

# Converting Colors

XYZ(29.2346, 24.1205, 46.4346)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(29.2346, 24.1205, 46.4346)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(29.2528, 24.0992, 46.2898)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(29.2528, 24.0992,  
46.2898)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	9F78B4
RGB	159, 120, 180
RGB Percent	62%, 47%, 71%
CMY	0.3765, 0.5294, 0.2941
CMYK	0.12, 0.33, 0.00, 0.29
HSL	279°, 29%, 59%
HSV	279°, 33%, 71%
XYZ	29.2528, 24.0992, 46.2898
YIQ	138.5010, 3.9840, 26.9280

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

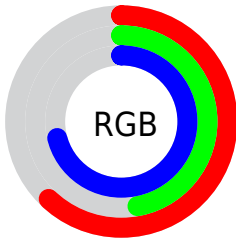
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	159, 120, 180
Decimal	10451124
CIELab	56.19, 26.43, -25.92
CIELCh	56, 37.023, 315.554
Yxy	24.0992, 0.2936, 0.2419
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288641204 (0xFF9F78B4)
YUV	138.5010, 20.4590, 17.9776
Hunter-Lab	49.0909, 20.4572, -21.5432

# Details

The XYZ color **29.2528, 24.0992, 46.2898** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **996699**. A complement of this color would be **30.6967, 39.6619, 23.8080**, and the grayscale version is **24.2727, 25.5368, 27.8096**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **57.8154, 50.2394, 86.0069**, and **12.1474, 9.1646, 21.2074** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **26.0706, 19.5421, 45.5783**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **32.9072, 29.5050, 47.1410**.

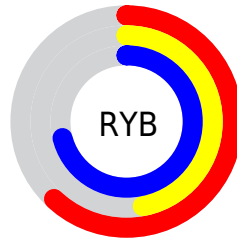
# Distribution



Red (62%)

Green (47%)

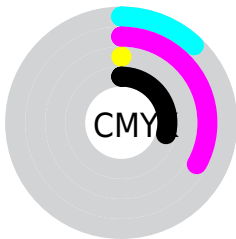
Blue (71%)



Red (62%)

Yellow (47%)

Blue (71%)

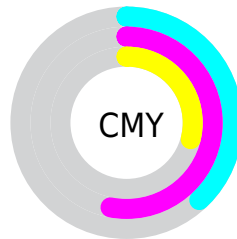


Cyan (12%)

Magenta (33%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (29%)



Cyan (38%)

Magenta (53%)

Yellow (29%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 29.2528, 24.0992, 46.2898 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 29.2528, 24.0992, 46.2898 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 29.2528, 24.0992,  
46.2898

■ 29.2528, 24.0992,  
46.2898

290.3786,  
273.3216, 388.2839

■ 19.4174, 15.4072,  
32.1243

■ 57.8733, 50.1920,  
85.9914

■ 12.0780, 9.1057,  
21.1908

■ 77.3891, 68.3617,  
112.3645

■ 6.8694, 4.8102,  
13.0710

■ 100.8623, 90.4593,  
143.6439

■ 3.4262, 2.1363,  
7.3461

128.6585,  
116.8694, 180.2481

■ 1.3829, 0.6849,  
3.5978

161.1428,  
147.9763, 222.5957

■ 0.2440, 0.0000,  
1.4074

198.6807,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

184.1643, 271.1051

0.1475

241.6375,  
225.8180, 326.1950

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 29.2528, 24.0992,  
46.2898

■ 29.2528, 24.0992,  
46.2898

■ 26.0706, 19.5421,  
45.5783

■ 32.9072, 29.5050,  
47.1410

■ 23.3345, 15.7844,  
44.9972

■ 37.0533, 35.7991,  
48.1374

■ 21.0191, 12.7764,  
44.5386

■ 41.7126, 43.0222,  
49.2860


■ 19.0953, 10.4615,  
44.1932

■ 46.9043, 51.2115,  
50.5931


■ 17.5300, 8.7747,  
43.9501


■ 52.6466, 60.4023,  
52.0644


 16.2833, 7.6379,  
43.7964

 58.9568, 70.6278,  
53.7055

 15.5745, 7.0773,  
43.7255

 65.8516, 81.9201,  
55.5218

 70.4066, 88.4293,  
56.5381

 72.2291, 89.3689,  
56.6234

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



25.1688, 24.0992, 55.8817



29.2528, 24.0992, 46.2898



31.7710, 24.0992, 32.5257

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



29.2528, 24.0992, 46.2898



25.0064, 24.0992, 9.4685



15.8970, 24.0992, 33.0335

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



29.2528, 24.0992, 46.2898



30.6967, 39.6619, 23.8080

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.8649, 24.0992, 20.8211



29.2528, 24.0992, 46.2898



20.7822, 24.0992, 9.5281

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



29.2528, 24.0992, 46.2898



29.1213, 24.0992, 12.8213



17.5501, 24.0992, 13.0211



17.6439, 24.0992, 46.7592



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



29.2528, 24.0992, 46.2898



32.0455, 24.0992, 24.0380



17.5501, 24.0992, 13.0211



15.6932, 24.0992, 28.5724

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



29.2536, 24.1002, 46.2903



69.7529, 68.8649, 87.9105



25.5098, 26.3391, 46.9198



14.8308, 14.5058, 18.9405



86.6293, 91.1408, 99.2523



17.0014, 17.8868, 19.4787



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



29.2536, 24.1002, 46.2903



48.7184, 37.4767, 82.9606



32.8902, 26.0775, 41.8286



8.5556, 8.4949, 10.6951



10.9447, 4.9780, 30.5210



0.4046, 0.1877, 0.9631



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



30.3473, 25.0603, 28.4379



51.2200, 39.6138, 44.7889



28.0303, 38.2212, 26.6700



8.6151, 8.5528, 9.4715



13.7922, 7.0344, 4.0657

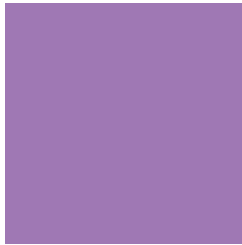


0.4622, 0.2326, 0.2768



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 29.2528, 24.0992, 46.2898 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

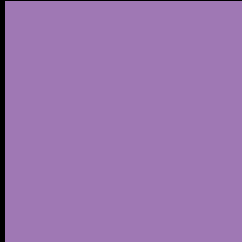
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 29.2528, 24.0992, 46.2898 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 29.2528, 24.0992, 46.2898**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 29.2528, 24.0992, 46.2898.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 29.2528, 24.0992,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

29.2528, 24.0992, 46.2898

### Protanopia

25.0179, 24.2747, 52.0821

### Deuteranopia

24.8809, 24.3494, 45.5080



## Tritanopia

25.4435, 24.0456, 27.3450

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

29.2528, 24.0992, 46.2898

## Protanomaly

26.0978, 23.8890, 49.6899

## Deuteranomaly

26.1724, 24.0114, 45.9031

## Tritanomaly

26.6010, 23.9357, 33.3550

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

29.2528, 24.0992, 46.2898

## Achromatopsia

24.5403, 25.8183, 28.1161

## Achromatomaly

25.9381, 24.9466, 34.0199

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 29.2528, 24.0992, 46.2898 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(159, 120, 180)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(159, 120, 180)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(159, 120, 180) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(159, 120, 180) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 29.2528, 24.0992, 46.2898 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(159, 120, 180) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(159, 120, 180) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(159, 120, 180)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(159, 120, 180); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(159, 120, 180);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(159, 120,  
180) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 29.2528, 24.0992, 46.2898 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(159, 120, 180) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(159,  
120, 180) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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