

# Converting Colors

XYZ(29.1338, 26.8500, 4.5112)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(29.1338, 26.8500, 4.5112)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(29.1338, 26.8500, 4.5112)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(29.1338, 26.8500,  
4.5112)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BD8218
RGB	189, 130, 24
RGB Percent	74%, 51%, 9%
CMY	0.2588, 0.4902, 0.9059
CMYK	0.00, 0.31, 0.87, 0.26
HSL	39°, 77%, 42%
HSV	39°, 87%, 74%
XYZ	29.1338, 26.8500, 4.5112
YIQ	135.5570, 69.1900, -20.4580

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

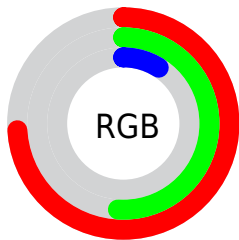
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	116, 189, 24
Decimal	12419608
CIE Lab	58.84, 14.56, 59.82
CIE LCh	59, 61.567, 76.322
Yxy	26.8500, 0.4816, 0.4438
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290609688 (0xFFBD8218)
YUV	135.5570, -54.9976, 46.8695
Hunter-Lab	51.8170, 9.6809, 31.1101

# Details

The XYZ color **29.1338, 26.8500, 4.5112** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9933**. A complement of this color would be **12.6553, 10.0548, 49.4176**, and the grayscale version is **23.4177, 24.6373, 26.8300**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **57.8058, 54.7702, 15.1144**, and **12.1484, 10.6307, 1.4116** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **28.1278, 25.0573, 3.5006**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **30.3325, 28.8165, 6.2398**.

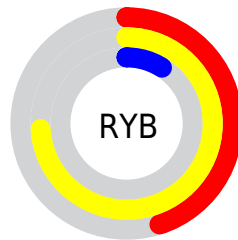
# Distribution



Red (74%)

Green (51%)

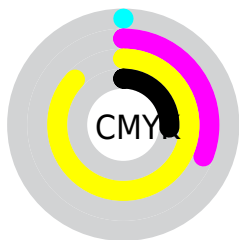
Blue (9%)



Red (45%)

Yellow (74%)

Blue (9%)

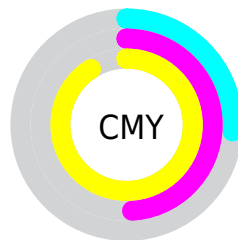


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (31%)

Yellow (87%)

Black (26%)



Cyan (26%)

Magenta (49%)


Yellow (91%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 29.1338, 26.8500, 4.5112 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 29.1338, 26.8500, 4.5112 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 29.1338, 26.8500,  
4.5112


 29.1338, 26.8500,  
4.5112


289.8286,  
286.9301, 153.7483

 19.3269, 17.4606,  
1.9098


 57.6857, 54.6431,  
15.1726

 12.0121, 10.5634,  
0.4989


 77.1613, 73.8155,  
24.0696

 6.8242, 5.7741,  
0.0000


 100.5906, 97.0178,  
35.9022

 3.3977, 2.7082,  
0.0000

 128.3388,  
124.6343, 51.0890

 1.3674, 0.9814,  
0.0000

 160.7714,  
157.0494, 70.0484

 0.2328, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 198.2536,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

194.6474, 93.1991

0.0000

241.1509,  
237.8129, 120.9596

29.1338, 26.8500,  
4.5112

29.1338, 26.8500,  
4.5112

28.1278, 25.0573,  
3.5006

30.3325, 28.8165,  
6.2398

27.8749, 24.5963,  
3.2784

31.7511, 30.9660,  
8.8330

33.4111, 33.3101,  
12.3952

35.3304, 35.8574,  
17.0156

37.5249, 38.6160,  
22.7731

■ 40.0090, 41.5933,  
29.7390

■ 42.7961, 44.7961,  
37.9788

■ 45.8986, 48.2308,  
47.5533

■ 49.3282, 51.9038,  
58.5191

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



37.0004, 26.8500, 8.2116



29.1338, 26.8500, 4.5112



21.6297, 26.8500, 4.6565

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



29.1338, 26.8500, 4.5112



13.9082, 26.8500, 42.6441



37.6146, 26.8500, 68.7069

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



29.1338, 26.8500, 4.5112



12.6553, 10.0548, 49.4176

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



29.8511, 26.8500, 90.5978



29.1338, 26.8500, 4.5112



16.7003, 26.8500, 71.1491

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



29.1338, 26.8500, 4.5112



13.7921, 26.8500, 20.4137



22.2183, 26.8500, 91.6643



42.5144, 26.8500, 40.2896



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



29.1338, 26.8500, 4.5112



17.8063, 26.8500, 6.8185



22.2183, 26.8500, 91.6643



35.1910, 26.8500, 77.5778

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



29.1344, 26.8514, 4.5117



72.0751, 74.9841, 54.4725



22.9329, 12.1202, 9.6219



15.1518, 15.7158, 10.7163



90.7827, 95.5105, 104.0109



18.6292, 19.5994, 21.3438



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



29.1344, 26.8514, 4.5117



49.6893, 43.5822, 5.7933



34.2988, 44.6765, 7.6801



10.0275, 10.5309, 10.0808



18.8295, 16.6978, 2.2306



0.7973, 0.7735, 0.1073



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



12.6553, 10.0548, 49.4176



19.9021, 13.4828, 87.7797



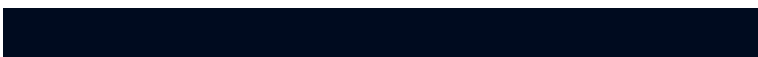
10.6389, 4.9085, 48.5306



9.2882, 9.7687, 12.0682



7.6201, 5.3520, 33.0243



0.3611, 0.3348, 1.3145



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 29.1338, 26.8500, 4.5112 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 29.1338, 26.8500, 4.5112 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 29.1338, 26.8500, 4.5112**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 29.1338, 26.8500, 4.5112.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 29.1338, 26.8500,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

29.1338, 26.8500, 4.5112

### Protanopia

24.3680, 26.8987, 4.9445

### Deuteranopia

27.3897, 26.9658, 4.4708



## Tritanopia

33.3723, 26.8886, 24.5502

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

29.1338, 26.8500, 4.5112

## Protanomaly

26.0695, 26.9095, 4.7973

## Deuteranomaly

28.0608, 26.9003, 4.4724

## Tritanomaly

31.0883, 26.5081, 13.3756

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

29.1338, 26.8500, 4.5112

## Achromatopsia

23.4014, 24.6201, 26.8113

## Achromatomaly

24.1082, 24.8450, 14.3514

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 29.1338, 26.8500, 4.5112 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(189, 130, 24)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(189, 130, 24)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(189, 130, 24) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(189, 130, 24) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 29.1338, 26.8500, 4.5112 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(189, 130, 24) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(189, 130, 24) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(189, 130, 24)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(189, 130, 24); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(189, 130, 24);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(189, 130,  
24) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 29.1338, 26.8500, 4.5112 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(189, 130, 24) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(189,  
130, 24) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor