

# Converting Colors

XYZ(29.1878, 38.3036, 52.7325)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(29.1878, 38.3036, 52.7325)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(29.1287, 38.2088,  
52.8535)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	56B4BB
RGB	86, 180, 187
RGB Percent	34%, 71%, 73%
CMY	0.6627, 0.2941, 0.2667
CMYK	0.54, 0.04, 0.00, 0.27
HSL	184°, 43%, 54%
HSV	184°, 54%, 73%
XYZ	29.1287, 38.2088, 52.8535
YIQ	152.6920, -58.2710, -17.7510

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

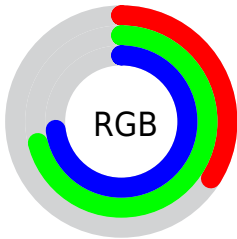
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">86, 135, 187</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">5682363</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">68.17, -25.72, -12.05</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">68, 28.400, 205.113</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">38.2088, 0.2424, 0.3179</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4283872443 (0xFF56B4BB)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">152.6920, 16.9138, -58.4889</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">61.8133, -24.0574, -7.4267</a>

# Details

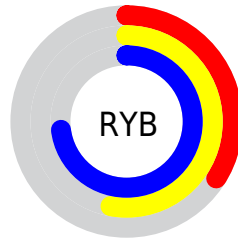
The XYZ color **29.1287, 38.2088, 52.8535** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **26.0885, 19.0663, 11.1104**, and the grayscale version is **30.0926, 31.6598, 34.4775**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **57.6747, 72.3913, 95.7272**, and **12.0441, 16.9781, 25.1966** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **27.3669, 36.9149, 52.6973**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **31.3456, 39.7427, 53.0334**.

# Distribution



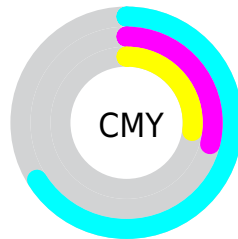
- Red (34%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (73%)



- Red (34%)
- Yellow (53%)
- Blue (73%)



- Cyan (54%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (27%)



- Cyan (66%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (27%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 29.1287, 38.2088, 52.8535 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 29.1287, 38.2088, 52.8535 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 29.1287, 38.2088,  
52.8535

■ 29.1287, 38.2088,  
52.8535

289.8050,  
338.5148, 414.7731

■ 19.3230, 26.1448,  
37.2989

■ 57.6776, 72.4281,  
95.8281

■ 12.0093, 16.9320,  
25.1414

■ 77.1516, 95.3521,  
124.0852

■ 6.8222, 10.1860,  
15.9625

■ 100.5790,  
122.6649, 157.4136

■ 3.3965, 5.5225,  
9.3435

■ 128.3251,  
154.7509, 196.2318

■ 1.3668, 2.5569,  
4.8661

160.7555,  
191.9946, 240.9583

■ 0.2324, 0.9051,  
2.1115

198.2353,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

234.7801, 292.0116

0.6226

241.1300,  
283.4921, 349.8104

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 29.1287, 38.2088,  
52.8535

■ 29.1287, 38.2088,  
52.8535

■ 27.3669, 36.9149,  
52.6973

■ 31.3456, 39.7427,  
53.0334

■ 26.0209, 35.8381,  
52.5604

■ 34.0463, 41.5288,  
53.2358

■ 25.0504, 34.9584,  
52.4418

■ 37.2610, 43.5835,  
53.4630

■ 24.4054, 34.2502,  
52.3390

■ 41.0166, 45.9207,  
53.7162

■ 24.1142, 33.8767,  
52.2823

■ 45.3380, 48.5532,  
53.9965

■ 50.2487, 51.4932,  
54.3052

■ 55.7706, 54.7521,  
54.6432

■ 61.9249, 58.3406,  
55.0115

■ 68.7313, 62.2690,  
55.4110

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



28.4646, 38.2088, 39.5569



29.1287, 38.2088, 52.8535



31.6537, 38.2088, 65.0257

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



29.1287, 38.2088, 52.8535



43.7707, 38.2088, 57.1942



37.0476, 38.2088, 21.7041

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



29.1287, 38.2088, 52.8535



26.0885, 19.0663, 11.1104

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



41.4157, 38.2088, 24.6121



29.1287, 38.2088, 52.8535



45.4934, 38.2088, 43.7183

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



29.1287, 38.2088, 52.8535



40.0574, 38.2088, 67.8682



44.5986, 38.2088, 32.0741



32.8158, 38.2088, 23.1749



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



29.1287, 38.2088, 52.8535



34.1691, 38.2088, 69.9527



44.5986, 38.2088, 32.0741



38.5516, 38.2088, 22.1813

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



29.1299, 38.2103, 52.8544



71.8588, 81.2551, 96.0978



23.5731, 38.3056, 16.4466



15.5107, 17.6992, 21.1414



90.7827, 95.5105, 104.0109



18.6292, 19.5994, 21.3438



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



29.1299, 38.2103, 52.8544



48.4625, 65.6889, 94.3264



20.7602, 21.4708, 50.0645



9.7505, 10.6933, 12.2223



16.6364, 23.3845, 36.0297



0.6688, 0.9503, 1.4170



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



32.0606, 20.5168, 45.4519



54.4073, 31.1738, 79.0020



32.0317, 30.9529, 13.0915



9.9007, 9.6846, 11.8658



19.3980, 9.3904, 28.4534

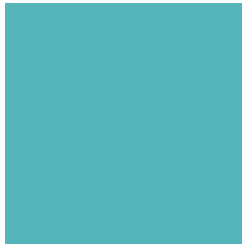


0.7685, 0.3713, 1.1601



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 29.1287, 38.2088, 52.8535 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 29.1287, 38.2088, 52.8535 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

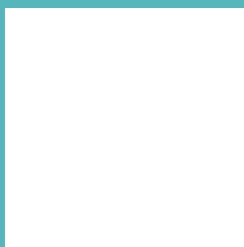
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 29.1287, 38.2088, 52.8535**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 29.1287, 38.2088, 52.8535.



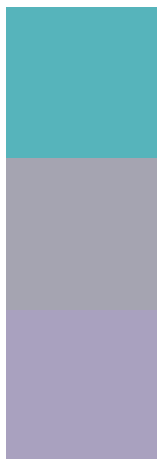
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 29.1287, 38.2088,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

29.1287, 38.2088, 52.8535

### Protanopia

36.7283, 37.7246, 46.9408

### Deuteranopia

38.5110, 37.6863, 54.5347



## Tritanopia

29.7702, 38.1652, 56.2496

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

29.1287, 38.2088, 52.8535

**Protanomaly**

32.8686, 37.3199, 49.1872

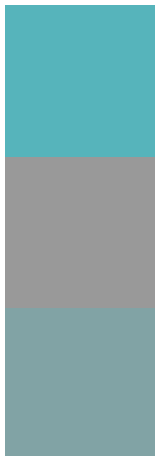
**Deuteranomaly**

33.9444, 37.2119, 54.1088

**Tritanomaly**

29.4545, 38.0280, 55.0779

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

29.1287, 38.2088, 52.8535

**Achromatopsia**

30.2779, 31.8547, 34.6897

**Achromatomaly**

28.9420, 33.5781, 40.5531

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 29.1287, 38.2088, 52.8535 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(86, 180, 187)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(86, 180, 187)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(86, 180, 187) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(86, 180, 187) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 29.1287, 38.2088, 52.8535 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(86, 180, 187) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(86, 180, 187) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(86, 180, 187)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(86, 180, 187); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(86, 180, 187);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(86, 180,  
187) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 29.1287, 38.2088, 52.8535 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(86, 180, 187) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(86, 180,  
187) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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