

# Converting Colors

XYZ(29.8255, 21.1655, 20.3958)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(29.8255, 21.1655, 20.3958)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(29.8212, 21.1911, 20.2879)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(29.8212, 21.1911,  
20.2879)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C26078
RGB	194, 96, 120
RGB Percent	76%, 38%, 47%
CMY	0.2392, 0.6235, 0.5294
CMYK	0.00, 0.51, 0.38, 0.24
HSL	345°, 45%, 57%
HSV	345°, 51%, 76%
XYZ	29.8212, 21.1911, 20.2879
YIQ	128.0380, 50.7040, 28.2400

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

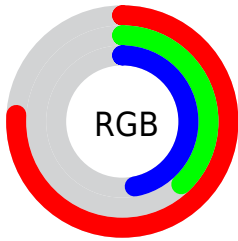
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	194, 96, 120
Decimal	12738680
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	53.16, 41.66, 5.01
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	53, 41.960, 6.852
Yxy	21.1911, 0.4182, 0.2972
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290928760 (0xFFC26078)
YUV	128.0380, -3.9627, 57.8487
Hunter-Lab	46.0338, 35.0751, 6.0935

# Details

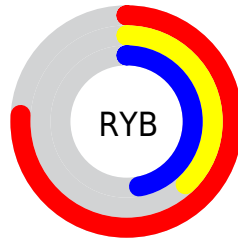
The XYZ color **29.8212, 21.1911, 20.2879** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6666**. A complement of this color would be **31.3724, 43.9732, 44.8668**, and the grayscale version is **20.5326, 21.6019, 23.5244**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **58.7019, 45.3561, 44.6904**, and **12.3869, 7.5876, 6.9426** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **27.4424, 17.7492, 15.4390**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **32.7739, 25.5629, 25.9996**.

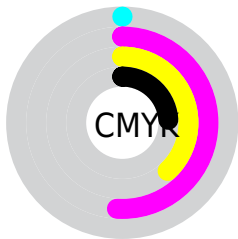
# Distribution



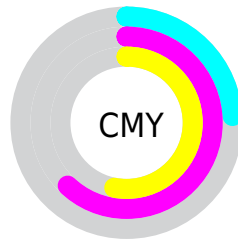
- Red (76%)
- Green (38%)
- Blue (47%)



- Red (76%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Blue (47%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Black (24%)



- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (62%)
- Yellow (53%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 29.8212, 21.1911, 20.2879 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 29.8212, 21.1911, 20.2879 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 29.8212, 21.1911,  
20.2879


 29.8212, 21.1911,  
20.2879

292.9949,  
258.2923, 266.1251


 19.8503, 13.2638,  
12.4183

 58.7679, 45.4054,  
44.7646


 12.3939, 7.6104,  
6.9033


 78.4744, 62.4611,  
62.2089

 7.0866, 3.8467,  
3.3242


 102.1568, 83.3284,  
83.6818

 3.5632, 1.5882,  
1.2624

 130.1804,  
108.3916, 109.6019

 1.4581, 0.3496,  
0.0307

162.9107,  
138.0353, 140.3878

 0.2971, 0.0000,  
0.0000

200.7130,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

172.6437, 176.4579

0.0000

243.9526,  
212.6012, 218.2308

■ 29.8212, 21.1911,  
20.2879

■ 29.8212, 21.1911,  
20.2879

■ 27.4424, 17.7492,  
15.4390

■ 32.7739, 25.5629,  
25.9996

■ 25.5970, 15.1662,  
11.4084

■ 36.3339, 30.9226,  
32.6132

■ 24.2414, 13.3657,  
8.1491

■ 40.5340, 37.3270,  
40.1666

■ 23.3243, 12.2565,  
5.6083

■ 45.4044, 44.8277,  
48.6953

■ 22.7715, 11.6787,  
3.7969

■ 50.9728, 53.4731,  
58.2327

■ 57.2659, 63.3084,  
68.8107

■ 64.3086, 74.3766,  
80.4599

■ 72.1246, 86.7183,  
93.2095

■ 75.5547, 90.0080,  
105.3601

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



29.0179, 21.1911, 34.0350



29.8212, 21.1911, 20.2879



27.7427, 21.1911, 11.3309

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



29.8212, 21.1911, 20.2879



15.4590, 21.1911, 8.5554



16.9795, 21.1911, 53.4996

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



29.8212, 21.1911, 20.2879



31.3724, 43.9732, 44.8668

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



14.0734, 21.1911, 40.9824



29.8212, 21.1911, 20.2879



13.2895, 21.1911, 14.7614

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



29.8212, 21.1911, 20.2879



19.1438, 21.1911, 6.3546



12.8221, 21.1911, 26.1031



21.1733, 21.1911, 56.6919



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



29.8212, 21.1911, 20.2879



25.1594, 21.1911, 8.0978



12.8221, 21.1911, 26.1031



15.8395, 21.1911, 50.0667

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



29.8218, 21.1922, 20.2883



77.9372, 74.5420, 80.6982



30.3910, 20.7524, 53.4429



16.6566, 15.6917, 16.9512



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



29.8218, 21.1922, 20.2883



49.1740, 31.3826, 26.8191



31.1370, 25.8685, 14.4197



10.1721, 10.1174, 10.9967



14.9993, 7.6895, 2.6426



0.6765, 0.3436, 0.2638



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



29.8218, 21.1922, 20.2883



49.1740, 31.3826, 26.8191



28.8435, 34.9450, 56.2639



10.1721, 10.1174, 10.9967



14.9993, 7.6895, 2.6426

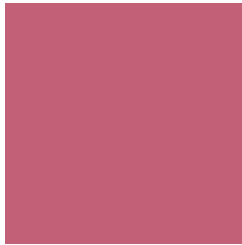


0.6765, 0.3436, 0.2638



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 29.8212, 21.1911, 20.2879 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 29.8212, 21.1911, 20.2879 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 29.8212, 21.1911, 20.2879**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 29.8212, 21.1911, 20.2879.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 29.8212, 21.1911,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

29.8212, 21.1911, 20.2879

### Protanopia

20.8571, 21.4969, 26.7169

### Deuteranopia

21.7369, 21.3562, 19.4995



## Tritanopia

29.0557, 21.3017, 16.2159

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

29.8212, 21.1911, 20.2879

## Protanomaly

23.1046, 20.7088, 24.2522

## Deuteranomaly

24.0163, 20.7760, 19.5740

## Tritanomaly

29.2292, 21.2205, 17.5943

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

29.8212, 21.1911, 20.2879

## Achromatopsia

20.5175, 21.5861, 23.5072

## Achromatomaly

22.8960, 20.6469, 22.1805

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 29.8212, 21.1911, 20.2879 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(194, 96, 120)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(194, 96, 120)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(194, 96, 120) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(194, 96, 120) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 29.8212, 21.1911, 20.2879 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(194, 96, 120) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(194, 96, 120) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(194, 96, 120)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(194, 96, 120); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 96, 120);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 96,  
120) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 29.8212, 21.1911, 20.2879 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(194, 96, 120) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(194, 96,  
120) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor