

# Converting Colors

XYZ(29.6629, 23.9124, 5.9395)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(29.6629, 23.9124, 5.9395)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(29.7482, 24.0378,  
5.9776)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C67131
RGB	198, 113, 49
RGB Percent	78%, 44%, 19%
CMY	0.2235, 0.5568, 0.8078
CMYK	0.00, 0.43, 0.75, 0.22
HSL	26°, 60%, 48%
HSV	26°, 75%, 78%
XYZ	29.7482, 24.0378, 5.9776
YIQ	131.1190, 71.2040, -1.8840

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

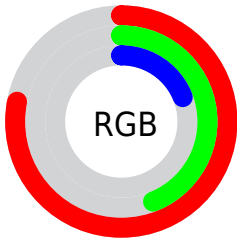
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	198, 161, 49
Decimal	13005105
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	56.13, 28.59, 48.34
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	56, 56.164, 59.399
Yxy	24.0378, 0.4978, 0.4022
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291195185 (0xFFC67131)
YUV	131.1190, -40.4847, 58.6546
Hunter-Lab	49.0284, 22.5061, 27.0911

# Details

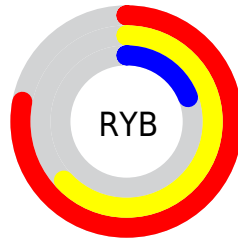
The XYZ color **29.7482, 24.0378, 5.9776** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6633**. The color can be described as dark muted orange. A complement of this color would be **19.9841, 21.7791, 56.5761**, and the grayscale version is **21.7390, 22.8711, 24.9067**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **57.1283, 49.4333, 18.3350**, and **12.3146, 9.0701, 1.1016** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **28.2359, 21.5415, 3.8453**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **31.6019, 26.9237, 9.1292**.

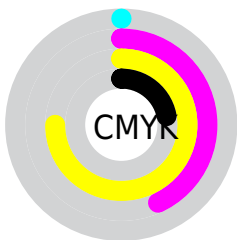
# Distribution



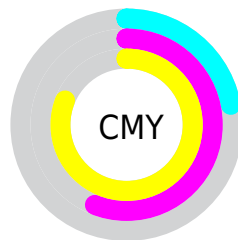
- Red (78%)
- Green (44%)
- Blue (19%)



- Red (78%)
- Yellow (63%)
- Blue (19%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (75%)
- Black (22%)




- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (81%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 29.7482, 24.0378, 5.9776 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 29.7482, 24.0378, 5.9776 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 29.7482, 24.0378,  
5.9776


 29.7482, 24.0378,  
5.9776


292.6599,  
273.0115, 168.1702


 19.7947, 15.3617,  
2.7629


 58.6531, 50.0919,  
18.3612

 12.3533, 9.0736,  
0.9749


 78.3352, 68.2386,  
28.3673

 7.0587, 4.7892,  
0.0000


 101.9908, 90.3110,  
41.4741

 3.5455, 2.1241,  
0.0000

 129.9854,  
116.6934, 58.1004

 1.4484, 0.6781,  
0.0000

 162.6842,  
147.7703, 78.6646

 0.2903, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 200.4527,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

183.9260, 103.5853

0.0000

243.6561,  
225.5450, 133.2810

■ 29.7482, 24.0378,  
5.9776

■ 29.7482, 24.0378,  
5.9776

■ 28.2359, 21.5415,  
3.8453

■ 31.6019, 26.9237,  
9.1292

■ 27.0315, 19.4092,  
2.5916

■ 33.8223, 30.2148,  
13.4132

■ 26.5412, 18.5111,  
2.1741

■ 36.4333, 33.9301,  
18.9287

■ 39.4564, 38.0862,  
25.7636

■ 42.9112, 42.6983,  
33.9976

■ 46.8158, 47.7811,  
43.7042

■ 51.1873, 53.3485,  
54.9515

■ 56.0418, 59.4137,  
67.8034

■ 61.3947, 65.9893,  
82.3202

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



35.4223, 24.0378, 12.3393



29.7482, 24.0378, 5.9776



22.9774, 24.0378, 4.3162

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



29.7482, 24.0378, 5.9776



12.5674, 24.0378, 25.8026



29.4805, 24.0378, 70.8208

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



29.7482, 24.0378, 5.9776



19.9841, 21.7791, 56.5761

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



22.7175, 24.0378, 80.0594



29.7482, 24.0378, 5.9776



13.6681, 24.0378, 47.7257

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



29.7482, 24.0378, 5.9776



13.7606, 24.0378, 11.9528



17.1056, 24.0378, 70.1004



35.2484, 24.0378, 48.6946



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



29.7482, 24.0378, 5.9776



18.9763, 24.0378, 4.9497



17.1056, 24.0378, 70.1004



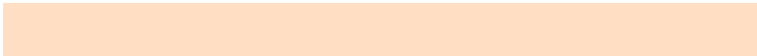
27.2116, 24.0378, 75.8958

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



29.7487, 24.0391, 5.9780



77.2440, 77.2621, 63.2756



28.8250, 15.9777, 24.8264



16.0219, 15.8634, 12.2969



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



29.7487, 24.0391, 5.9780



48.6393, 35.7691, 5.2888



41.3141, 47.1697, 9.8331



11.0023, 11.3737, 11.1782



17.3420, 12.2011, 1.4410



0.8927, 0.7209, 0.0921



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



19.9841, 21.7791, 56.5761



30.4215, 31.3494, 99.0554



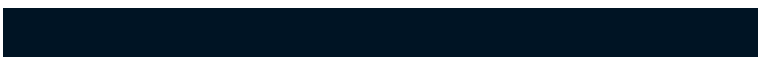
13.1509, 8.1125, 54.2984



10.5504, 11.2749, 13.5377



10.5515, 10.4969, 36.2143



0.5705, 0.6388, 1.7384



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 29.7482, 24.0378, 5.9776 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 29.7482, 24.0378, 5.9776 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

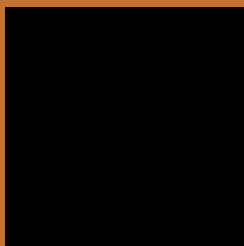
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 29.7482, 24.0378, 5.9776**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 29.7482, 24.0378, 5.9776.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 29.7482, 24.0378,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

29.7482, 24.0378, 5.9776

### Protanopia

21.9312, 24.0878, 7.1079

### Deuteranopia

24.5360, 24.0552, 5.7328



## Tritanopia

32.2787, 23.9405, 18.8393

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

29.7482, 24.0378, 5.9776

## Protanomaly

24.1683, 23.6513, 6.6595

## Deuteranomaly

26.3985, 24.0665, 5.8387

## Tritanomaly

31.1335, 23.9548, 12.6557

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

29.7482, 24.0378, 5.9776

## Achromatopsia

21.5731, 22.6966, 24.7166

## Achromatomaly

23.0742, 22.3235, 15.4046

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 29.7482, 24.0378, 5.9776 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(198, 113, 49)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(198, 113, 49)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(198, 113, 49) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(198, 113, 49) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 29.7482, 24.0378, 5.9776 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(198, 113, 49) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(198, 113, 49) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(198, 113, 49)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(198, 113, 49); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 113, 49);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 113,  
49) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 29.7482, 24.0378, 5.9776 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(198, 113, 49) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(198,  
113, 49) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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