

# Converting Colors

XYZ(29.2421, 37.4932, 24.8284)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(29.2421, 37.4932, 24.8284)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(29.1214, 37.3494,  
24.7431)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	88AF7C
RGB	136, 175, 124
RGB Percent	53%, 69%, 49%
CMY	0.4667, 0.3137, 0.5137
CMYK	0.22, 0.00, 0.29, 0.31
HSL	106°, 24%, 59%
HSV	106°, 29%, 69%
XYZ	29.1214, 37.3494, 24.7431
YIQ	157.5250, -6.8730, -24.1290

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

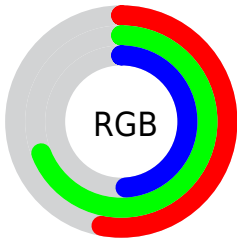
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	124, 175, 163
Decimal	8957820
CIELab	67.54, -23.00, 21.98
CIElCh	68, 31.819, 136.297
Yxy	37.3494, 0.3193, 0.4095
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287147900 (0xFF88AF7C)
YUV	157.5250, -16.5278, -18.8774
Hunter-Lab	61.1142, -21.8930, 18.7753

# Details

The XYZ color **29.1214, 37.3494, 24.7431** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669966**. A complement of this color would be **30.0514, 25.2981, 43.8585**, and the grayscale version is **32.3598, 34.0450, 37.0750**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **57.7469, 71.2733, 52.3085**, and **11.9758, 16.3584, 9.1829** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **26.0722, 35.8953, 19.3271**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **32.6405, 39.0252, 31.2079**.

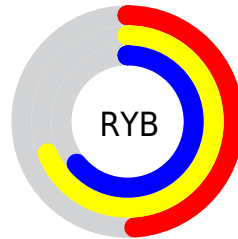
# Distribution



Red (53%)

Green (69%)

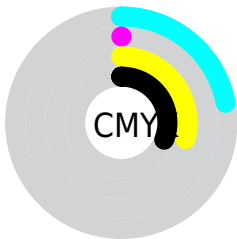
Blue (49%)



Red (49%)

Yellow (69%)

Blue (64%)

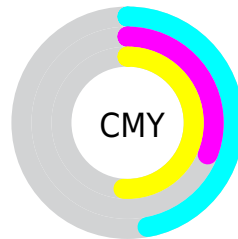


Cyan (22%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (29%)

Black (31%)



Cyan (47%)

Magenta (31%)


Yellow (51%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 29.1214, 37.3494, 24.7431 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 29.1214, 37.3494, 24.7431 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 29.1214, 37.3494,  
24.7431


 29.1214, 37.3494,  
24.7431

289.7712,  
334.8208, 289.9627


 19.3174, 25.4781,  
15.6685


 57.6661, 71.1098,  
52.1991

 12.0052, 16.4336,  
9.1381


 77.1376, 93.7678,  
71.4175

 6.8195, 9.8315,  
4.7333


 100.5623,  
120.7901, 94.8544

 3.3948, 5.2874,  
2.0357

128.3055,  
152.5612, 122.9281

 1.3658, 2.4169,  
0.5771

160.7327,  
189.4654, 156.0572

 0.2317, 0.8345,  
0.0000

198.2091,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

231.8871, 194.6604

0.0000

241.1002,  
280.2108, 239.1560

■ 29.1214, 37.3494,  
24.7431

■ 29.1214, 37.3494,  
24.7431

■ 26.0722, 35.8953,  
19.3271

■ 32.6405, 39.0252,  
31.2079

■ 23.4695, 34.6488,  
14.9023

■ 36.6455, 40.9267,  
38.7702

■ 21.2924, 33.6015,  
11.4093

■ 41.1555, 43.0636,  
47.4786

■ 19.5171, 32.7427,  
8.7814

■ 46.1875, 45.4438,  
57.3780

■ 18.1171, 32.0602,  
6.9427

■ 51.7577, 48.0747,  
68.5110

■ 17.0625, 31.5406,  
5.8047

■ 57.8817, 50.9634,  
80.9179

■ 16.3068, 31.1637,  
5.1988

■ 64.5743, 54.1168,  
94.6374

■ 16.2520, 31.1364,  
5.1534

■ 70.3657, 56.9479,  
101.8911

■ 74.6207, 59.1414,  
102.0902

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



32.9236, 37.3494, 19.8955



29.1214, 37.3494, 24.7431



27.1189, 37.3494, 34.6108

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



29.1214, 37.3494, 24.7431



33.3165, 37.3494, 72.8743



45.3201, 37.3494, 33.5631

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



29.1214, 37.3494, 24.7431



30.0514, 25.2981, 43.8585

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



45.4500, 37.3494, 47.3917



29.1214, 37.3494, 24.7431



38.2064, 37.3494, 72.4094

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



29.1214, 37.3494, 24.7431



29.3862, 37.3494, 63.4292



42.7468, 37.3494, 62.2759



42.4067, 37.3494, 24.1287



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



29.1214, 37.3494, 24.7431



26.9429, 37.3494, 43.6956



42.7468, 37.3494, 62.2759



45.6993, 37.3494, 37.7820

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



29.1224, 37.3510, 24.7439



65.6184, 73.2902, 69.4151



34.2832, 36.4997, 24.3076



14.3440, 16.1755, 14.9697



84.5950, 89.0005, 96.9216



16.2198, 17.0645, 18.5832



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



29.1224, 37.3510, 24.7439



48.5315, 65.1629, 37.8370



28.1407, 36.7457, 29.1833



8.0743, 9.0269, 8.5302



11.6849, 22.3209, 3.6925



0.3730, 0.6456, 0.1050



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



30.0514, 25.2981, 43.8585



50.4589, 40.0200, 77.7020



31.4321, 26.1478, 37.6910



8.1501, 8.0517, 10.0773



12.6187, 5.8651, 29.5115



0.3953, 0.1860, 0.8230



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 29.1214, 37.3494, 24.7431 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 29.1214, 37.3494, 24.7431 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 29.1214, 37.3494, 24.7431**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 29.1214, 37.3494, 24.7431.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 29.1214, 37.3494,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

29.1214, 37.3494, 24.7431

### Protanopia

34.5097, 37.1129, 22.7974

### Deuteranopia

37.6915, 36.8789, 25.5539



## Tritanopia

34.0202, 37.3612, 49.1344

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

29.1214, 37.3494, 24.7431

## Protanomaly

32.1518, 36.9628, 23.5291

## Deuteranomaly

34.1195, 36.8539, 25.3939

## Tritanomaly

32.0634, 37.4147, 38.7895

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

29.1214, 37.3494, 24.7431

## Achromatopsia

32.4990, 34.1914, 37.2345

## Achromatomaly

31.0414, 35.1103, 32.3350

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 29.1214, 37.3494, 24.7431 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(136, 175, 124)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(136, 175, 124)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(136, 175, 124) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(136, 175, 124) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 29.1214, 37.3494, 24.7431 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(136, 175, 124) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(136, 175, 124) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(136, 175, 124)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(136, 175, 124); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(136, 175, 124);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(136, 175,  
124) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 29.1214, 37.3494, 24.7431 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(136, 175, 124) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(136,  
175, 124) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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