

# Converting Colors

XYZ(29.6598, 39.5313, 33.2536)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(29.6598, 39.5313, 33.2536)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(29.6620, 39.5243,  
33.2597)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	78B692
RGB	120, 182, 146
RGB Percent	47%, 71%, 57%
CMY	0.5294, 0.2863, 0.4274
CMYK	0.34, 0.00, 0.20, 0.29
HSL	145°, 30%, 59%
HSV	145°, 34%, 71%
XYZ	29.6620, 39.5243, 33.2597
YIQ	159.3580, -25.3960, -24.3400

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

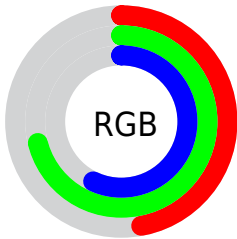
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	120, 164, 182
Decimal	7911058
CIELab	69.13, -27.79, 12.08
CIELCh	69, 30.300, 156.504
Yxy	39.5243, 0.2895, 0.3858
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286101138 (0xFF78B692)
YUV	159.3580, -6.5855, -34.5170
Hunter-Lab	62.8684, -25.8013, 12.6412

# Details

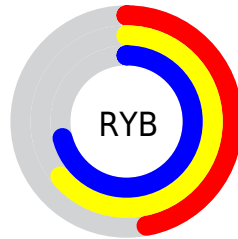
The XYZ color **29.6620, 39.5243, 33.2597** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC99**. A complement of this color would be **32.0100, 25.7793, 34.7430**, and the grayscale version is **33.1570, 34.8837, 37.9884**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **58.4554, 74.3179, 65.9074**, and **12.2997, 17.7557, 13.6054** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **26.5894, 38.0321, 29.0214**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **33.2925, 41.2975, 37.9225**.

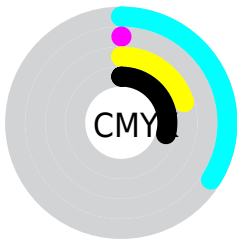
# Distribution



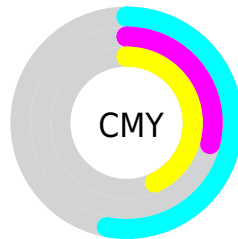
- Red (47%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (57%)



- Red (47%)
- Yellow (64%)
- Blue (71%)



- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Black (29%)



- Cyan (53%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (43%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 29.6620, 39.5243, 33.2597 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 29.6620, 39.5243, 33.2597 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 29.6620, 39.5243,  
33.2597

■ 29.6620, 39.5243,  
33.2597

292.2639,  
344.1145, 331.4862

■ 19.7290, 27.1678,  
22.0527

■ 58.5175, 74.4386,  
65.9014

■ 12.3053, 17.6993,  
13.6970

■ 78.1708, 97.7652,  
88.1733

■ 7.0256, 10.7343,  
7.7739

■ 101.7948,  
125.5173, 114.9705

■ 3.5246, 5.8885,  
3.8649

129.7549,  
158.0794, 146.7117

■ 1.4369, 2.7774,  
1.5515

162.4166,  
195.8357, 183.8153

■ 0.2823, 1.0166,  
0.2559

200.1450,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

239.1707, 226.6998

0.0000

243.3057,  
288.4689, 275.7840

■ 29.6620, 39.5243,  
33.2597

■ 29.6620, 39.5243,  
33.2597

■ 26.5894, 38.0321,  
29.0214

■ 33.2925, 41.2975,  
37.9225

■ 24.0423, 36.8011,  
25.1930

■ 37.5048, 43.3606,  
43.0188

■ 21.9895, 35.8166,  
21.7626


■ 42.3253, 45.7280,  
48.5606

■ 20.3951, 35.0605,  
18.7169


■ 47.7776, 48.4117,  
54.5585


■ 19.2183, 34.5117,  
16.0417


■ 53.8842, 51.4230,  
61.0228


 18.4097, 34.1454,  
13.7217

 60.6665, 54.7728,  
67.9634

 18.0444, 33.9837,  
12.5046

 68.1447, 58.4713,  
75.3902

 72.3286, 60.4614,  
83.1247

 73.8632, 61.0752,  
91.2054

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



32.2981, 39.5243, 24.9698



29.6620, 39.5243, 33.2597



29.0581, 39.5243, 46.1252

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



29.6620, 39.5243, 33.2597



38.6306, 39.5243, 75.3192



45.5548, 39.5243, 29.0477

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



29.6620, 39.5243, 33.2597



32.0100, 25.7793, 34.7430

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



47.5924, 39.5243, 40.0865



29.6620, 39.5243, 33.2597



43.3791, 39.5243, 68.2108

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



29.6620, 39.5243, 33.2597



33.9771, 39.5243, 72.3975



46.7640, 39.5243, 54.5600



41.4005, 39.5243, 22.9281



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



29.6620, 39.5243, 33.2597



29.8387, 39.5243, 56.0584



46.7640, 39.5243, 54.5600



46.5255, 39.5243, 32.2035

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



29.6631, 39.5259, 33.2606



71.2651, 80.2148, 81.8076



33.8621, 41.8983, 24.0723



15.4761, 17.5873, 17.7624



88.6918, 93.3107, 101.6153



17.8044, 18.7317, 20.3988



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



29.6631, 39.5259, 33.2606



49.4380, 69.5472, 54.3685



32.3942, 40.6184, 47.6425



9.0424, 10.1209, 10.3806



12.7738, 24.0105, 8.9970



0.4814, 0.8588, 0.4807



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



32.0100, 25.7793, 34.7430



54.3481, 40.7654, 57.4539



29.7214, 24.8638, 22.6912



9.2173, 9.0973, 10.4919



15.4826, 7.7668, 10.4280



0.5759, 0.2859, 0.5264



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 29.6620, 39.5243, 33.2597 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 29.6620, 39.5243, 33.2597 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

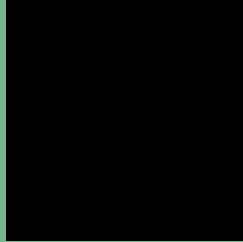
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 29.6620, 39.5243, 33.2597**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 29.6620, 39.5243, 33.2597.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 29.6620, 39.5243,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

29.6620, 39.5243, 33.2597

### Protanopia

37.0229, 39.3343, 30.0671

### Deuteranopia

39.9112, 39.1190, 34.3013



## Tritanopia

33.8729, 39.4355, 54.5417

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

29.6620, 39.5243, 33.2597

## Protanomaly

33.7307, 39.0082, 31.3427

## Deuteranomaly

35.1298, 38.5452, 34.0222

## Tritanomaly

32.1646, 39.3324, 45.9411

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

29.6620, 39.5243, 33.2597

## Achromatopsia

32.9542, 34.6704, 37.7561

## Achromatomaly

31.3285, 35.9903, 35.8675

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 29.6620, 39.5243, 33.2597 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(120, 182, 146)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(120, 182, 146)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(120, 182, 146) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(120, 182, 146) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 29.6620, 39.5243, 33.2597 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(120, 182, 146) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(120, 182, 146) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(120, 182, 146) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(120, 182, 146); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(120, 182, 146);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(120, 182,  
146) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 29.6620, 39.5243, 33.2597 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(120, 182, 146) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(120,  
182, 146) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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