

# Converting Colors

XYZ(29.8216, 48.4728, 19.7055)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(29.8216, 48.4728, 19.7055)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(29.8450, 48.6093,  
19.6139)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	62D063
RGB	98, 208, 99
RGB Percent	38%, 82%, 39%
CMY	0.6157, 0.1843, 0.6118
CMYK	0.53, 0.00, 0.52, 0.18
HSL	121°, 54%, 60%
HSV	121°, 53%, 82%
XYZ	29.8450, 48.6093, 19.6139
YIQ	162.6840, -30.5710, -57.2190

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

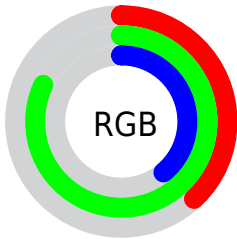
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">98, 207, 208</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">6475875</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">75.21, -53.29, 44.30</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">75, 69.301, 140.263</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">48.6093, 0.3043, 0.4957</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4284665955</a> ( <a href="#">0xFF62D063</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">162.6840, -31.3962, -56.7279</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">69.7204, -45.6007, 32.1247</a>

# Details

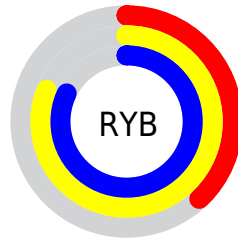
The XYZ color **29.8450, 48.6093, 19.6139** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **66CC66**. A complement of this color would be **41.6440, 26.6510, 61.9818**, and the grayscale version is **34.8184, 36.6316, 39.8919**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **55.1378, 80.8549, 42.4063**, and **12.4898, 23.2872, 6.6329** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **27.0229, 47.2555, 14.9786**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **33.5041, 50.3683, 25.6029**.

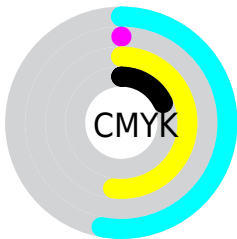
# Distribution



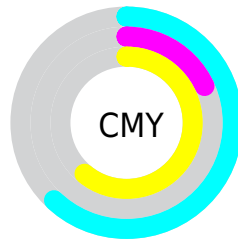
- Red (38%)
- Green (82%)
- Blue (39%)



- Red (38%)
- Yellow (81%)
- Blue (82%)



- Cyan (53%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Black (18%)



- Cyan (62%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (61%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 29.8450, 48.6093, 19.6139 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 29.8450, 48.6093, 19.6139 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 29.8450, 48.6093,  
19.6139

■ 29.8450, 48.6093,  
19.6139

293.1041,  
381.2022, 262.3519

■ 19.8685, 34.3097,  
11.9334

■ 58.8053, 88.1109,  
43.6193

■ 12.4072, 23.1316,  
6.5764

■ 78.5197, 114.0816,  
60.7814

■ 7.0958, 14.6907,  
3.1242

■ 102.2109,  
144.7115, 81.9410

■ 3.5689, 8.6026,  
1.1584

■ 130.2440,  
180.3850, 107.5167

■ 1.4613, 4.4829,  
0.0000

162.9846,  
221.4864, 137.9272

■ 0.2993, 1.9472,  
0.0000

200.7979,

■ 0.0000, 0.5765,

268.4001, 173.5908

0.0000

244.0493,  
321.5106, 214.9262

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 29.8450, 48.6093,  
19.6139

■ 29.8450, 48.6093,  
19.6139

■ 27.0229, 47.2555,  
14.9786

■ 33.5041, 50.3683,  
25.6029

■ 24.9683, 46.2693,  
11.5888

■ 38.0552, 52.5547,  
33.0362

■ 23.6071, 45.6163,  
9.3249

■ 43.5530, 55.1962,  
42.0006

■ 22.8484, 45.2527,  
8.0428

■ 50.0467, 58.3165,  
52.5750

■ 22.5673, 45.1179,  
7.5736

■ 57.5821, 61.9376,  
64.8329

■ 66.2022, 66.0802,  
78.8431

■ 75.9474, 70.7639,  
94.6709

■ 81.8469, 73.5937,  
104.4990

# Harmonies

## Analogous

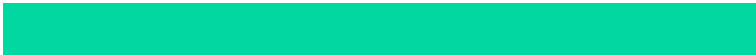
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



38.2460, 48.6093, 10.6823



29.8450, 48.6093, 19.6139



26.0623, 48.6093, 41.9530

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



29.8450, 48.6093, 19.6139



42.1914, 48.6093, 156.1843



73.1216, 48.6093, 32.2039

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



29.8450, 48.6093, 19.6139



41.6440, 26.6510, 61.9818

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



74.7085, 48.6093, 65.6657



29.8450, 48.6093, 19.6139



55.1905, 48.6093, 149.4482

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



29.8450, 48.6093, 19.6139



32.2766, 48.6093, 127.0308



67.6521, 48.6093, 111.4441



63.6469, 48.6093, 15.2936

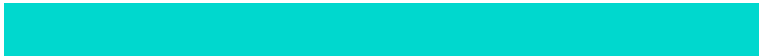


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



29.8450, 48.6093, 19.6139



26.0889, 48.6093, 66.3986



67.6521, 48.6093, 111.4441



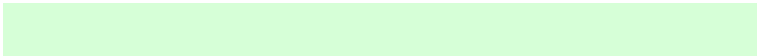
74.6548, 48.6093, 41.4136

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



29.8462, 48.6113, 19.6150



75.7607, 90.7306, 77.5216



50.7751, 59.4061, 20.3458



15.7524, 19.1973, 15.8380



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



29.8462, 48.6113, 19.6150



42.5148, 74.7593, 23.2107



33.3439, 50.0104, 38.0335



11.6606, 13.2080, 12.5693



14.0665, 28.1195, 4.7303



0.7881, 1.5729, 0.2727



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



41.6440, 26.6510, 61.9818



63.0891, 36.4539, 97.0879



36.1312, 24.4459, 32.9522



12.3060, 12.0071, 14.8871



23.1659, 11.1392, 37.3751



1.2968, 0.6234, 2.0979



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 29.8450, 48.6093, 19.6139 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 29.8450, 48.6093, 19.6139 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

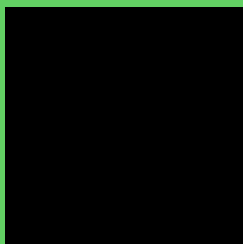
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 29.8450, 48.6093, 19.6139**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 29.8450, 48.6093, 19.6139.



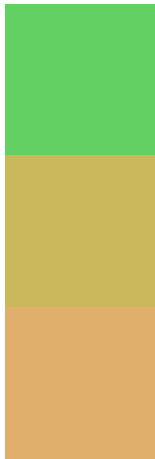
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 29.8450, 48.6093,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

29.8450, 48.6093, 19.6139

### Protanopia

43.6574, 47.7328, 16.8099

### Deuteranopia

48.7243, 47.5688, 20.5236



## Tritanopia

39.7920, 48.4443, 69.5408

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

29.8450, 48.6093, 19.6139



## Protanomaly

36.6074, 46.9474, 17.7220



## Deuteranomaly

38.6291, 46.0051, 19.9406



## Tritanomaly

34.9444, 47.8262, 45.9177

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

29.8450, 48.6093, 19.6139



## Achromatopsia

34.8123, 36.6253, 39.8849



## Achromatomaly

31.5012, 39.6226, 30.7986

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 29.8450, 48.6093, 19.6139 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(98, 208, 99)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(98, 208, 99)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(98, 208, 99) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(98, 208, 99) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 29.8450, 48.6093, 19.6139 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(98, 208, 99) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(98, 208, 99) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(98, 208, 99) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(98, 208, 99); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(98, 208, 99);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(98, 208,  
99) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 29.8450, 48.6093, 19.6139 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(98, 208, 99) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(98, 208,  
99) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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