

# Converting Colors

XYZ(29.7862, 35.6801, 30.0079)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(29.7862, 35.6801, 30.0079)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(29.7208, 35.5614, 30.1085)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(29.7208, 35.5614,  
30.1085)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8DA88C
RGB	141, 168, 140
RGB Percent	55%, 66%, 55%
CMY	0.4471, 0.3412, 0.4510
CMYK	0.16, 0.00, 0.17, 0.34
HSL	118°, 14%, 60%
HSV	118°, 17%, 66%
XYZ	29.7208, 35.5614, 30.1085
YIQ	156.7350, -7.1040, -14.4320

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

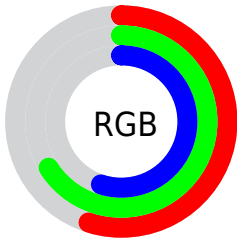
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	140, 168, 167
Decimal	9283724
CIELab	66.18, -14.87, 11.40
CIELCh	66, 18.732, 142.524
Yxy	35.5614, 0.3116, 0.3728
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287473804 (0xFF8DA88C)
YUV	156.7350, -8.2504, -13.7996
Hunter-Lab	59.6334, -15.3954, 11.8082

# Details

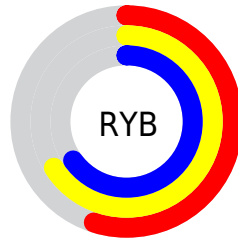
The XYZ color **29.7208, 35.5614, 30.1085** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999966**. A complement of this color would be **32.3836, 29.7997, 41.0927**, and the grayscale version is **31.9677, 33.6325, 36.6258**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **58.6310, 68.2725, 61.1267**, and **12.3073, 15.4026, 11.9972** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **26.0195, 33.7867, 23.9550**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **34.0162, 37.6225, 37.2786**.

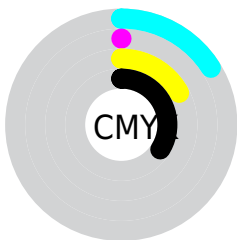
# Distribution



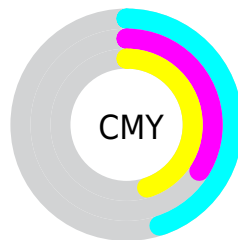
- Red (55%)
- Green (66%)
- Blue (55%)



- Red (55%)
- Yellow (66%)
- Blue (65%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (17%)
- Black (34%)



- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (34%)
- Yellow (45%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 29.7208, 35.5614, 30.1085 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 29.7208, 35.5614, 30.1085 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 29.7208, 35.5614,  
30.1085

■ 29.7208, 35.5614,  
30.1085

292.5341,  
327.0394, 316.6329

■ 19.7738, 24.0956,  
19.6682

■ 58.6100, 68.3546,  
60.8968

■ 12.3380, 15.4046,  
11.9724

■ 78.2829, 90.4508,  
82.0818

■ 7.0482, 9.1038,  
6.6026

■ 101.9285,  
116.8592, 107.6855

■ 3.5388, 4.8090,  
3.1402

129.9122,  
147.9644, 138.1264

■ 1.4447, 2.1356,  
1.1666

162.5992,  
184.1505, 173.8231

■ 0.2877, 0.6845,  
0.0000

200.3549,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

225.8022, 215.1940

0.0000

243.5448,  
273.3037, 262.6578

■ 29.7208, 35.5614,  
30.1085

■ 29.7208, 35.5614,  
30.1085

■ 26.0195, 33.7867,  
23.9550

■ 34.0162, 37.6225,  
37.2786

■ 22.8834, 32.2815,  
18.7700

■ 38.9272, 39.9772,  
45.5060

■ 20.2855, 31.0340,  
14.5049

■ 44.4776, 42.6379,  
54.8318

■ 18.1957, 30.0297,  
11.1059

■ 50.6895, 45.6151,  
65.2945

■ 16.5806, 29.2528,  
8.5138

■ 57.5834, 48.9187,  
76.9305

■ 15.4029, 28.6854,  
6.6618

■ 65.1794, 52.5581,  
89.7747

■ 14.6200, 28.3073,  
5.4727

■ 73.0743, 56.3737,  
101.6375

■ 14.1773, 28.0928,  
4.8360

■ 73.2933, 56.4866,  
101.6478

■ 14.0784, 28.0453,  
4.6713

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



31.7873, 35.5614, 26.1971



29.7208, 35.5614, 30.1085



28.7575, 35.5614, 36.7565

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



29.7208, 35.5614, 30.1085



33.1072, 35.5614, 56.0290



38.9989, 35.5614, 33.1306

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



29.7208, 35.5614, 30.1085



32.3836, 29.7997, 41.0927

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



39.4001, 35.5614, 40.7528



29.7208, 35.5614, 30.1085



35.8960, 35.5614, 54.7079

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



29.7208, 35.5614, 30.1085



30.6415, 35.5614, 52.2305



38.2364, 35.5614, 48.8351



37.1685, 35.5614, 27.7673



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



29.7208, 35.5614, 30.1085



28.8312, 35.5614, 42.1468



38.2364, 35.5614, 48.8351



39.3093, 35.5614, 35.4848

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



29.7218, 35.5629, 30.1093



63.0535, 68.9058, 69.8677



34.6291, 37.7111, 30.2653



13.6187, 14.9589, 15.0202



80.6108, 84.8088, 92.3568



14.7206, 15.4872, 16.8656



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



29.7218, 35.5629, 30.1093



51.3239, 63.2800, 50.2936



30.5357, 35.8689, 35.2791



7.4606, 8.4200, 8.0213



10.6403, 21.1825, 3.5278



0.2664, 0.5192, 0.0862



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



32.3836, 29.7997, 41.0927



57.0753, 50.8262, 74.0273



31.4778, 29.4619, 35.2156



7.8150, 7.6528, 9.4836



16.5990, 7.9405, 28.6333



0.4117, 0.1972, 0.6970



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 29.7208, 35.5614, 30.1085 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 29.7208, 35.5614, 30.1085 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 29.7208, 35.5614, 30.1085**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 29.7208, 35.5614, 30.1085.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 29.7208, 35.5614,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

29.7208, 35.5614, 30.1085

### Protanopia

33.3769, 35.3542, 28.3574

### Deuteranopia

35.9707, 35.3709, 30.9180



## Tritanopia

32.9663, 35.5320, 46.1952

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

29.7208, 35.5614, 30.1085

## Protanomaly

31.9106, 35.3715, 28.8124

## Deuteranomaly

33.3896, 35.3101, 30.6469

## Tritanomaly

31.7430, 35.5744, 39.8438

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

29.7208, 35.5614, 30.1085

## Achromatopsia

32.0474, 33.7164, 36.7171

## Achromatomaly

31.0933, 34.3034, 34.2606

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 29.7208, 35.5614, 30.1085 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(141, 168, 140)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(141, 168, 140)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(141, 168, 140) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(141, 168, 140) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 29.7208, 35.5614, 30.1085 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(141, 168, 140) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(141, 168, 140) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(141, 168, 140) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(141, 168, 140); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 168, 140);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 168,  
140) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 29.7208, 35.5614, 30.1085 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(141, 168, 140) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(141,  
168, 140) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor