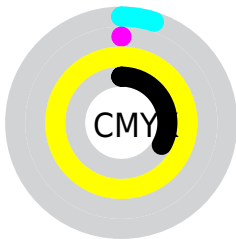
Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (67%)

Blue (3%)

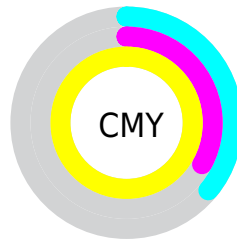


Cyan (5%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (33%)



Cyan (36%)

Magenta (33%)

Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 29.6672, 36.9124, 5.5612 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 29.6672, 36.9124, 5.5612 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 29.6672, 36.9124,
5.5612

■ 29.6672, 36.9124,
5.5612

292.2878,
332.9311, 164.2562

■ 19.7329, 25.1397,
2.5157

■ 58.5257, 70.4380,
17.4748

■ 12.3082, 16.1811,
0.8485

■ 78.1807, 92.9597,
27.1799

■ 7.0276, 9.6524,
0.0000

■ 101.8066,
119.8332, 39.9420

■ 3.5259, 5.1691,
0.0000

■ 129.7688,
151.4429, 56.1797

■ 1.4376, 2.3468,
0.0000

■ 162.4327,
188.1731, 76.3114

■ 0.2828, 0.7983,
0.0000

■ 200.1636,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

230.4083, 100.7557

0.0000

243.3269,
278.5328, 129.9311

■ 29.6672, 36.9124,
5.5612

■ 29.6672, 36.9124,
5.5612

■ 29.6678, 36.9140,
5.5615

■ 29.9345, 37.0397,
6.1068

■ 30.2898, 37.2009,
7.1140

■ 30.7690, 37.4119,
8.7684

■ 31.3883, 37.6789,
11.1546

■ 32.1611, 38.0075,
14.3441

■ 33.0995, 38.4025,
18.4001

■ 34.2143, 38.8681,
23.3795

■ 35.5154, 39.4084,
29.3344

■ 37.0119, 40.0270,
36.3128

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



40.5529, 36.9124, 5.4560



29.6672, 36.9124, 5.5612



22.0333, 36.9124, 11.0306

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



29.6672, 36.9124, 5.5612



22.3112, 36.9124, 100.8987



59.7840, 36.9124, 57.0239

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



29.6672, 36.9124, 5.5612



7.4517, 2.9926, 38.7153

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



52.4781, 36.9124, 98.9156



29.6672, 36.9124, 5.5612



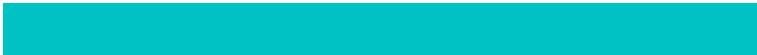
30.1306, 36.9124, 131.8981

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



29.6672, 36.9124, 5.5612



18.4312, 36.9124, 58.9084



41.1233, 36.9124, 131.0264



59.5871, 36.9124, 25.9294

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



29.6672, 36.9124, 5.5612



19.1413, 36.9124, 20.1032



41.1233, 36.9124, 131.0264



58.0672, 36.9124, 70.5328

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



29.6680, 36.9141, 5.5620



61.1561, 69.5582, 41.3432



16.8578, 8.7826, 0.8072



13.4486, 15.4328, 8.3681



82.5889, 86.8899, 94.6231



15.4596, 16.2647, 17.7123

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



29.6680, 36.9141, 5.5620



53.0784, 66.0803, 9.9573



17.8563, 30.8249, 5.0092



8.6251, 9.3108, 8.5559



22.3764, 27.8326, 4.1929



0.6335, 0.7800, 0.1172

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



7.4517, 2.9926, 38.7153



13.2947, 5.3329, 69.3305



11.6865, 5.1757, 38.9135



7.6123, 7.7744, 10.0521



5.6295, 2.2620, 29.1844



0.1676, 0.0686, 0.8124

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 29.6672, 36.9124, 5.5612 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 29.6672, 36.9124, 5.5612 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 29.6672, 36.9124, 5.5612

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 29.6672, 36.9124, 5.5612.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 29.6672, 36.9124,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

29.6672, 36.9124, 5.5612

Deuteranopia

37.3728, 36.6436, 6.1401

Tritanopia

37.4280, 36.8505, 43.6683

Trichromacy



Original Color

29.6672, 36.9124, 5.5612

Deuteranomaly

34.0813, 36.4774, 5.7749

Tritanomaly

32.6521, 35.9564, 19.6873

Monochromacy



Original Color

29.6672, 36.9124, 5.5612

Achromatopsia

28.5667, 30.0544, 32.7292

Achromatomaly

27.4490, 31.8102, 15.5197

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 29.6672, 36.9124, 5.5612 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(163, 171, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(163, 171, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(163, 171, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(163, 171, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 29.6672, 36.9124, 5.5612 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(163, 171, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(163, 171, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(163, 171, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(163, 171, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 171, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 171,  
0) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 29.6672, 36.9124, 5.5612 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(163, 171, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(163,  
171, 0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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