

# Converting Colors

XYZ(29.1319, 19.3802, 82.7269)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(29.1319, 19.3802, 82.7269)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(29.1977, 19.3440,  
83.0838)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	855FEE
RGB	133, 95, 238
RGB Percent	52%, 37%, 93%
CMY	0.4784, 0.6274, 0.0667
CMYK	0.44, 0.60, 0.00, 0.07
HSL	256°, 81%, 65%
HSV	256°, 60%, 93%
XYZ	29.1977, 19.3440, 83.0838
YIQ	122.6640, -23.2550, 52.5290

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

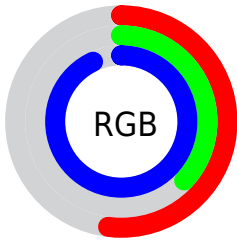
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">133, 95, 238</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">8740846</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">51.09, 48.20, -67.09</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">51, 82.612, 305.694</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">19.3440, 0.2218, 0.1470</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4286930926</a> ( <a href="#">0xFF855FEE</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">122.6640, 56.8606, 9.0647</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">43.9818, 41.5306, -81.2144</a>

# Details

The XYZ color **29.1977, 19.3440, 83.0838** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9966FF**. The color can be described as light muted purple. A complement of this color would be **56.4589, 74.2546, 22.1836**, and the grayscale version is **18.5416, 19.5072, 21.2433**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **50.2219, 39.2939, 99.5452**, and **12.0651, 6.7067, 44.3747** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **24.8389, 14.3860, 82.3570**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **34.6720, 25.8491, 84.0513**.

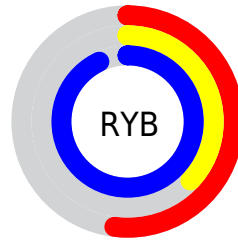
# Distribution



Red (52%)

Green (37%)

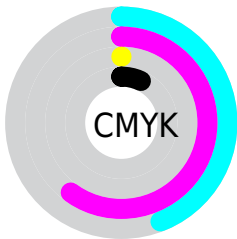
Blue (93%)



Red (52%)

Yellow (37%)

Blue (93%)

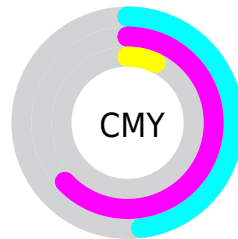


Cyan (44%)

Magenta (60%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (7%)



Cyan (48%)

Magenta (63%)

Yellow (7%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 29.1977, 19.3440, 83.0838 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 29.1977, 19.3440, 83.0838 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 29.1977, 19.3440,  
83.0838

■ 29.1977, 19.3440,  
83.0838

290.1240,  
248.3413, 525.2441

■ 19.3755, 11.9191,  
61.7183

■ 57.7864, 42.3146,  
139.5431

■ 12.0475, 6.6886,  
44.3708

■ 77.2836, 58.6290,  
175.4740

■ 6.8485, 3.2681,  
30.6228

■ 100.7365, 78.6755,  
217.0970

■ 3.4130, 1.2733,  
20.0557

■ 128.5105,  
102.8383, 264.8308

■ 1.3757, 0.1204,  
12.2511

160.9709,  
131.5019, 319.0939

■ 0.2388, 0.0000,  
6.7903

198.4830,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

165.0507, 380.3047

3.2548

241.4123,  
203.8690, 448.8820

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
1.2262

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0001

■ 29.1977, 19.3440,  
83.0838

■ 29.1977, 19.3440,  
83.0838

■ 24.8389, 14.3860,  
82.3570

■ 34.6720, 25.8491,  
84.0513

■ 21.5082, 10.8380,  
81.8477

■ 41.3342, 34.0183,  
85.2770

■ 19.1086, 8.5408,  
81.5308

■ 49.2533, 43.9594,  
86.7784

■ 17.4987, 7.2381,  
81.3642

■ 58.4924, 55.7703,  
88.5712

■ 69.1098, 69.5418,  
90.6698

■ 81.1604, 85.3585,  
93.0876

■ 92.4327, 98.9531,  
95.1175

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



19.9942, 19.3440, 105.4446



29.1977, 19.3440, 83.0838



36.8107, 19.3440, 45.6336

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



29.1977, 19.3440, 83.0838



25.6645, 19.3440, 0.8943



6.7409, 19.3440, 25.8650

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



29.1977, 19.3440, 83.0838



56.4589, 74.2546, 22.1836

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



7.4394, 19.3440, 7.4125



29.1977, 19.3440, 83.0838



16.8663, 19.3440, 0.4109

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



29.1977, 19.3440, 83.0838



34.3824, 19.3440, 4.1796



10.6392, 19.3440, 1.5599



8.3279, 19.3440, 59.8905



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



29.1977, 19.3440, 83.0838



39.0008, 19.3440, 24.6354



10.6392, 19.3440, 1.5599



6.7239, 19.3440, 17.8526

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



29.1986, 19.3446, 83.0843



70.7848, 68.2891, 104.0581



41.3315, 50.9648, 88.5481



14.4200, 13.6745, 22.1294



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



29.1986, 19.3446, 83.0843



28.1014, 15.7845, 96.1733



43.9500, 26.9492, 83.7746



15.2913, 15.4319, 19.8943



9.8665, 4.0918, 45.3976



0.9118, 0.3873, 3.7809



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49.7773, 30.5318, 57.9113



54.6844, 30.2838, 61.4871



41.9618, 66.7811, 21.5051



16.2645, 15.9555, 18.9490



24.0310, 11.8848, 23.8776

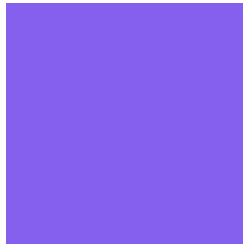


2.0401, 1.0051, 2.2018



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 29.1977, 19.3440, 83.0838 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

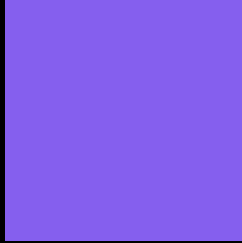
Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 29.1977, 19.3440, 83.0838 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

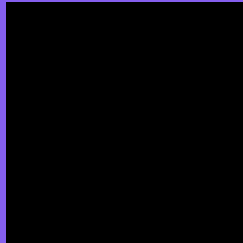
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 29.1977, 19.3440, 83.0838**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 29.1977, 19.3440, 83.0838.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 29.1977, 19.3440,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

29.1977, 19.3440, 83.0838

### Protanopia

23.4602, 19.5621, 92.1619

### Deuteranopia

19.7320, 19.4251, 68.3551



## Tritanopia

17.5741, 19.2623, 25.3460

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

29.1977, 19.3440, 83.0838



## Protanomaly

23.1690, 18.1582, 88.6700



## Deuteranomaly

20.7147, 17.8749, 73.5926



## Tritanomaly

20.5540, 18.5018, 41.5176

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

29.1977, 19.3440, 83.0838



## Achromatopsia

18.8265, 19.8069, 21.5697



## Achromatomaly

21.4491, 19.0389, 38.1417

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 29.1977, 19.3440, 83.0838 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(133, 95, 238)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(133, 95, 238)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(133, 95, 238) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(133, 95, 238) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 29.1977, 19.3440, 83.0838 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(133, 95, 238) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(133, 95, 238) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(133, 95, 238)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(133, 95, 238); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(133, 95, 238);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(133, 95,  
238) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 29.1977, 19.3440, 83.0838 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(133, 95, 238) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(133, 95,  
238) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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