

# Converting Colors

XYZ(29.3778, 25.8628, 19.6633)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(29.3778, 25.8628, 19.6633)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(29.3778, 25.8628,  
19.6633)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	B47E73
RGB	180, 126, 115
RGB Percent	71%, 49%, 45%
CMY	0.2941, 0.5059, 0.5490
CMYK	0.00, 0.30, 0.36, 0.29
HSL	10°, 30%, 58%
HSV	10°, 36%, 71%
XYZ	29.3778, 25.8628, 19.6633
YIQ	140.8920, 35.7150, 8.0270

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

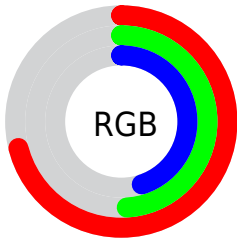
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	180, 128, 115
Decimal	11828851
CIE Lab	57.91, 19.50, 14.38
CIE LCh	58, 24.227, 36.402
Yxy	25.8628, 0.3922, 0.3453
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290018931 (0xFFB47E73)
YUV	140.8920, -12.7648, 34.2977
Hunter-Lab	50.8555, 14.1174, 12.6743

# Details

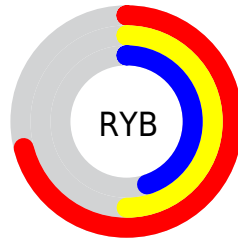
The XYZ color **29.3778, 25.8628, 19.6633** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **29.4960, 35.3150, 48.4420**, and the grayscale version is **25.3143, 26.6326, 29.0029**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **58.0202, 53.0347, 43.7379**, and **12.1244, 10.0730, 6.6154** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **26.6703, 21.9466, 14.1399**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **32.5748, 30.4340, 26.3482**.

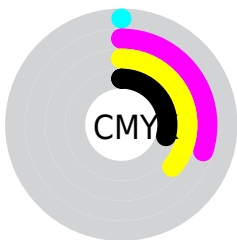
# Distribution



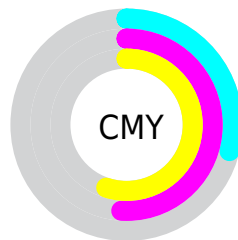
- Red (71%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (45%)



- Red (71%)
- Yellow (50%)
- Blue (45%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Black (29%)




- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (55%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 29.3778, 25.8628, 19.6633 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 29.3778, 25.8628, 19.6633 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 29.3778, 25.8628,  
19.6633


 29.3778, 25.8628,  
19.6633


290.9555,  
282.1079, 262.6302


 19.5125, 16.7210,  
11.9689


 58.0702, 53.0535,  
43.7035

 12.1474, 10.0358,  
6.6002


 77.6281, 71.8713,  
60.8863

 6.9171, 5.4227,  
3.1387


 101.1475, 94.6831,  
82.0691

 3.4561, 2.4973,  
1.1659

128.9938,  
121.8735, 107.6703

 1.3993, 0.8753,  
0.0000

161.5324,  
153.8268, 138.1084

 0.2557, 0.0000,  
0.0000

199.1287,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

190.9273, 173.8021

0.0000

242.1479,  
233.5596, 215.1698

■ 29.3778, 25.8628,  
19.6633

■ 29.3778, 25.8628,  
19.6633

■ 26.6703, 21.9466,  
14.1399

■ 32.5748, 30.4340,  
26.3482

■ 24.4257, 18.6517,  
9.7101

■ 36.2819, 35.6846,  
34.2542

■ 22.6181, 15.9468,  
6.3010


■ 40.5211, 41.6421,  
43.4387


■ 21.2180, 13.7968,  
3.8303


■ 45.3124, 48.3316,  
53.9551

■ 20.1923, 12.1622,  
2.2030

■ 50.6749, 55.7768,  
65.8535


 19.5004, 10.9979,  
1.2961

 56.6265, 64.0004,  
79.1817

 19.2988, 10.6559,  
1.0396

 63.1848, 73.0241,  
93.9849

 69.7150, 82.6085,  
106.8784

 72.6325, 88.4433,  
107.8509

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



30.5871, 25.8628, 26.4069



29.3778, 25.8628, 19.6633



26.8960, 25.8628, 15.8569

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



29.3778, 25.8628, 19.6633



19.7923, 25.8628, 22.2073



25.2125, 25.8628, 47.3278

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



29.3778, 25.8628, 19.6633



29.4960, 35.3150, 48.4420

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



22.4043, 25.8628, 45.5924



29.3778, 25.8628, 19.6633



19.4190, 25.8628, 29.9894

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



29.3778, 25.8628, 19.6633



21.4015, 25.8628, 17.1097



20.3384, 25.8628, 38.8081



28.0626, 25.8628, 43.1673



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



29.3778, 25.8628, 19.6633



24.9355, 25.8628, 14.9793



20.3384, 25.8628, 38.8081



24.2315, 25.8628, 47.4247

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



29.3785, 25.8640, 19.6638



69.4473, 69.8578, 70.0116



32.1305, 24.8359, 40.7188



14.7915, 14.7915, 14.6591



86.6293, 91.1408, 99.2523



17.0014, 17.8868, 19.4787



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



29.3785, 25.8640, 19.6638



49.4471, 41.3763, 27.8330



34.2009, 35.5090, 21.2713



8.6088, 8.7301, 8.8839



13.5041, 7.5067, 0.7372



0.4602, 0.3068, 0.0350



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



29.4960, 35.3150, 48.4420



49.6727, 60.9162, 87.4346



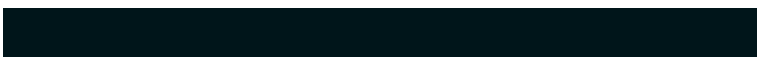
24.2071, 24.7371, 46.6791



8.6178, 9.3818, 10.8630



13.3519, 17.5043, 32.8119



0.4525, 0.6155, 1.0432



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 29.3778, 25.8628, 19.6633 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

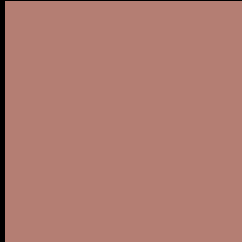
Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 29.3778, 25.8628, 19.6633 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 29.3778, 25.8628, 19.6633**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 29.3778, 25.8628, 19.6633.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 29.3778, 25.8628,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

29.3778, 25.8628, 19.6633

### Protanopia

24.5379, 25.9567, 21.8060

### Deuteranopia

26.4627, 25.9465, 19.5330



## Tritanopia

30.6080, 25.8045, 25.5578

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

29.3778, 25.8628, 19.6633

## Protanomaly

25.9554, 25.6512, 21.0359

## Deuteranomaly

27.5157, 25.8825, 19.4652

## Tritanomaly

30.0296, 25.7454, 23.1253

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

29.3778, 25.8628, 19.6633

## Achromatopsia

25.3171, 26.6356, 29.0061

## Achromatomaly

26.4866, 26.2428, 25.4992

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 29.3778, 25.8628, 19.6633 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(180, 126, 115)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(180, 126, 115)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(180, 126, 115) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(180, 126, 115) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 29.3778, 25.8628, 19.6633 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(180, 126, 115) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(180, 126, 115) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(180, 126, 115)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(180, 126, 115); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 126, 115);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 126,  
115) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 29.3778, 25.8628, 19.6633 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(180, 126, 115) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(180,  
126, 115) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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