

# Converting Colors

XYZ(29.2189, 24.2568, 29.9400)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(29.2189, 24.2568, 29.9400)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(29.1632, 24.2367,  
29.9291)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	AE7791
RGB	174, 119, 145
RGB Percent	68%, 47%, 57%
CMY	0.3176, 0.5333, 0.4314
CMYK	0.00, 0.32, 0.17, 0.32
HSL	332°, 25%, 57%
HSV	332°, 32%, 68%
XYZ	29.1632, 24.2367, 29.9291
YIQ	138.4090, 24.4340, 19.7460

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

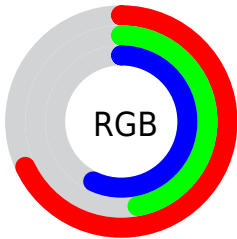
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	174, 119, 145
Decimal	11433873
CIELab	56.32, 25.50, -5.34
CIELCh	56, 26.050, 348.165
Yxy	24.2367, 0.3500, 0.2909
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289623953 (0xFFAE7791)
YUV	138.4090, 3.2494, 31.2133
Hunter-Lab	49.2308, 19.5855, -1.5829

# Details

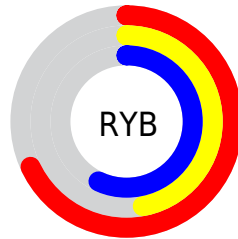
The XYZ color **29.1632, 24.2367, 29.9291** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996699**. A complement of this color would be **28.0901, 36.3328, 33.5512**, and the grayscale version is **24.2958, 25.5611, 27.8360**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **57.6945, 50.4516, 60.7301**, and **12.0014, 9.1996, 11.9696** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **26.5998, 20.1965, 25.7239**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **32.1643, 29.0602, 34.5626**.

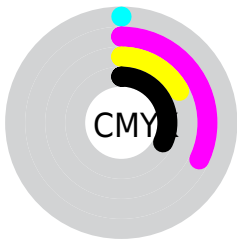
# Distribution



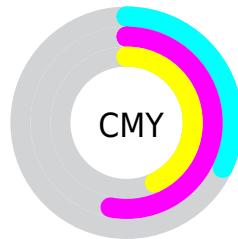
- Red (68%)
- Green (47%)
- Blue (57%)



- Red (68%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (57%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (32%)
- Yellow (17%)
- Black (32%)




- Cyan (32%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (43%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 29.1632, 24.2367, 29.9291 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 29.1632, 24.2367, 29.9291 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 29.1632, 24.2367,  
29.9291


 29.1632, 24.2367,  
29.9291


289.9645,  
274.0150, 315.7708

 19.3492, 15.5093,  
19.5332


 57.7320, 50.4162,  
60.6097

 12.0284, 9.1776,  
11.8755


 77.2176, 68.6371,  
81.7315

 6.8353, 4.8572,  
6.5374


 100.6578, 90.7912,  
107.2656

 3.4048, 2.1637,  
3.1005

128.4178,  
117.2630, 137.6307

 1.3712, 0.7001,  
1.1462

160.8632,  
148.4369, 173.2452

 0.2356, 0.0000,  
0.0000

198.3592,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

184.6973, 214.5277

0.0000

241.2712,  
226.4285, 261.8967

■ 29.1632, 24.2367,  
29.9291

■ 29.1632, 24.2367,  
29.9291

■ 26.5998, 20.1965,  
25.7239

■ 32.1643, 29.0602,  
34.5626

■ 24.4499, 16.8944,  
21.9317

■ 35.6214, 34.7024,  
39.6363

■ 22.6901, 14.2854,  
18.5379


■ 39.5543, 41.2008,  
45.1630


■ 21.2937, 12.3184,  
15.5266


■ 43.9810, 48.5892,  
51.1549


■ 20.2304, 10.9352,  
12.8801


■ 48.9185, 56.8998,  
57.6235


 19.4642, 10.0666,  
10.5788

 54.3830, 66.1632,  
64.5798

 18.9881, 9.6117,  
8.8868

 60.3899, 76.4085,  
72.0344

 65.9232, 85.6017,  
79.6541

 67.1606, 86.0967,  
86.1701

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



27.6123, 24.2367, 39.0293



29.1632, 24.2367, 29.9291



28.9705, 24.2367, 21.5622

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



29.1632, 24.2367, 29.9291



21.2824, 24.2367, 13.5880



19.3952, 24.2367, 40.7296

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



29.1632, 24.2367, 29.9291



28.0901, 36.3328, 33.5512

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.9733, 24.2367, 31.8887



29.1632, 24.2367, 29.9291



18.9959, 24.2367, 16.8241

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



29.1632, 24.2367, 29.9291



24.2411, 24.2367, 13.2866



17.8338, 24.2367, 23.1409



21.8720, 24.2367, 46.1120



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



29.1632, 24.2367, 29.9291



27.8815, 24.2367, 17.4324



17.8338, 24.2367, 23.1409



18.7876, 24.2367, 37.9854

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



29.1639, 24.2378, 29.9296



66.2785, 65.6855, 74.2728



26.3453, 22.4926, 42.9975



14.5131, 14.2404, 16.1974



84.5950, 89.0005, 96.9216



16.2198, 17.0645, 18.5832



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



29.1639, 24.2378, 29.9296



49.5341, 38.6425, 48.8198



27.4927, 23.7447, 20.5884



8.1569, 8.0760, 9.1372



13.8017, 6.9832, 6.6013



0.4117, 0.2054, 0.3300



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



29.1639, 24.2378, 29.9296



49.5341, 38.6425, 48.8198



30.2080, 36.8975, 45.5744



8.1569, 8.0760, 9.1372



13.8017, 6.9832, 6.6013

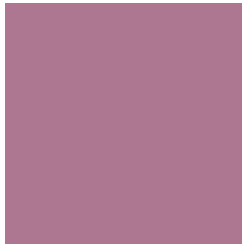


0.4117, 0.2054, 0.3300



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 29.1632, 24.2367, 29.9291 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

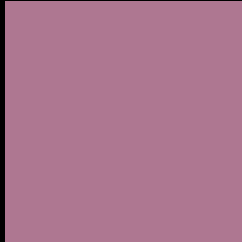
Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 29.1632, 24.2367, 29.9291 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 29.1632, 24.2367, 29.9291**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 29.1632, 24.2367, 29.9291.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 29.1632, 24.2367,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

29.1632, 24.2367, 29.9291

### Protanopia

23.9572, 24.3223, 34.4423

### Deuteranopia

24.7513, 24.2355, 29.3600



## Tritanopia

27.9474, 24.0841, 24.6484

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

29.1632, 24.2367, 29.9291

## Protanomaly

25.4688, 24.1379, 32.5949

## Deuteranomaly

26.3337, 24.2603, 29.6803

## Tritanomaly

28.3940, 24.0948, 26.4468

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

29.1632, 24.2367, 29.9291

## Achromatopsia

24.1572, 25.4152, 27.6772

## Achromatomaly

25.6865, 24.7350, 28.6198

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 29.1632, 24.2367, 29.9291 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(174, 119, 145)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(174, 119, 145)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(174, 119, 145) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(174, 119, 145) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 29.1632, 24.2367, 29.9291 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(174, 119, 145) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(174, 119, 145) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(174, 119, 145)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(174, 119, 145); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(174, 119, 145);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(174, 119,  
145) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 29.1632, 24.2367, 29.9291 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(174, 119, 145) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(174,  
119, 145) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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