

# Converting Colors

XYZ(29.2864, 40.1745, 36.9931)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(29.2864, 40.1745, 36.9931)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(29.2451, 40.1568,  
36.7815)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6BB99A
RGB	107, 185, 154
RGB Percent	42%, 73%, 60%
CMY	0.5804, 0.2745, 0.3961
CMYK	0.42, 0.00, 0.17, 0.27
HSL	156°, 36%, 57%
HSV	156°, 42%, 73%
XYZ	29.2451, 40.1568, 36.7815
YIQ	158.1440, -36.5370, -26.1770

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

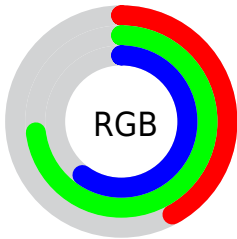
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	107, 156, 185
Decimal	7059866
CIELab	69.58, -31.33, 8.26
CIElCh	70, 32.403, 165.225
Yxy	40.1568, 0.2754, 0.3782
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285249946 (0xFF6BB99A)
YUV	158.1440, -2.0430, -44.8533
Hunter-Lab	63.3694, -28.5183, 9.9449

# Details

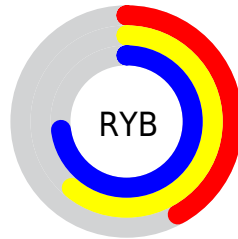
The XYZ color **29.2451, 40.1568, 36.7815** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **66CC99**. A complement of this color would be **29.8541, 22.6657, 26.8478**, and the grayscale version is **32.5865, 34.2835, 37.3347**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **57.7408, 75.1460, 71.1359**, and **12.0327, 17.9688, 15.6661** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **26.6608, 38.8942, 33.5615**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **32.3450, 41.6830, 40.2232**.

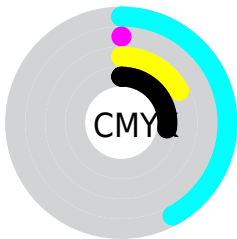
# Distribution



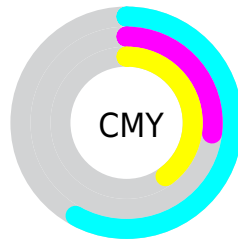
- Red (42%)
- Green (73%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (42%)
- Yellow (61%)
- Blue (73%)



- Cyan (42%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (17%)
- Black (27%)



- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (40%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 29.2451, 40.1568, 36.7815 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 29.2451, 40.1568, 36.7815 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 29.2451, 40.1568,  
36.7815

■ 29.2451, 40.1568,  
36.7815

290.3430,  
346.7840, 347.5037

■ 19.4115, 27.6608,  
24.7439

■ 57.8611, 75.4022,  
71.4192

■ 12.0738, 18.0701,  
15.6691

■ 77.3743, 98.9205,  
94.8563

■ 6.8665, 11.0004,  
9.1385

■ 100.8448,  
126.8816, 122.9304

■ 3.4243, 6.0671,  
4.7336

■ 128.6378,  
159.6699, 156.0600

■ 1.3819, 2.8859,  
2.0358

161.1188,  
197.6700, 194.6635

■ 0.2433, 1.0725,  
0.5772

198.6531,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

241.2661, 239.1597

0.0000

241.6060,  
290.8426, 289.9669

■ 29.2451, 40.1568,  
36.7815

■ 29.2451, 40.1568,  
36.7815

■ 26.6608, 38.8942,  
33.5615

■ 32.3450, 41.6830,  
40.2232

■ 24.5574, 37.8742,  
30.5556

■ 35.9858, 43.4825,  
43.8887

■ 22.9012, 37.0806,  
27.7594


■ 40.1949, 45.5705,  
47.7832


■ 21.6524, 36.4929,  
25.1674


■ 44.9969, 47.9597,  
51.9114

■ 20.7634, 36.0867,  
22.7736


■ 50.4151, 50.6618,  
56.2773

 20.2450, 35.8575,  
21.0300

 56.4713, 53.6882,  
60.8850

 63.1862, 57.0494,  
65.7386

 70.5778, 60.7546,  
70.8419

 71.5316, 61.1361,  
75.8647

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



31.4639, 40.1568, 26.4118



29.2451, 40.1568, 36.7815



29.2622, 40.1568, 51.7329

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



29.2451, 40.1568, 36.7815



40.8705, 40.1568, 77.8235



45.6993, 40.1568, 26.2978

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



29.2451, 40.1568, 36.7815



29.8541, 22.6657, 26.8478

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



48.7186, 40.1568, 36.5874



29.2451, 40.1568, 36.7815



45.7622, 40.1568, 67.3120

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



29.2451, 40.1568, 36.7815



35.6598, 40.1568, 77.9095



48.7426, 40.1568, 51.4892



40.7908, 40.1568, 21.3668



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



29.2451, 40.1568, 36.7815



30.5270, 40.1568, 62.5316



48.7426, 40.1568, 51.4892



46.9878, 40.1568, 29.1251

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



29.2462, 40.1584, 36.7824



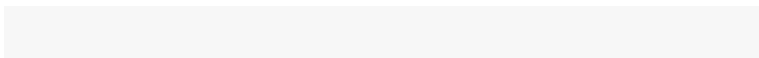
71.1447, 81.1953, 84.8237



30.5184, 41.1815, 20.2509



14.9662, 17.3198, 17.9502



88.6918, 93.3107, 101.6153



17.8044, 18.7317, 20.3988



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



29.2462, 40.1584, 36.7824



47.8853, 69.7236, 60.2893



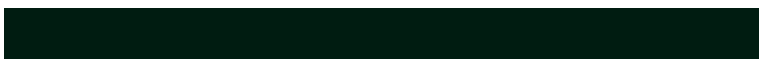
30.5833, 38.1535, 51.6533



9.1114, 10.1485, 10.7441



13.8212, 24.4294, 14.5122



0.5168, 0.8730, 0.6676



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



29.8541, 22.6657, 26.8478



49.1343, 34.0559, 40.0797



28.7706, 23.5927, 16.9480



9.1485, 9.0698, 10.1294



14.4881, 7.3690, 5.1909



0.5415, 0.2721, 0.3451



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 29.2451, 40.1568, 36.7815 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 29.2451, 40.1568, 36.7815 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 29.2451, 40.1568, 36.7815**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 29.2451, 40.1568, 36.7815.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 29.2451, 40.1568,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

29.2451, 40.1568, 36.7815

### Protanopia

37.5077, 39.7984, 32.8991

### Deuteranopia

40.3415, 39.5164, 38.3021



## Tritanopia

33.1938, 39.9171, 56.9942

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

29.2451, 40.1568, 36.7815

## Protanomaly

33.7037, 39.5053, 34.2827

## Deuteranomaly

34.9468, 38.9311, 37.5708

## Tritanomaly

31.4706, 39.8131, 48.6739

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

29.2451, 40.1568, 36.7815

## Achromatopsia

32.4990, 34.1914, 37.2345

## Achromatomaly

30.7359, 35.9286, 37.2132

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 29.2451, 40.1568, 36.7815 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(107, 185, 154)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(107, 185, 154)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(107, 185, 154) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(107, 185, 154) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 29.2451, 40.1568, 36.7815 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(107, 185, 154) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(107, 185, 154) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(107, 185, 154)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(107, 185, 154); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(107, 185, 154);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(107, 185,  
154) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 29.2451, 40.1568, 36.7815 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(107, 185, 154) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(107,  
185, 154) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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