

# Converting Colors

XYZ(29.7562, 35.8543, 5.3523)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(29.7562, 35.8543, 5.3523)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(29.7551, 35.8529,  
5.3520)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A7A700
RGB	167, 167, 0
RGB Percent	65%, 65%, 0%
CMY	0.3451, 0.3451, 0.9999
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 1.00, 0.35
HSL	60°, 100%, 33%
HSV	60°, 100%, 65%
XYZ	29.7551, 35.8529, 5.3520
YIQ	147.9620, 53.6070, -51.9370

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

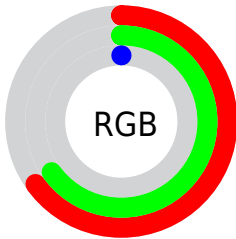
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">0, 167, 0</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">10987264</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">66.41, -15.70, 68.82</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">66, 70.587, 102.852</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">35.8529, 0.4193, 0.5053</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4289177344 (0xFFA7A700)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">147.9620, -72.9453, 16.6963</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">59.8773, -16.0824, 36.6146</a>

# Details

The XYZ color **29.7551, 35.8529, 5.3520** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999900**. A complement of this color would be **6.9759, 2.7906, 36.7324**, and the grayscale version is **28.4131, 29.8928, 32.5532**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **58.7898, 68.9331, 17.0443**, and **12.5611, 15.5765, 2.3445** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **29.7558, 35.8545, 5.3523**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **29.8549, 35.8942, 5.8734**.

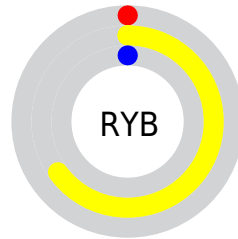
# Distribution



Red (65%)

Green (65%)

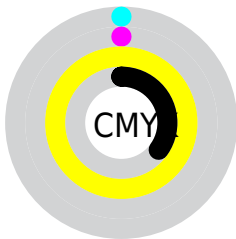
Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (65%)

Blue (0%)

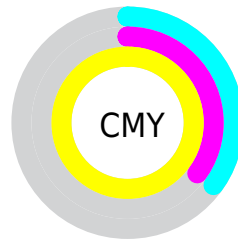


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (35%)



Cyan (35%)

Magenta (35%)


Yellow (100%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 29.7551, 35.8529, 5.3520 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 29.7551, 35.8529, 5.3520 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 29.7551, 35.8529,  
5.3520


 29.7551, 35.8529,  
5.3520


292.6916,  
328.3171, 162.2399


 19.7999, 24.3206,  
2.3929


 58.6640, 68.8050,  
17.0241

 12.3571, 15.5716,  
0.7826


 78.3484, 90.9935,  
26.5743

 7.0613, 9.2215,  
0.0000


 102.0065,  
117.5030, 39.1585

 3.5471, 4.8860,  
0.0000

 130.0038,  
148.7177, 55.1954

 1.4493, 2.1805,  
0.0000

 162.7057,  
185.0220, 75.1034

 0.2909, 0.7093,  
0.0000

 200.4773,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

226.8005, 99.3011

0.0000

243.6842,  
274.4374, 128.2071

29.7551, 35.8529,  
5.3520

29.7551, 35.8529,  
5.3520

29.7558, 35.8545,  
5.3523

29.8549, 35.8942,  
5.8734

30.0364, 35.9668,  
6.8287

30.3344, 36.0860,  
8.3972

30.7638, 36.2578,  
10.6583

31.3377, 36.4874,  
13.6796

■ 32.0672, 36.7792,  
17.5207

■ 32.9626, 37.1373,  
22.2351

■ 34.0331, 37.5656,  
27.8719

■ 35.2874, 38.0673,  
34.4766

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



40.4250, 35.8529, 5.6578



29.7551, 35.8529, 5.3520



22.0435, 35.8529, 10.0325

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



29.7551, 35.8529, 5.3520



21.2478, 35.8529, 93.4839



57.4093, 35.8529, 58.8283

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



29.7551, 35.8529, 5.3520



6.9759, 2.7906, 36.7324

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



49.8454, 35.8529, 99.1143



29.7551, 35.8529, 5.3520



28.4312, 35.8529, 125.2033

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



29.7551, 35.8529, 5.3520



17.8599, 35.8529, 53.4620



38.7986, 35.8529, 127.6747



57.9693, 35.8529, 27.4736



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



29.7551, 35.8529, 5.3520



19.0078, 35.8529, 18.0527



38.7986, 35.8529, 127.6747



55.5397, 35.8529, 72.0594

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



29.7559, 35.8546, 5.3527



58.9339, 66.4681, 39.3113



15.9375, 8.2163, 0.7463



13.0361, 14.8134, 7.9957



80.6108, 84.8088, 92.3568



14.7206, 15.4872, 16.8656



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



29.7559, 35.8546, 5.3527



53.2876, 64.2094, 9.5851



17.4320, 29.5014, 4.7760



8.1469, 8.7738, 8.0534



22.7681, 27.4346, 4.0954



0.5540, 0.6675, 0.0996



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



6.9759, 2.7906, 36.7324



12.4920, 4.9968, 65.7814



10.5880, 4.6528, 36.9014



7.1318, 7.3006, 9.4516



5.3374, 2.1350, 28.1063



0.1299, 0.0519, 0.6838



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 29.7551, 35.8529, 5.3520 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 29.7551, 35.8529, 5.3520 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 29.7551, 35.8529, 5.3520**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 29.7551, 35.8529, 5.3520.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 29.7551, 35.8529,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

29.7551, 35.8529, 5.3520

### Protanopia

32.2117, 35.7857, 5.2096

### Deuteranopia

36.4685, 35.6900, 5.8865



## Tritanopia

37.0565, 35.6977, 41.4965

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

29.7551, 35.8529, 5.3520

## Protanomaly

31.4069, 35.8980, 5.2737

## Deuteranomaly

33.8062, 35.5675, 5.5736

## Tritanomaly

32.4552, 34.8356, 18.6490

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

29.7551, 35.8529, 5.3520

## Achromatopsia

28.1479, 29.6138, 32.2495

## Achromatomaly

27.2593, 31.2194, 15.1789

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 29.7551, 35.8529, 5.3520 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(167, 167, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(167, 167, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(167, 167, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(167, 167, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 29.7551, 35.8529, 5.3520 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(167, 167, 0) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(167, 167, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(167, 167, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(167, 167, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(167, 167, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(167, 167,  
0) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 29.7551, 35.8529, 5.3520 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(167, 167, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(167,  
167, 0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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