

# Converting Colors

XYZ(29.4053, 35.4157, 29.3308)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(29.4053, 35.4157, 29.3308)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(29.4053, 35.4157,  
29.3308)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8CA88A
RGB	140, 168, 138
RGB Percent	55%, 66%, 54%
CMY	0.4510, 0.3412, 0.4588
CMYK	0.17, 0.00, 0.18, 0.34
HSL	116°, 15%, 60%
HSV	116°, 18%, 66%
XYZ	29.4053, 35.4157, 29.3308
YIQ	156.2080, -7.0580, -15.2660

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

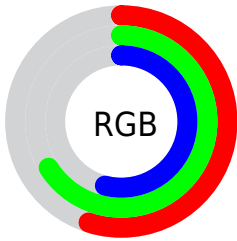
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	138, 168, 166
Decimal	9218186
CIELab	66.07, -15.59, 12.33
CIELCh	66, 19.877, 141.643
Yxy	35.4157, 0.3123, 0.3762
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287408266 (0xFF8CA88A)
YUV	156.2080, -8.9765, -14.2144
Hunter-Lab	59.5111, -15.9450, 12.4359

# Details

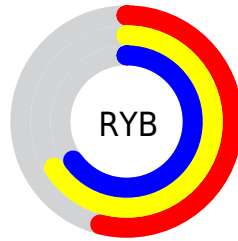
The XYZ color **29.4053, 35.4157, 29.3308** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999966**. A complement of this color would be **31.8836, 29.1121, 40.9864**, and the grayscale version is **31.7347, 33.3874, 36.3588**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **58.0398, 68.0063, 59.3577**, and **12.1267, 15.3192, 11.5503** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **25.8254, 33.7011, 23.2976**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **33.5518, 37.4028, 36.3742**.

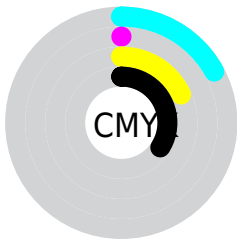
# Distribution



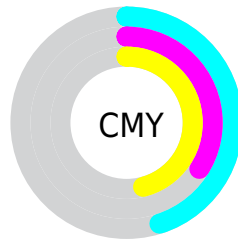
- Red (55%)
- Green (66%)
- Blue (54%)



- Red (54%)
- Yellow (66%)
- Blue (65%)



- Cyan (17%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (18%)
- Black (34%)



- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (34%)
- Yellow (46%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 29.4053, 35.4157, 29.3308 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 29.4053, 35.4157, 29.3308 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 29.4053, 35.4157,  
29.3308

■ 29.4053, 35.4157,  
29.3308

291.0823,  
326.3994, 312.8822

■ 19.5335, 23.9833,  
19.0835

■ 58.1135, 68.1293,  
59.6507

■ 12.1627, 15.3212,  
11.5532

■ 77.6806, 90.1792,  
80.5603

■ 6.9275, 9.0451,  
6.3214

■ 101.2102,  
116.5370, 105.8612

■ 3.4628, 4.7706,  
2.9695

129.0675,  
147.5872, 135.9718

■ 1.4029, 2.1133,  
1.0791

161.6181,  
183.7142, 171.3106

■ 0.2583, 0.6721,  
0.0000

199.2272,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

225.3023, 212.2963

0.0000

242.2601,  
272.7359, 259.3473

■ 29.4053, 35.4157,  
29.3308

■ 29.4053, 35.4157,  
29.3308

■ 25.8254, 33.7011,  
23.2976

■ 33.5518, 37.4028,  
36.3742

■ 22.7849, 32.2427,  
18.2262

■ 38.2852, 39.6686,  
44.4686

■ 20.2583, 31.0297,  
14.0675

■ 43.6279, 42.2251,  
53.6555

■ 18.2173, 30.0484,  
10.7674

■ 49.6006, 45.0820,  
63.9735

■ 16.6307, 29.2842,  
8.2658

■ 56.2230, 48.2486,  
75.4591

■ 15.4634, 28.7204,  
6.4953

■ 63.5138, 51.7338,  
88.1474

■ 14.6755, 28.3382,  
5.3769

■ 71.3936, 55.5073,  
101.5589

■ 14.2129, 28.1124,  
4.7805

■ 73.2933, 56.4867,  
101.6478

■ 14.1440, 28.0792,  
4.6744

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



31.6119, 35.4157, 25.3433



29.4053, 35.4157, 29.3308



28.3540, 35.4157, 36.2476

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



29.4053, 35.4157, 29.3308



32.8436, 35.4157, 56.9775



39.2160, 35.4157, 32.8734

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



29.4053, 35.4157, 29.3308



31.8836, 29.1121, 40.9864

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



39.5933, 35.4157, 40.9722



29.4053, 35.4157, 29.3308



35.7980, 35.4157, 55.7245

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



29.4053, 35.4157, 29.3308



30.2617, 35.4157, 52.7597



38.3099, 35.4157, 49.5507



37.3069, 35.4157, 27.1710



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



29.4053, 35.4157, 29.3308



28.4044, 35.4157, 41.9350



38.3099, 35.4157, 49.5507



39.5304, 35.4157, 35.3743

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



29.4063, 35.4172, 29.3316



63.1494, 68.9552, 69.8722



34.3737, 37.4340, 29.4590



13.6421, 14.9710, 15.0213



80.6108, 84.8088, 92.3568



14.7206, 15.4872, 16.8656



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



29.4063, 35.4172, 29.3316



50.9528, 63.1135, 49.1572



30.0709, 35.6445, 34.5743



7.4813, 8.4307, 8.0223



10.6976, 21.2121, 3.5305



0.2743, 0.5233, 0.0866



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



31.8836, 29.1121, 40.9864



56.2038, 49.7463, 73.8648



31.1545, 28.8692, 34.9418



7.7918, 7.6408, 9.4825



15.8256, 7.5418, 28.5971



0.3992, 0.1908, 0.6964



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 29.4053, 35.4157, 29.3308 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 29.4053, 35.4157, 29.3308 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 29.4053, 35.4157, 29.3308**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 29.4053, 35.4157, 29.3308.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 29.4053, 35.4157,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

29.4053, 35.4157, 29.3308

### Protanopia

33.2361, 35.2979, 27.6157

### Deuteranopia

35.8918, 35.1016, 30.0829



## Tritanopia

32.7877, 35.4400, 46.1868

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

29.4053, 35.4157, 29.3308

## Protanomaly

31.5709, 35.2128, 28.0544

## Deuteranomaly

33.0681, 34.9052, 29.8054

## Tritanomaly

31.4783, 35.4482, 39.3655

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

29.4053, 35.4157, 29.3308

## Achromatopsia

31.5995, 33.2452, 36.2040

## Achromatomaly

30.5733, 33.7956, 33.3456

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 29.4053, 35.4157, 29.3308 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(140, 168, 138) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(140, 168, 138)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(140, 168, 138) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(140, 168, 138) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 29.4053, 35.4157, 29.3308 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(140, 168, 138) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(140, 168, 138) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(140, 168, 138)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(140, 168, 138); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 168, 138);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 168,  
138) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 29.4053, 35.4157, 29.3308 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(140, 168, 138) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(140,  
168, 138) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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