

# Converting Colors

XYZ(29.8747, 26.3857, 98.1250)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(29.8747, 26.3857, 98.1250)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(29.9147, 26.4061,  
98.1280)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4D88FF
RGB	77, 136, 255
RGB Percent	30%, 53%, 100%
CMY	0.6980, 0.4667, 0.0000
CMYK	0.70, 0.47, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	220°, 100%, 65%
HSV	220°, 70%, 100%
XYZ	29.9147, 26.4061, 98.1280
YIQ	131.9250, -73.3630, 24.5010

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

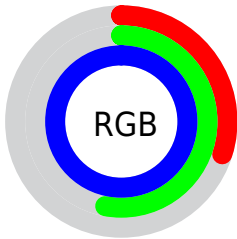
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	77, 121, 255
Decimal	5081343
CIE Lab	58.42, 19.33, -64.87
CIE LCh	58, 67.693, 286.593
Yxy	26.4061, 0.1937, 0.1710
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283271423 (0xFF4D88FF)
YUV	131.9250, 60.6760, -48.1692
Hunter-Lab	51.3869, 13.9862, -77.2490

# Details

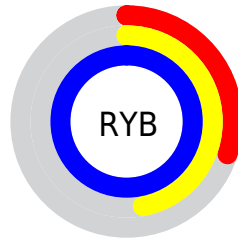
The XYZ color **29.9147, 26.4061, 98.1280** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **6699FF**. The color can be described as light washed azure. A complement of this color would be **62.3221, 61.2803, 15.5668**, and the grayscale version is **21.7140, 22.8448, 24.8780**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **47.7492, 49.5445, 101.6541**, and **13.4862, 10.8476, 54.2063** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **26.0323, 21.1195, 97.3122**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **34.9869, 32.8734, 99.1089**.

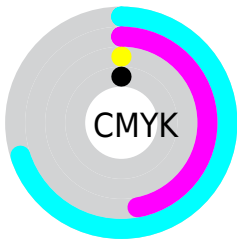
# Distribution



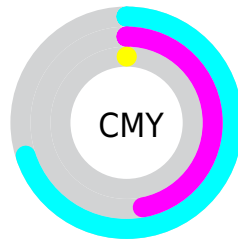
- Red (30%)
- Green (53%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (30%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (70%)
- Magenta (47%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (70%)
- Magenta (47%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 29.9147, 26.4061, 98.1280 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 29.9147, 26.4061, 98.1280 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 29.9147, 26.4061,  
98.1280

■ 29.9147, 26.4061,  
98.1280

293.4236,  
284.7699, 575.3694

■ 19.9216, 17.1277,  
74.1299

■ 58.9148, 53.9294,  
160.6116

■ 12.4460, 10.3256,  
54.4030

■ 78.6525, 72.9430,  
199.9342

■ 7.1225, 5.6154,  
38.5285

■ 102.3692, 95.9705,  
245.2021

■ 3.5859, 2.6126,  
26.0882

■ 130.4301,  
123.3963, 296.8338

■ 1.4706, 0.9330,  
16.6632

163.2006,  
155.6047, 355.2478

■ 0.3057, 0.0000,  
9.8353

201.0462,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

192.9802, 420.8627

5.1857

244.3320,  
235.9072, 494.0971

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
2.2960

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.7290

■ 29.9147, 26.4061,  
98.1280

■ 29.9147, 26.4061,  
98.1280

■ 26.0323, 21.1195,  
97.3122

■ 34.9869, 32.8734,  
99.1089

■ 23.2182, 16.9236,  
96.6506

■ 41.3469, 40.5964,  
100.2644

■ 21.2935, 13.6975,  
96.1293

■ 49.0850, 49.6452,  
101.6032

■ 21.2603, 13.6406,  
96.1201

■ 58.2823, 60.0838,  
103.1333

■ 69.0131, 71.9717,  
104.8623

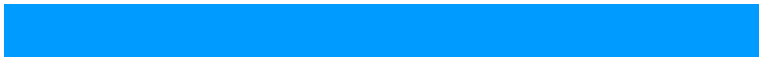
■ 81.3465, 85.3646,  
106.7973

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



21.5914, 26.4061, 99.6200



29.9147, 26.4061, 98.1280



38.5018, 26.4061, 72.7285

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



29.9147, 26.4061, 98.1280



37.6768, 26.4061, 6.7443



12.5977, 26.4061, 19.4386

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



29.9147, 26.4061, 98.1280



62.3221, 61.2803, 15.5668

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.2341, 26.4061, 7.4480



29.9147, 26.4061, 98.1280



28.9656, 26.4061, 3.3169

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



29.9147, 26.4061, 98.1280



43.6130, 26.4061, 17.6161



20.8286, 26.4061, 3.4746



12.7426, 26.4061, 43.8031



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



29.9147, 26.4061, 98.1280



42.6861, 26.4061, 50.8826



20.8286, 26.4061, 3.4746



13.1581, 26.4061, 14.1983

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



29.9157, 26.4068, 98.1280



67.6417, 70.4663, 104.6440



48.7478, 77.0688, 64.3345



13.8215, 14.3590, 22.2930



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



29.9157, 26.4068, 98.1280



24.7277, 19.2296, 97.0161



26.7291, 15.6350, 96.2168



17.4948, 18.3611, 22.8719



11.2304, 7.3704, 50.2653



1.1888, 0.9084, 4.9259



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48.3386, 28.3469, 26.2167



44.9391, 23.9973, 17.5318



68.2559, 88.1175, 20.4341



18.2576, 18.0864, 19.9738



22.4568, 11.4720, 5.7900



2.2347, 1.1362, 0.8173



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 29.9147, 26.4061, 98.1280 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

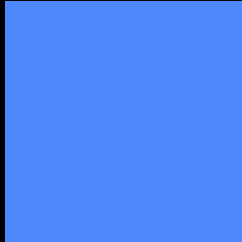
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 29.9147, 26.4061, 98.1280 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

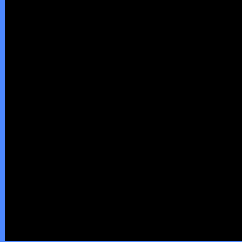
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

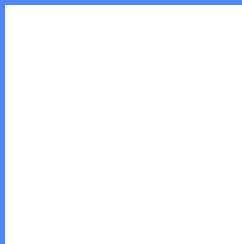
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 29.9147, 26.4061, 98.1280**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 29.9147, 26.4061, 98.1280.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 29.9147, 26.4061,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

29.9147, 26.4061, 98.1280

### Protanopia

30.1624, 26.5338, 98.1395

### Deuteranopia

27.2437, 26.3743, 95.7503



## Tritanopia

18.6964, 26.2327, 40.6372

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

29.9147, 26.4061, 98.1280

## Protanomaly

30.0786, 26.4906, 98.1356

## Deuteranomaly

27.5866, 26.0949, 96.5114

## Tritanomaly

21.3776, 25.5502, 57.8378

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

29.9147, 26.4061, 98.1280

## Achromatopsia

21.9318, 23.0740, 25.1276

## Achromatomaly

23.0054, 23.3941, 44.8980

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 29.9147, 26.4061, 98.1280 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(77, 136, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(77, 136, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(77, 136, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(77, 136, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 29.9147, 26.4061, 98.1280 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(77, 136, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(77, 136, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(77, 136, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(77, 136, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(77, 136, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(77, 136,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 29.9147, 26.4061, 98.1280 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(77, 136, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(77, 136,  
255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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