

# Converting Colors

XYZ(29.3783, 15.1365, 1.7639)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(29.3783, 15.1365, 1.7639)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(29.2861, 15.0891,  
1.7497)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	DB000D
RGB	219, 0, 13
RGB Percent	86%, 0%, 5%
CMY	0.1412, 0.9998, 0.9490
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.94, 0.14
HSL	356°, 100%, 43%
HSV	356°, 100%, 86%
XYZ	29.2861, 15.0891, 1.7497
YIQ	66.9630, 126.3510, 50.4710

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

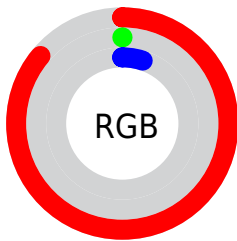
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">219, 0, 13</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">14352397</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">45.76, 71.52, 56.01</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">46, 90.840, 38.064</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">15.0891, 0.6349, 0.3271</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4292542477</a> ( <a href="#">0xFFDB000D</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">66.9630, -26.6038, 133.3364</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">38.8447, 66.5979, 24.5207</a>

# Details

The XYZ color **29.2861, 15.0891, 1.7497** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC0000**. The color can be described as dark washed red. A complement of this color would be **36.4782, 55.1215, 67.1390**, and the grayscale version is **5.3600, 5.6391, 6.1410**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **45.7096, 28.7636, 7.8454**, and **13.1369, 6.7723, 0.6148** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **29.2856, 15.0889, 1.7482**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **29.7822, 15.7450, 2.9531**.

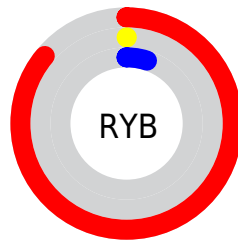
# Distribution



Red (86%)

Green (0%)

Blue (5%)



Red (86%)

Yellow (0%)

Blue (5%)

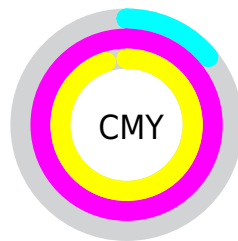


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (94%)

Black (14%)



Cyan (14%)

Magenta (100%)


Yellow (95%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 29.2861, 15.0891, 1.7497 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 29.2861, 15.0891, 1.7497 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 29.2861, 15.0891,  
1.7497

 29.2861, 15.0891,  
1.7497


 290.5324,  
223.9049, 118.3604

 19.4427, 8.8819,  
0.3945


 57.9258, 35.0094,  
8.3445


 12.0965, 4.6643,  
0.0000


 77.4527, 49.4914,  
14.5260


 6.8821, 2.0516,  
0.0000


 100.9383, 67.5003,  
23.1882

 3.4342, 0.6372,  
0.0000

 128.7478, 89.4208,  
34.7499

 1.3873, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 161.2466,  
115.6371, 49.6293

 0.2471, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 198.8001,


 0.0000, 0.0000,


146.5336, 68.2452


0.0000


 241.7736,  
182.4947, 91.0161


 29.2861, 15.0891,  
1.7497


 29.2861, 15.0891,  
1.7497


 29.2856, 15.0889,  
1.7482

 29.7822, 15.7450,  
2.9531

 30.7790, 17.1183,  
5.1978

 32.4104, 19.4324,  
8.6658

 34.7587, 22.8155,  
13.4982

 37.8941, 27.3759,  
19.8167

■ 41.8784, 33.2084,  
27.7294

■ 46.7670, 40.3985,  
37.3346

■ 52.6107, 49.0240,  
48.7226

■ 59.4568, 59.1569,  
61.9772

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



34.3447, 15.0891, 11.2087



29.2861, 15.0891, 1.7497



20.5559, 15.0891, 0.0000

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



29.2861, 15.0891, 1.7497



4.5784, 15.0891, 5.1952



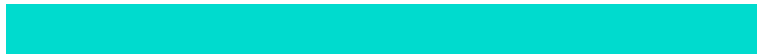
16.5015, 15.0891, 103.1364

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



29.2861, 15.0891, 1.7497



36.4782, 55.1215, 67.1390

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



9.5261, 15.0891, 94.4470



29.2861, 15.0891, 1.7497



4.1629, 15.0891, 23.0620

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



29.2861, 15.0891, 1.7497



7.0603, 15.0891, 0.5152



5.6094, 15.0891, 58.3829



25.4324, 15.0891, 76.7547



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



29.2861, 15.0891, 1.7497



14.8436, 15.0891, 0.0000



5.6094, 15.0891, 58.3829



13.8513, 15.0891, 104.4752

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



29.2864, 15.0901, 1.7499



65.8100, 56.7201, 52.2933



37.7990, 18.0098, 68.5015



13.4269, 11.1700, 9.9008



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



29.2864, 15.0901, 1.7499



41.3268, 21.2947, 2.3873



33.2991, 23.2313, 2.7304



13.0871, 13.0639, 13.7200



17.3784, 8.9524, 1.1066



1.1371, 0.5845, 0.1309



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



29.2864, 15.0901, 1.7499



41.3268, 21.2947, 2.3873



20.0094, 19.5602, 69.7383



13.0871, 13.0639, 13.7200



17.3784, 8.9524, 1.1066



1.1371, 0.5845, 0.1309



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 29.2861, 15.0891, 1.7497 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 29.2861, 15.0891, 1.7497**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 29.2861, 15.0891, 1.7497.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 29.2861, 15.0891,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

29.2861, 15.0891, 1.7497

### Protanopia

14.2711, 15.7638, 3.7294

### Deuteranopia

15.6990, 15.5921, 2.1822



## Tritanopia

28.8654, 15.2520, 1.4226

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

29.2861, 15.0891, 1.7497

## Protanomaly

16.7378, 11.9520, 2.4021

## Deuteranomaly

18.1830, 12.3501, 1.5690

## Tritanomaly

29.0848, 15.2042, 1.5454

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

29.2861, 15.0891, 1.7497

## Achromatopsia

5.3350, 5.6128, 6.1124

## Achromatomaly

9.4030, 6.0706, 3.3655

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 29.2861, 15.0891, 1.7497 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(219, 0, 13)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(219, 0, 13)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(219, 0, 13) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(219, 0, 13) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 29.2861, 15.0891, 1.7497 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(219, 0, 13) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(219, 0, 13) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(219, 0, 13)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(219, 0, 13); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(219, 0, 13);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(219, 0, 13)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 29.2861, 15.0891, 1.7497 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(219, 0, 13) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(219, 0,  
13) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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