

# Converting Colors

XYZ(29.2299, 22.2195, 9.9638)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(29.2299, 22.2195, 9.9638)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(29.3514, 22.3210, 9.9691)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(29.3514, 22.3210,  
9.9691)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C5684E
RGB	197, 104, 78
RGB Percent	77%, 41%, 31%
CMY	0.2275, 0.5921, 0.6941
CMYK	0.00, 0.47, 0.60, 0.23
HSL	13°, 51%, 54%
HSV	13°, 60%, 77%
XYZ	29.3514, 22.3210, 9.9691
YIQ	128.8430, 63.7740, 11.6300

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

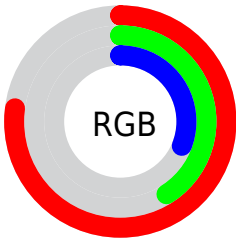
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	197, 111, 78
Decimal	12937294
CIELab	54.37, 34.66, 31.18
CIELCh	54, 46.620, 41.973
Yxy	22.3210, 0.4762, 0.3621
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291127374 (0xFFC5684E)
YUV	128.8430, -25.0656, 59.7737
Hunter-Lab	47.2451, 28.2156, 20.5609

# Details

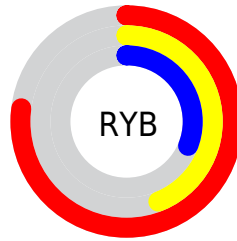
The XYZ color **29.3514, 22.3210, 9.9691** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6666**. The color can be described as dark muted orange. A complement of this color would be **27.7818, 34.7746, 58.0709**, and the grayscale version is **20.8812, 21.9687, 23.9239**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **57.1933, 46.9325, 26.4665**, and **12.0749, 8.1514, 2.3758** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **27.3373, 19.2590, 6.3198**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **31.8610, 26.0357, 14.8275**.

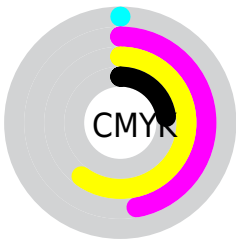
# Distribution



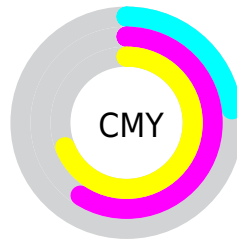
- Red (77%)
- Green (41%)
- Blue (31%)



- Red (77%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Blue (31%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (47%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Black (23%)




- Cyan (23%)
- Magenta (59%)
- Yellow (69%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 29.3514, 22.3210, 9.9691 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 29.3514, 22.3210, 9.9691 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 29.3514, 22.3210,  
9.9691

 29.3514, 22.3210,  
9.9691

290.8337,  
264.2181, 200.9282


 19.4924, 14.0930,  
5.2731


 58.0286, 47.2760,  
26.3443


 12.1327, 8.1853,  
2.3469


 77.5776, 64.7717,  
38.8606


 6.9070, 4.2138,  
0.7573


 101.0873, 86.1254,  
54.8207

 3.4498, 1.7939,  
0.0000

 128.9230,  
111.7215, 74.6432

 1.3959, 0.4833,  
0.0000

 161.4502,  
141.9445, 98.7467

 0.2533, 0.0000,  
0.0000

199.0341,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

177.1786, 127.5497

0.0000

242.0402,  
217.8083, 161.4707

■ 29.3514, 22.3210,  
9.9691

■ 29.3514, 22.3210,  
9.9691

■ 27.3373, 19.2590,  
6.3198

■ 31.8610, 26.0357,  
14.8275

■ 25.7822, 16.8077,  
3.7703

■ 34.8958, 30.4351,  
20.9888

■ 24.6466, 14.9251,  
2.1935

■ 38.4852, 35.5529,  
28.5388

■ 23.8916, 13.6017,  
1.3662

■ 42.6556, 41.4197,  
37.5558

■ 47.4318, 48.0645,  
48.1120

■ 52.8372, 55.5143,  
60.2749

■ 58.8937, 63.7951,  
74.1080

■ 65.6224, 72.9316,  
89.6715

■ 72.9948, 82.9283,  
106.7673

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



32.2966, 22.3210, 18.9425



29.3514, 22.3210, 9.9691



24.3892, 22.3210, 6.2111

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



29.3514, 22.3210, 9.9691



13.2062, 22.3210, 16.6236



23.3103, 22.3210, 63.3055

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



29.3514, 22.3210, 9.9691



27.7818, 34.7746, 58.0709

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



18.3297, 22.3210, 61.8667



29.3514, 22.3210, 9.9691



13.0122, 22.3210, 30.5917

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



29.3514, 22.3210, 9.9691



15.3223, 22.3210, 8.8581



14.7418, 22.3210, 48.2692



28.4537, 22.3210, 51.6510



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



29.3514, 22.3210, 9.9691



20.8804, 22.3210, 5.6798



14.7418, 22.3210, 48.2692



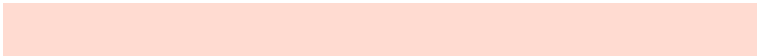
21.5541, 22.3210, 64.4346

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



29.3519, 22.3222, 9.9695



78.1266, 76.5997, 71.0540



33.1216, 20.2677, 40.8027



16.2116, 15.6817, 14.0899



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



29.3519, 22.3222, 9.9695



48.1319, 33.2034, 9.9008



37.5485, 38.7154, 12.7017



10.8187, 11.0065, 11.1170



15.7660, 9.0492, 0.9157



0.8018, 0.5391, 0.0618



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



27.7818, 34.7746, 58.0709



44.9472, 57.1132, 103.2627



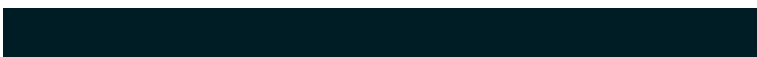
18.9830, 17.1770, 55.1380



10.7425, 11.6590, 13.6017



14.2875, 17.9689, 37.4597



0.7267, 0.9512, 1.7905



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 29.3514, 22.3210, 9.9691 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 29.3514, 22.3210, 9.9691 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

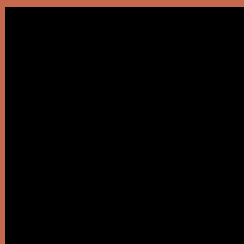
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 29.3514, 22.3210, 9.9691**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 29.3514, 22.3210, 9.9691.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 29.3514, 22.3210,

9.9691.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

29.3514, 22.3210, 9.9691

### Protanopia

20.7286, 22.3326, 12.4506

### Deuteranopia

22.8677, 22.5326, 9.6225



## Tritanopia

30.7642, 22.3180, 16.5963

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

29.3514, 22.3210, 9.9691

## Protanomaly

23.1355, 21.8919, 11.3937

## Deuteranomaly

24.8649, 22.1148, 9.6147

## Tritanomaly

30.0537, 22.1577, 13.7592

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

29.3514, 22.3210, 9.9691

## Achromatopsia

20.8660, 21.9526, 23.9064

## Achromatomaly

22.8574, 21.4288, 17.6833

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 29.3514, 22.3210, 9.9691 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(197, 104, 78)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(197, 104, 78)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(197, 104, 78) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(197, 104, 78) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 29.3514, 22.3210, 9.9691 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(197, 104, 78) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(197, 104, 78) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(197, 104, 78)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(197, 104, 78); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 104, 78);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 104,  
78) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 29.3514, 22.3210, 9.9691 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(197, 104, 78) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(197,  
104, 78) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor