

# Converting Colors

XYZ(29.6238, 40.7398, 57.8086)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(29.6238, 40.7398, 57.8086)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(29.6970, 40.8672,  
57.9527)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3CBCC3
RGB	60, 188, 195
RGB Percent	24%, 74%, 76%
CMY	0.7647, 0.2627, 0.2353
CMYK	0.69, 0.04, 0.00, 0.24
HSL	183°, 53%, 50%
HSV	183°, 69%, 76%
XYZ	29.6970, 40.8672, 57.9527
YIQ	150.5260, -78.5350, -24.9590

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

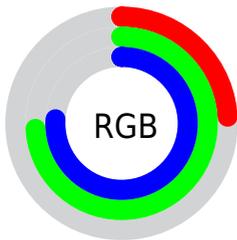
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	60, 126, 195
Decimal	3980483
CIELab	70.08, -31.76, -13.66
CIELCh	70, 34.578, 203.275
Yxy	40.8672, 0.2311, 0.3180
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282170563 (0xFF3CBCC3)
YUV	150.5260, 21.9257, -79.3913
Hunter-Lab	63.9275, -28.9523, -8.9994

# Details

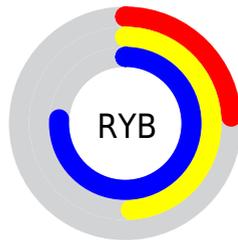
The XYZ color **29.6970, 40.8672, 57.9527** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCCC**. The color can be described as middle muted azure. A complement of this color would be **25.3294, 15.9437, 6.0185**, and the grayscale version is **29.1480, 30.6660, 33.3953**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **58.8273, 76.7687, 103.8128**, and **13.3328, 18.9733, 28.1588** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **28.5140, 39.9387, 57.8366**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **31.3179, 42.0254, 58.0916**.

# Distribution



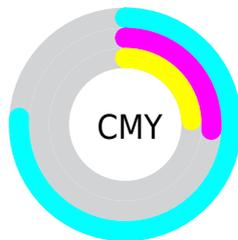
- Red (24%)
- Green (74%)
- Blue (76%)



- Red (24%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Blue (76%)



- Cyan (69%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (24%)



- Cyan (76%)
- Magenta (26%)
- Yellow (24%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 29.6970, 40.8672, 57.9527 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 29.6970, 40.8672, 57.9527 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 29.6970, 40.8672,  
57.9527

■ 29.6970, 40.8672,  
57.9527

292.4248,  
349.7653, 434.6030

■ 19.7556, 28.2153,  
41.3562

■ 58.5726, 76.4823,  
103.3681

■ 12.3248, 18.4880,  
28.2757

■ 78.2375, 100.2142,  
133.0240

■ 7.0390, 11.3009,  
18.2927

■ 101.8744,  
128.4084, 167.8701

■ 3.5331, 6.2696,  
10.9888

■ 129.8485,  
161.4491, 208.3250

■ 1.4415, 3.0097,  
5.9452

■ 162.5253,  
199.7207, 254.8072

■ 0.2855, 1.1368,  
2.7435

200.2700,

■ 0.0000, 0.0092,

243.6077, 307.7353

0.9652

243.4480,  
293.4944, 367.5277

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 29.6970, 40.8672,  
57.9527

■ 29.6970, 40.8672,  
57.9527

■ 28.5140, 39.9387,  
57.8366

■ 31.3179, 42.0254,  
58.0916

■ 27.7148, 39.2095,  
57.7380

■ 33.4158, 43.4309,  
58.2523

■ 27.2120, 38.6353,  
57.6536

■ 36.0295, 45.1046,  
58.4376

■ 27.1768, 38.5928,  
57.6473

■ 39.1930, 47.0639,  
58.6490

■ 42.9373, 49.3249,  
58.8881

■ 47.2910, 51.9024,  
59.1562

■ 52.2810, 54.8101,  
59.4544

■ 57.9324, 58.0611,  
59.7840

■ 64.2691, 61.6677,  
60.1462

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



29.0257, 40.8672, 40.9539



29.6970, 40.8672, 57.9527



32.7045, 40.8672, 74.3695

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



29.6970, 40.8672, 57.9527



48.2133, 40.8672, 65.8060



40.1287, 40.8672, 20.2060

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



29.6970, 40.8672, 57.9527



25.3294, 15.9437, 6.0185

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



45.7053, 40.8672, 23.9350



29.6970, 40.8672, 57.9527



50.6567, 40.8672, 48.2397

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



29.6970, 40.8672, 57.9527



43.2940, 40.8672, 79.6175



49.6971, 40.8672, 33.3048



34.7081, 40.8672, 21.6060

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



29.6970, 40.8672, 57.9527



35.8010, 40.8672, 81.4222



49.6971, 40.8672, 33.3048



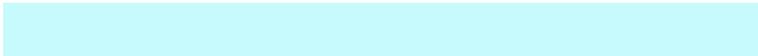
42.0527, 40.8672, 20.8639

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



29.6983, 40.8687, 57.9537



75.4040, 87.4445, 105.3741



22.3852, 40.3940, 11.8892



16.0893, 18.8946, 23.0490



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



29.6983, 40.8687, 57.9537



50.2643, 70.8274, 103.4916



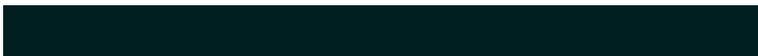
18.5221, 18.5164, 54.2283



10.3224, 11.3361, 12.9289



17.6827, 25.1218, 37.4736



0.7779, 1.1133, 1.6238



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



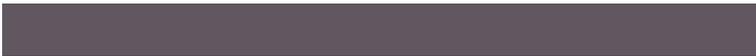
33.1997, 18.4658, 49.3930



57.1340, 28.8873, 86.2442



31.8821, 29.0492, 8.2028



10.4740, 10.2382, 12.5867



20.3214, 9.8183, 30.6680



0.8851, 0.4270, 1.3621



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 29.6970, 40.8672, 57.9527 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

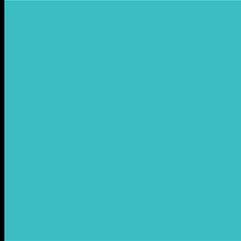
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 29.6970, 40.8672, 57.9527 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

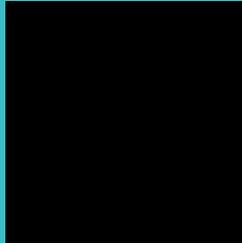
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 29.6970, 40.8672, 57.9527**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 29.6970, 40.8672, 57.9527.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 29.6970, 40.8672,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

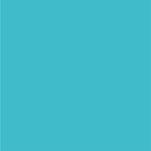
29.6970, 40.8672, 57.9527

### Protanopia

39.0974, 40.2298, 50.5042

### Deuteranopia

41.0748, 40.2132, 60.2406



## Tritanopia

30.5453, 40.8949, 62.1607

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

29.6970, 40.8672, 57.9527



## Protanomaly

33.5482, 39.3057, 52.8323



## Deuteranomaly

34.6892, 39.1746, 59.1592



## Tritanomaly

30.1290, 40.7209, 60.3048

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

29.6970, 40.8672, 57.9527



## Achromatopsia

29.4150, 30.9469, 33.7012



## Achromatomaly

27.7217, 33.1925, 41.5049

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 29.6970, 40.8672, 57.9527 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(60, 188, 195)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(60, 188, 195)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(60, 188, 195) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(60, 188, 195) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 29.6970, 40.8672, 57.9527 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(60, 188, 195) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(60, 188, 195) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(60, 188, 195) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(60, 188, 195); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(60, 188, 195);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(60, 188,  
195) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 29.6970, 40.8672, 57.9527 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(60, 188, 195) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(60, 188,  
195) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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