

# Converting Colors

XYZ(29.6286, 38.1243, 27.9874)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(29.6286, 38.1243, 27.9874)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(29.6286, 38.1243,  
27.9874)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	85B185
RGB	133, 177, 133
RGB Percent	52%, 69%, 52%
CMY	0.4784, 0.3059, 0.4784
CMYK	0.25, 0.00, 0.25, 0.31
HSL	120°, 22%, 61%
HSV	120°, 25%, 69%
XYZ	29.6286, 38.1243, 27.9874
YIQ	158.8280, -12.1000, -23.0120

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

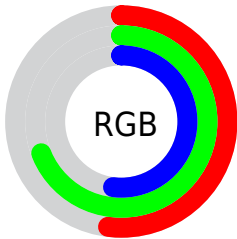
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	133, 177, 177
Decimal	8761733
CIELab	68.11, -23.53, 17.86
CIELCh	68, 29.539, 142.806
Yxy	38.1243, 0.3095, 0.3982
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286951813 (0xFF85B185)
YUV	158.8280, -12.7332, -22.6512
Hunter-Lab	61.7449, -22.3994, 16.3467

# Details

The XYZ color **29.6286, 38.1243, 27.9874** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC99**. A complement of this color would be **34.4561, 29.2972, 45.4354**, and the grayscale version is **32.9371, 34.6524, 37.7365**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **58.4954, 72.3878, 57.3436**, and **12.2487, 16.8337, 10.7873** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **25.9446, 36.3558, 21.9607**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **33.9917, 40.2212, 35.1231**.

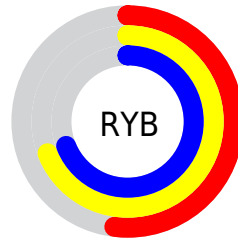
# Distribution



Red (52%)

Green (69%)

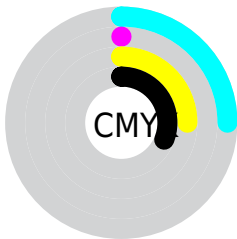
Blue (52%)



Red (52%)

Yellow (69%)

Blue (69%)

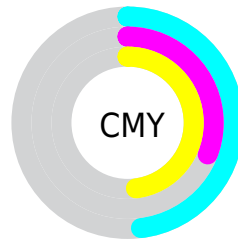


Cyan (25%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (25%)

Black (31%)



Cyan (48%)

Magenta (31%)

Yellow (48%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 29.6286, 38.1243, 27.9874 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 29.6286, 38.1243, 27.9874 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 29.6286, 38.1243,  
27.9874

■ 29.6286, 38.1243,  
27.9874

292.1104,  
338.1529, 306.3167

■ 19.7035, 26.0792,  
18.0772

■ 58.4650, 72.2986,  
57.4872

■ 12.2867, 16.8829,  
10.8354

■ 78.1070, 95.1966,  
77.9139

■ 7.0129, 10.1510,  
5.8435

■ 101.7188,  
122.4810, 102.6831

■ 3.5165, 5.4992,  
2.6829

129.6656,  
154.5362, 132.2134

■ 1.4324, 2.5430,  
0.9348

162.3128,  
191.7466, 166.9234

■ 0.2792, 0.8981,  
0.0000

200.0258,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

234.4966, 207.2316

0.0000

243.1698,  
283.1705, 253.5565

■ 29.6286, 38.1243,  
27.9874

■ 29.6286, 38.1243,  
27.9874

■ 25.9446, 36.3558,  
21.9607

■ 33.9917, 40.2212,  
35.1231

■ 22.9027, 34.8946,  
16.9851

■ 39.0623, 42.6569,  
43.4170

■ 20.4670, 33.7247,  
13.0011

■ 44.8711, 45.4472,  
52.9182

■ 18.5971, 32.8264,  
9.9425

■ 51.4458, 48.6054,  
63.6723

■ 17.2473, 32.1781,  
7.7346

■ 58.8130, 52.1442,  
75.7225

■ 16.3651, 31.7543,  
6.2916

■ 66.9978, 56.0758,  
89.1100

■ 15.8867, 31.5245,  
5.5089

■ 75.0129, 59.9258,  
102.2210

■ 15.7229, 31.4458,  
5.2411

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



32.9102, 38.1243, 22.2437



29.6286, 38.1243, 27.9874



28.1399, 38.1243, 38.4146

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



29.6286, 38.1243, 27.9874



35.1381, 38.1243, 72.1053



45.0292, 38.1243, 32.4347

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



29.6286, 38.1243, 27.9874



34.4561, 29.2972, 45.4354

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



45.7527, 38.1243, 44.7693



29.6286, 38.1243, 27.9874



39.7786, 38.1243, 69.5590

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



29.6286, 38.1243, 27.9874



31.1412, 38.1243, 65.1729



43.7592, 38.1243, 58.8106



41.8583, 38.1243, 24.4060



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



29.6286, 38.1243, 27.9874



28.2673, 38.1243, 47.3908



43.7592, 38.1243, 58.8106



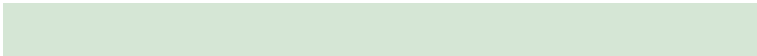
45.5771, 38.1243, 36.1387

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



29.6296, 38.1259, 27.9882



67.7904, 75.3532, 74.2126



38.0889, 42.4869, 28.3838



14.5744, 16.2741, 15.8918



84.5950, 89.0005, 96.9216



16.2198, 17.0645, 18.5832



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



29.6296, 38.1259, 27.9882



49.1877, 66.4174, 43.7847



31.3124, 38.7991, 36.8499



8.3890, 9.4901, 9.0422



11.3913, 22.7825, 3.7972



0.3584, 0.7168, 0.1195



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



34.4561, 29.2972, 45.4354



59.3692, 47.7930, 80.5900



32.4365, 28.4894, 34.8007



8.8501, 8.6467, 10.7088



18.8863, 9.0721, 30.8911



0.5942, 0.2854, 0.9720



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 29.6286, 38.1243, 27.9874 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

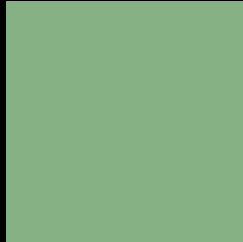
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 29.6286, 38.1243, 27.9874 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 29.6286, 38.1243, 27.9874**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 29.6286, 38.1243, 27.9874.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 29.6286, 38.1243,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

29.6286, 38.1243, 27.9874

### Protanopia

35.4829, 37.8159, 25.8511

### Deuteranopia

38.3994, 37.6788, 28.9158



## Tritanopia

34.1818, 37.9609, 50.8730

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

29.6286, 38.1243, 27.9874

## Protanomaly

32.9152, 37.5647, 26.6350

## Deuteranomaly

34.6577, 37.5961, 28.7227

## Tritanomaly

32.3826, 38.0927, 41.2432

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

29.6286, 38.1243, 27.9874

## Achromatopsia

32.9542, 34.6704, 37.7561

## Achromatomaly

31.7189, 35.9585, 34.1231

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 29.6286, 38.1243, 27.9874 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(133, 177, 133)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(133, 177, 133)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(133, 177, 133) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(133, 177, 133) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 29.6286, 38.1243, 27.9874 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(133, 177, 133) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(133, 177, 133) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(133, 177, 133)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(133, 177, 133); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(133, 177, 133);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(133, 177,  
133) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 29.6286, 38.1243, 27.9874 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(133, 177, 133) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(133,  
177, 133) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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