

# Converting Colors

XYZ(29.5726, 23.8626, 6.3714)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(29.5726, 23.8626, 6.3714)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(29.5737, 23.9376,  
6.4299)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C57135
RGB	197, 113, 53
RGB Percent	77%, 44%, 21%
CMY	0.2275, 0.5568, 0.7921
CMYK	0.00, 0.43, 0.73, 0.23
HSL	25°, 58%, 49%
HSV	25°, 73%, 77%
XYZ	29.5737, 23.9376, 6.4299
YIQ	131.2760, 69.3240, -0.8520

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

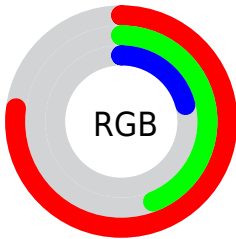
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	197, 156, 53
Decimal	12939573
CIE Lab	56.03, 28.36, 46.30
CIE LCh	56, 54.293, 58.512
Yxy	23.9376, 0.4934, 0.3994
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291129653 (0xFFC57135)
YUV	131.2760, -38.5901, 57.6399
Hunter-Lab	48.9261, 22.2749, 26.4563

# Details

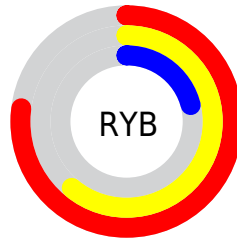
The XYZ color **29.5737, 23.9376, 6.4299** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6633**. The color can be described as dark muted orange. A complement of this color would be **20.4913, 22.6782, 56.1203**, and the grayscale version is **21.7892, 22.9239, 24.9642**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **57.3244, 49.5117, 19.3674**, and **12.3201, 9.0723, 1.1305** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **28.0084, 21.3894, 4.1135**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **31.4886, 26.8875, 9.7818**.

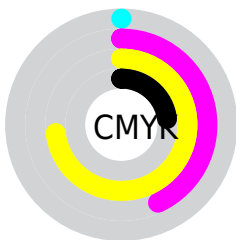
# Distribution



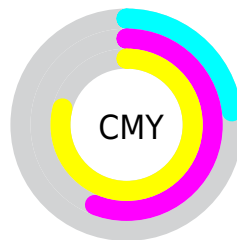
- Red (77%)
- Green (44%)
- Blue (21%)



- Red (77%)
- Yellow (61%)
- Blue (21%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Black (23%)




- Cyan (23%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (79%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 29.5737, 23.9376, 6.4299 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 29.5737, 23.9376, 6.4299 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 29.5737, 23.9376,  
6.4299


 29.5737, 23.9376,  
6.4299


291.8579,  
272.5049, 172.2859


 19.6617, 15.2873,  
3.0352


 58.3786, 49.9284,  
19.3097


 12.2562, 9.0213,  
1.1126


 78.0023, 68.0376,  
29.6320


 6.9919, 4.7551,  
0.0000


 101.5938, 90.0687,  
43.1005

 3.5033, 2.1043,  
0.0000

 129.5187,  
116.4060, 60.1338

 1.4252, 0.6670,  
0.0000

 162.1421,  
147.4338, 81.1504

 0.2740, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 199.8296,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

183.5367, 106.5690

0.0000

242.9464,  
225.0989, 136.8080

■ 29.5737, 23.9376,  
6.4299

■ 29.5737, 23.9376,  
6.4299

■ 28.0084, 21.3894,  
4.1135

■ 31.4886, 26.8875,  
9.7818

■ 26.7606, 19.2172,  
2.7003

■ 33.7776, 30.2549,  
14.2771

■ 26.0499, 17.9184,  
2.0856

■ 36.4644, 34.0590,  
20.0111

■ 39.5701, 38.3166,  
27.0690

■ 43.1138, 43.0434,  
35.5281

■ 47.1138, 48.2543,  
45.4598

■ 51.5869, 53.9634,  
56.9305

■ 56.5492, 60.1843,  
70.0027

■ 62.0159, 66.9299,  
84.7353

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



34.9355, 23.9376, 12.9143



29.5737, 23.9376, 6.4299



23.0634, 23.9376, 4.6498

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



29.5737, 23.9376, 6.4299



12.7838, 23.9376, 25.1861



28.9387, 23.9376, 69.1226

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



29.5737, 23.9376, 6.4299



20.4913, 22.6782, 56.1203

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



22.4433, 23.9376, 77.3507



29.5737, 23.9376, 6.4299



13.7922, 23.9376, 46.0247

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



29.5737, 23.9376, 6.4299



14.0155, 23.9376, 11.9751



17.0693, 23.9376, 67.4353



34.5245, 23.9376, 48.3083



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



29.5737, 23.9376, 6.4299



19.1686, 23.9376, 5.2292



17.0693, 23.9376, 67.4353



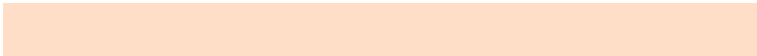
26.7562, 23.9376, 73.7781

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



29.5742, 23.9389, 6.4303



77.7321, 77.7686, 64.8859



28.8144, 16.2228, 25.2797



16.2430, 16.1246, 12.9285



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



29.5742, 23.9389, 6.4303



48.7032, 35.7991, 5.6118



41.0174, 46.8251, 10.2447



10.9909, 11.3510, 11.1744



17.2127, 11.9426, 1.3979



0.8862, 0.7079, 0.0899



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



20.4913, 22.6782, 56.1203



31.4342, 33.1673, 99.3529



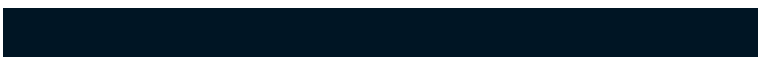
13.4367, 8.5689, 53.7688



10.5620, 11.2980, 13.5416



10.7386, 10.8710, 36.2767

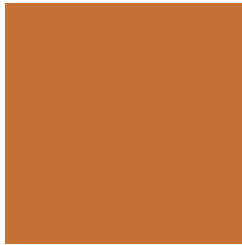


0.5788, 0.6554, 1.7411



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 29.5737, 23.9376, 6.4299 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 29.5737, 23.9376, 6.4299 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 29.5737, 23.9376, 6.4299**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 29.5737, 23.9376, 6.4299.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 29.5737, 23.9376,

6.4299.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

29.5737, 23.9376, 6.4299

### Protanopia

22.0311, 24.1277, 7.6336

### Deuteranopia

24.4220, 23.9849, 6.2481



## Tritanopia

32.0107, 23.8023, 18.8267

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

29.5737, 23.9376, 6.4299

## Protanomaly

24.2642, 23.6896, 7.1646

## Deuteranomaly

26.2491, 23.9799, 6.2627

## Tritanomaly

30.9536, 23.8521, 13.0977

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

29.5737, 23.9376, 6.4299

## Achromatopsia

21.5731, 22.6966, 24.7166

## Achromatomaly

23.1734, 22.3631, 15.9271

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 29.5737, 23.9376, 6.4299 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(197, 113, 53)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(197, 113, 53)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(197, 113, 53) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(197, 113, 53) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 29.5737, 23.9376, 6.4299 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(197, 113, 53) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(197, 113, 53) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(197, 113, 53)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(197, 113, 53); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 113, 53);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 113,  
53) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 29.5737, 23.9376, 6.4299 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(197, 113, 53) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(197,  
113, 53) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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