

# Converting Colors

XYZ(29.7135, 44.7660, 31.1230)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(29.7135, 44.7660, 31.1230)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(29.7113, 44.7645,  
31.1192)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	61C68A
RGB	97, 198, 138
RGB Percent	38%, 78%, 54%
CMY	0.6196, 0.2235, 0.4588
CMYK	0.51, 0.00, 0.30, 0.22
HSL	144°, 47%, 58%
HSV	144°, 51%, 78%
XYZ	29.7113, 44.7645, 31.1192
YIQ	160.9610, -40.9360, -40.0720

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

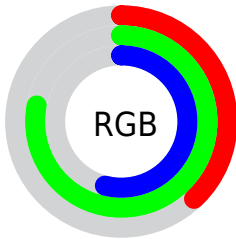
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	97, 169, 198
Decimal	6407818
CIELab	72.74, -43.15, 21.25
CIELCh	73, 48.099, 153.777
Yxy	44.7645, 0.2814, 0.4239
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284597898 (0xFF61C68A)
YUV	160.9610, -11.3198, -56.0938
Hunter-Lab	66.9063, -37.8189, 19.2576

# Details

The XYZ color **29.7113, 44.7645, 31.1192** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **66CC99**. A complement of this color would be **33.6507, 22.9905, 34.5641**, and the grayscale version is **33.9237, 35.6904, 38.8668**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **58.6009, 82.1958, 62.6460**, and **12.3115, 20.7246, 12.5839** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **27.0531, 43.4885, 26.7879**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **32.9906, 46.3525, 35.9630**.

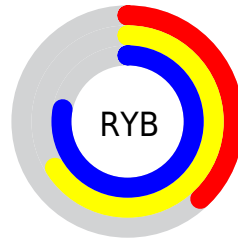
# Distribution



Red (38%)

Green (78%)

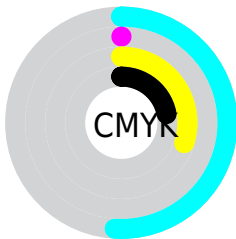
Blue (54%)



Red (38%)

Yellow (66%)

Blue (78%)

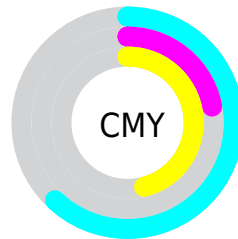


Cyan (51%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (30%)

Black (22%)



Cyan (62%)

Magenta (22%)

Yellow (46%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 29.7113, 44.7645, 31.1192 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 29.7113, 44.7645, 31.1192 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 29.7113, 44.7645,  
31.1192

■ 29.7113, 44.7645,  
31.1192

292.4905,  
365.8189, 321.4553

■ 19.7665, 31.2720,  
20.4304

■ 58.5951, 82.3669,  
62.5095

■ 12.3327, 20.8060,  
12.5211

■ 78.2648, 107.2456,  
84.0480

■ 7.0445, 12.9823,  
6.9728

■ 101.9069,  
136.6884, 110.0402

■ 3.5365, 7.4164,  
3.3669

■ 129.8868,  
171.0798, 140.9047

■ 1.4434, 3.7238,  
1.2849

162.5697,  
210.8042, 177.0599

■ 0.2869, 1.5203,  
0.0494

200.3210,

■ 0.0000, 0.3030,

256.2459, 218.9243

0.0000

243.5062,  
307.7893, 266.9166

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 29.7113, 44.7645,  
31.1192

■ 29.7113, 44.7645,  
31.1192

■ 27.0531, 43.4885,  
26.7879

■ 32.9906, 46.3525,  
35.9630

■ 24.9697, 42.4973,  
22.9489

■ 36.9261, 48.2665,  
41.3327

■ 23.4134, 41.7678,  
19.5847

■ 41.5543, 50.5264,  
47.2449

■ 22.3268, 41.2710,  
16.6758

■ 46.9080, 53.1487,  
53.7146

■ 21.6568, 40.9745,  
14.4299

■ 53.0178, 56.1489,  
60.7561

■ 59.9125, 59.5415,  
68.3832

■ 67.6194, 63.3405,  
76.6093

■ 76.0152, 67.4819,  
85.4403

■ 77.7438, 68.1733,  
94.5431

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



34.2328, 44.7645, 19.6456



29.7113, 44.7645, 31.1192



28.4565, 44.7645, 51.8319

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



29.7113, 44.7645, 31.1192



43.6133, 44.7645, 110.5051



57.3326, 44.7645, 27.3904

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



29.7113, 44.7645, 31.1192



33.6507, 22.9905, 34.5641

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



60.6576, 44.7645, 45.7754



29.7113, 44.7645, 31.1192



52.1096, 44.7645, 97.8066

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



29.7113, 44.7645, 31.1192



35.8415, 44.7645, 102.7032



58.6321, 44.7645, 72.0063



50.0414, 44.7645, 18.0393

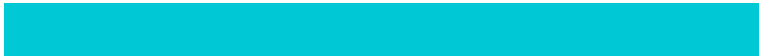


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



29.7113, 44.7645, 31.1192



29.4839, 44.7645, 69.7231



58.6321, 44.7645, 72.0063



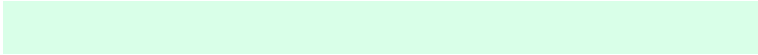
58.9916, 44.7645, 32.4571

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



29.7125, 44.7663, 31.1202



78.9059, 92.0754, 90.1638



36.3752, 48.4818, 18.7505



16.4567, 19.4962, 18.7754



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



29.7125, 44.7663, 31.1202



47.5293, 76.8278, 46.7835



34.1916, 46.5580, 54.7069



10.6729, 11.9581, 12.2278



14.1234, 26.6617, 9.5945



0.7045, 1.2767, 0.6425



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



33.6507, 22.9905, 34.5641



55.2432, 34.0686, 53.4506



30.2238, 21.6197, 16.5182



10.8938, 10.7409, 12.4242



17.3007, 8.6698, 12.0591



0.8544, 0.4246, 0.7566



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 29.7113, 44.7645, 31.1192 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 29.7113, 44.7645, 31.1192 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 29.7113, 44.7645, 31.1192**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 29.7113, 44.7645, 31.1192.



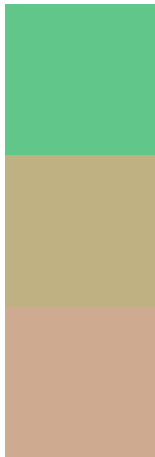
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 29.7113, 44.7645,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

29.7113, 44.7645, 31.1192

### Protanopia

41.1704, 44.1056, 27.1122

### Deuteranopia

44.8624, 43.8849, 32.4917



## **Tritanopia**

36.5031, 44.8795, 64.4963

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

29.7113, 44.7645, 31.1192



## Protanomaly

35.4184, 43.5320, 28.3656



## Deuteranomaly

36.9296, 42.7025, 31.8872



## Tritanomaly

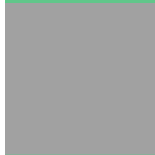
33.5948, 44.6643, 50.5665

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

29.7113, 44.7645, 31.1192



## Achromatopsia

33.8758, 35.6400, 38.8120



## Achromatomaly

31.3671, 37.9753, 35.8137

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 29.7113, 44.7645, 31.1192 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(97, 198, 138)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(97, 198, 138)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(97, 198, 138) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(97, 198, 138) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 29.7113, 44.7645, 31.1192 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(97, 198, 138) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(97, 198, 138) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(97, 198, 138)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(97, 198, 138); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(97, 198, 138);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(97, 198,  
138) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 29.7113, 44.7645, 31.1192 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(97, 198, 138) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(97, 198,  
138) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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