

# Converting Colors

XYZ(29.2346, 35.3055, 42.8099)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(29.2346, 35.3055, 42.8099)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(29.2346, 35.3055, 42.8099)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(29.2346, 35.3055,  
42.8099)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	79A9A9
RGB	121, 169, 169
RGB Percent	47%, 66%, 66%
CMY	0.5255, 0.3372, 0.3373
CMYK	0.28, 0.00, 0.00, 0.34
HSL	180°, 22%, 57%
HSV	180°, 28%, 66%
XYZ	29.2346, 35.3055, 42.8099
YIQ	154.6480, -28.6080, -10.1760

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

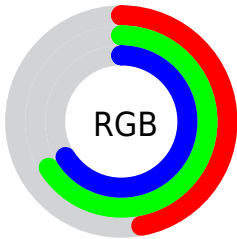
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	121, 145, 169
Decimal	7973289
CIELab	65.99, -15.87, -5.16
CIElCh	66, 16.693, 198.017
Yxy	35.3055, 0.2723, 0.3289
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286163369 (0xFF79A9A9)
YUV	154.6480, 7.0755, -29.5093
Hunter-Lab	59.4184, -16.1581, -1.1245

# Details

The XYZ color **29.2346, 35.3055, 42.8099** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **26.6521, 23.4913, 21.2202**, and the grayscale version is **30.9799, 32.5933, 35.4941**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **57.7894, 67.8071, 80.5633**, and **12.0980, 15.3090, 19.1469** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **27.0708, 34.1909, 42.7090**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **31.8154, 36.6368, 42.9318**.

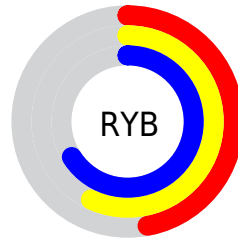
# Distribution



Red (47%)

Green (66%)

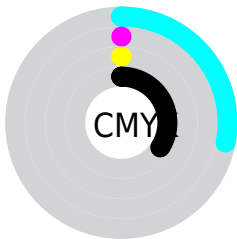
Blue (66%)



Red (47%)

Yellow (57%)

Blue (66%)

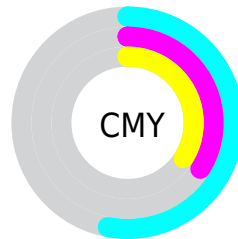


Cyan (28%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (34%)



Cyan (53%)

Magenta (34%)

Yellow (34%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 29.2346, 35.3055, 42.8099 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 29.2346, 35.3055, 42.8099 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 29.2346, 35.3055,  
42.8099

■ 29.2346, 35.3055,  
42.8099

290.2945,  
325.9147, 373.7276

■ 19.4035, 23.8983,  
29.4057

■ 57.8446, 67.9588,  
80.7072

■ 12.0680, 15.2582,  
19.1397

■ 77.3542, 89.9736,  
106.0374

■ 6.8625, 9.0008,  
11.5934

■ 100.8208,  
116.2932, 136.1799

■ 3.4218, 4.7417,  
6.3483

128.6096,  
147.3018, 171.5534

■ 1.3806, 2.0965,  
2.9858

161.0860,  
183.3838, 212.5764

■ 0.2423, 0.6627,  
1.0874

198.6154,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

224.9237, 259.6674

0.0000

241.5631,  
272.3059, 313.2450

■ 29.2346, 35.3055,  
42.8099

■ 29.2346, 35.3055,  
42.8099

■ 27.0708, 34.1909,  
42.7090

■ 31.8154, 36.6368,  
42.9318

■ 25.2993, 33.2777,  
42.6257

■ 34.8301, 38.1910,  
43.0733

■ 23.8975, 32.5550,  
42.5597

■ 38.2986, 39.9790,  
43.2360

■ 22.8392, 32.0095,  
42.5098

■ 42.2385, 42.0101,  
43.4208

■ 22.0949, 31.6258,  
42.4746

■ 46.6666, 44.2929,  
43.6284

■ 21.6301, 31.3862,  
42.4525

■ 51.5988, 46.8355,  
43.8596

■ 21.3834, 31.2590,  
42.4405

■ 57.0503, 49.6458,  
44.1151

■ 21.3496, 31.2416,  
42.4389

■ 62.5907, 52.5020,  
44.3748

■ 62.5908, 52.5021,  
44.3751

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



29.1166, 35.3055, 35.6828



29.2346, 35.3055, 42.8099



30.4753, 35.3055, 49.4803

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



29.2346, 35.3055, 42.8099



37.2174, 35.3055, 48.2905



34.5539, 35.3055, 26.5988

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



29.2346, 35.3055, 42.8099



26.6521, 23.4913, 21.2202

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



36.8394, 35.3055, 29.1805



29.2346, 35.3055, 42.8099



38.4270, 35.3055, 41.3393

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



29.2346, 35.3055, 42.8099



35.0493, 35.3055, 52.9023



38.2853, 35.3055, 34.3812



32.1073, 35.3055, 26.8902



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



29.2346, 35.3055, 42.8099



31.8080, 35.3055, 52.5044



38.2853, 35.3055, 34.3812



35.3686, 35.3055, 27.1450

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



29.2356, 35.3069, 42.8107



61.9383, 68.1692, 77.1179



25.6380, 33.8809, 23.2784



13.3264, 14.7685, 16.8002



80.6108, 84.8088, 92.3568



14.7206, 15.4872, 16.8656



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



29.2356, 35.3069, 42.8107



49.8661, 61.9458, 76.5512



25.2958, 27.4269, 41.4985



7.7476, 8.5321, 9.6568



15.9111, 23.2832, 31.6282



0.3871, 0.5665, 0.7695



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26.6521, 23.4913, 21.2202



44.4801, 37.3138, 31.5416



29.8183, 29.8240, 22.2750



7.5311, 7.5423, 7.8482



12.1947, 6.2866, 0.5709

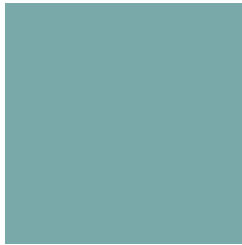


0.2967, 0.1530, 0.0139



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 29.2346, 35.3055, 42.8099 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

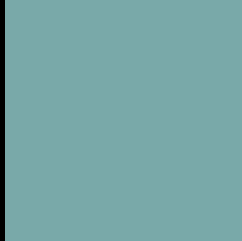
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 29.2346, 35.3055, 42.8099 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

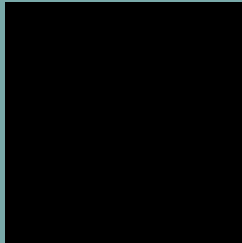
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 29.2346, 35.3055, 42.8099**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 29.2346, 35.3055, 42.8099.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 29.2346, 35.3055,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

29.2346, 35.3055, 42.8099

### Protanopia

33.9093, 35.1220, 39.6423

### Deuteranopia

35.7453, 34.9673, 43.8951



## Tritanopia

30.4714, 35.2587, 48.9157

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

29.2346, 35.3055, 42.8099

## Protanomaly

31.9213, 35.1140, 40.6926

## Deuteranomaly

32.8704, 34.7573, 43.5044

## Tritanomaly

30.1068, 35.3905, 46.8392

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

29.2346, 35.3055, 42.8099

## Achromatopsia

31.1553, 32.7778, 35.6950

## Achromatomaly

30.2437, 33.5193, 38.1336

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 29.2346, 35.3055, 42.8099 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(121, 169, 169)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(121, 169, 169)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(121, 169, 169) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(121, 169, 169) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 29.2346, 35.3055, 42.8099 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(121, 169, 169) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(121, 169, 169) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(121, 169, 169)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(121, 169, 169); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(121, 169, 169);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(121, 169,  
169) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 29.2346, 35.3055, 42.8099 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(121, 169, 169) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(121,  
169, 169) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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