

# Converting Colors

XYZ(29.4276, 30.2965, 36.4253)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(29.4276, 30.2965, 36.4253)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(29.3391, 30.1325,  
36.6176)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	96949E
RGB	150, 148, 158
RGB Percent	59%, 58%, 62%
CMY	0.4118, 0.4196, 0.3804
CMYK	0.05, 0.06, 0.00, 0.38
HSL	252°, 5%, 60%
HSV	252°, 6%, 62%
XYZ	29.3391, 30.1325, 36.6176
YIQ	149.7380, -2.0180, 3.5340

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

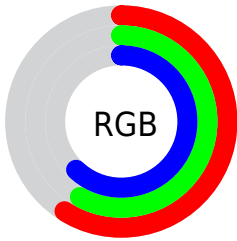
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	150, 148, 158
Decimal	9868446
CIE Lab	61.77, 2.71, -5.00
CIE LCh	62, 5.684, 298.420
Yxy	30.1325, 0.3053, 0.3136
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288058526 (0xFF96949E)
YUV	149.7380, 4.0732, 0.2298
Hunter-Lab	54.8931, -0.6587, -1.1255

# Details

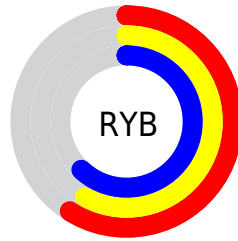
The XYZ color **29.3391, 30.1325, 36.6176** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **31.2838, 33.6607, 32.8669**, and the grayscale version is **28.8631, 30.3662, 33.0688**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **58.0326, 59.8825, 71.4506**, and **12.0741, 12.2636, 15.6406** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **24.8257, 24.3751, 35.7446**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **34.4437, 36.6986, 37.6164**.

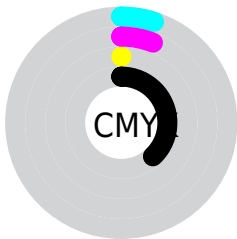
# Distribution



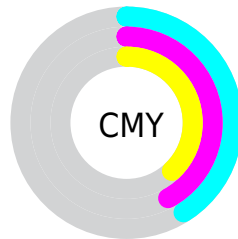
- Red (59%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (62%)



- Red (59%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Blue (62%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (38%)



- Cyan (41%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (38%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 29.3391, 30.1325, 36.6176 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 29.3391, 30.1325, 36.6176 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 29.3391, 30.1325,  
36.6176

■ 29.3391, 30.1325,  
36.6176

290.7770,  
302.5216, 346.7707

■ 19.4831, 19.9392,  
24.6181

■ 58.0093, 59.8717,  
71.1640

■ 12.1259, 12.3508,  
15.5763

■ 77.5541, 80.1863,  
94.5480

■ 6.9023, 6.9831,  
9.0738

101.0592,  
104.6435, 122.5638

■ 3.4469, 3.4515,  
4.6919

128.8900,  
133.6276, 155.6302

■ 1.3942, 1.3718,  
2.0121

161.4119,  
167.5231, 194.1655

■ 0.2521, 0.1958,  
0.5627

198.9901,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

206.7143, 238.5883

0.0000

241.9900,  
251.5857, 289.3172

■ 29.3391, 30.1325,  
36.6176

■ 29.3391, 30.1325,  
36.6176

■ 24.8257, 24.3751,  
35.7446

■ 34.4437, 36.6986,  
37.6164

■ 20.8792, 19.3911,  
34.9906

■ 40.1572, 44.0990,  
38.7437

■ 17.4777, 15.1485,  
34.3510

■ 46.5000, 52.3631,  
40.0045

■ 14.5968, 11.6114,  
33.8201

■ 53.4906, 61.5178,  
41.4031

■ 12.2100, 8.7410,  
33.3919

■ 61.1467, 71.5885,  
42.9434

■ 10.2886, 6.4947,  
33.0596

■ 69.4856, 82.5999,  
44.6293

■ 8.8007, 4.8248,  
32.8157

■ 77.3629, 92.2541,  
46.0776

■ 7.7103, 3.6766,  
32.6515

■ 81.7707, 94.5264,  
46.2839

■ 6.9693, 2.9734,  
32.5548

■ 83.1716, 95.2487,  
46.3495

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



28.5999, 30.1325, 37.1597



29.3391, 30.1325, 36.6176



29.8993, 30.1325, 35.0433

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



29.3391, 30.1325, 36.6176



29.4099, 30.1325, 29.3811



27.2081, 30.1325, 32.6943

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



29.3391, 30.1325, 36.6176



31.2838, 33.6607, 32.8669

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



27.4166, 30.1325, 30.6721



29.3391, 30.1325, 36.6176



28.6802, 30.1325, 28.8122

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



29.3391, 30.1325, 36.6176



29.9407, 30.1325, 30.8630



27.9522, 30.1325, 29.2744



27.3776, 30.1325, 34.8355



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



29.3391, 30.1325, 36.6176



30.0912, 30.1325, 33.6539



27.9522, 30.1325, 29.2744



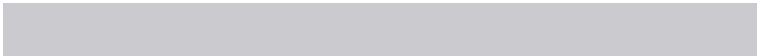
27.2363, 30.1325, 31.9787

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



29.3400, 30.1338, 36.6183



57.1217, 59.6518, 67.2468



30.3018, 32.5984, 37.0433



12.9027, 13.4802, 15.1655



76.7382, 80.7346, 87.9200



13.3056, 13.9985, 15.2444



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



29.3400, 30.1338, 36.6183



51.7023, 52.7016, 66.1909



30.2481, 30.6020, 36.6608



6.4024, 6.4959, 8.3231



5.4361, 2.2314, 26.0514



0.1266, 0.0551, 0.4672



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



30.6924, 30.8507, 35.7915



54.8349, 54.3625, 64.2588



30.3667, 33.1879, 32.8240



6.8473, 6.7319, 8.0472



14.3461, 7.0430, 16.6055

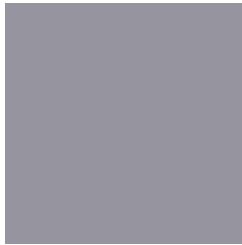


0.2698, 0.1312, 0.3668



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 29.3391, 30.1325, 36.6176 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

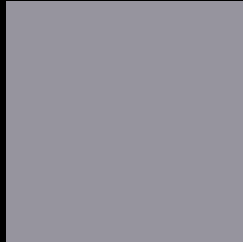
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 29.3391, 30.1325, 36.6176 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

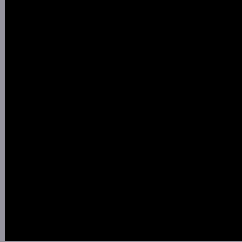
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 29.3391, 30.1325, 36.6176**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 29.3391, 30.1325, 36.6176.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 29.3391, 30.1325,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

29.3391, 30.1325, 36.6176

### Protanopia

29.1559, 30.0380, 36.6090

### Deuteranopia

30.6815, 30.1249, 36.9985



## Tritanopia

29.4256, 30.1670, 37.0728

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

29.3391, 30.1325, 36.6176

## Protanomaly

29.1559, 30.0380, 36.6090

## Deuteranomaly

30.2472, 30.1289, 37.0221

## Tritanomaly

29.4256, 30.1670, 37.0728

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

29.3391, 30.1325, 36.6176

## Achromatopsia

28.9890, 30.4987, 33.2131

## Achromatomaly

29.0749, 30.2788, 34.4490

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 29.3391, 30.1325, 36.6176 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(150, 148, 158)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(150, 148, 158)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(150, 148, 158) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(150, 148, 158) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 29.3391, 30.1325, 36.6176 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(150, 148, 158) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(150, 148, 158) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(150, 148, 158)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(150, 148, 158); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 148, 158);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 148,  
158) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 29.3391, 30.1325, 36.6176 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(150, 148, 158) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(150,  
148, 158) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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