

# Converting Colors

XYZ(29.9904, 26.4069,  
108.8022)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(29.9904, 26.4069, 108.8022)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(27.9505, 25.6036,  
98.0766)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2A89FF
RGB	42, 137, 255
RGB Percent	16%, 54%, 100%
CMY	0.8352, 0.4627, 0.0000
CMYK	0.84, 0.46, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	213°, 100%, 58%
HSV	213°, 84%, 100%
XYZ	27.9505, 25.6036, 98.0766
YIQ	122.0470, -94.4980, 16.5580

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

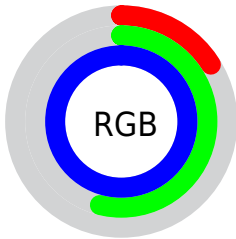
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	42, 108, 255
Decimal	2787839
CIE Lab	57.66, 15.00, -66.15
CIE LCh	58, 67.833, 282.777
Yxy	25.6036, 0.1843, 0.1689
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280977919 (0xFF2A89FF)
YUV	122.0470, 65.5458, -70.2012
Hunter-Lab	50.6000, 10.0501, -79.5002

# Details

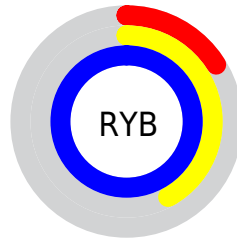
The XYZ color **27.9505, 25.6036, 98.0766** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **6699FF**. The color can be described as middle washed azure. A complement of this color would be **54.2328, 46.5764, 8.3243**, and the grayscale version is **18.3315, 19.2862, 21.0026**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **44.6318, 48.2579, 101.5701**, and **13.5678, 11.0107, 54.2335** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **25.3399, 21.4692, 97.4161**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **31.4881, 30.6066, 98.8558**.

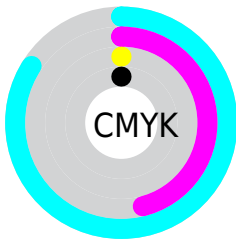
# Distribution



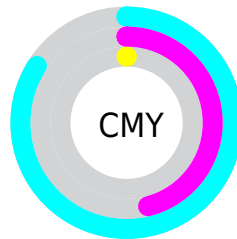
- Red (16%)
- Green (54%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (16%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (84%)
- Magenta (46%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (84%)
- Magenta (46%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 27.9505, 25.6036, 98.0766 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 27.9505, 25.6036, 98.0766 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 27.9505, 25.6036,  
98.0766

■ 27.9505, 25.6036,  
98.0766

284.3147,  
280.8307, 575.2022

■ 18.4286, 16.5273,  
74.0873

■ 55.8146, 52.6348,  
160.5402

■ 11.3597, 9.8981,  
54.3683

■ 74.8875, 71.3584,  
199.8516

■ 6.3784, 5.3314,  
38.5010

■ 97.8748, 94.0667,  
245.1075

■ 3.1193, 2.4430,  
26.0669

■ 125.1419,  
121.1440, 296.7263

■ 1.2172, 0.8479,  
16.6475

■ 157.0540,  
152.9746, 355.1266

■ 0.1199, 0.0000,  
9.8242

193.9767,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

189.9430, 420.7270

5.1785

236.2751,  
232.4336, 493.9461

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
2.2918

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.7266

■ 27.9505, 25.6036,  
98.0766

■ 27.9505, 25.6036,  
98.0766

■ 25.3399, 21.4692,  
97.4161

■ 31.4881, 30.6066,  
98.8558

■ 24.0356, 19.1913,  
97.0452

■ 36.0680, 36.5514,  
99.7619

■ 41.7898, 43.5031,  
100.8021

■ 48.7391, 51.5186,  
101.9830

■ 56.9930, 60.6500,  
103.3105

■ 66.6216, 70.9453,  
104.7902

■ 77.6896, 82.4493,  
106.4274

■ 90.2575, 95.2042,  
108.2269

■ 95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



20.0030, 25.6036, 96.0161



27.9505, 25.6036, 98.0766



36.5401, 25.6036, 75.2019

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



27.9505, 25.6036, 98.0766



37.6737, 25.6036, 7.2143



12.2705, 25.6036, 16.6326

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



27.9505, 25.6036, 98.0766



54.2328, 46.5764, 8.3243

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.2050, 25.6036, 6.2641



27.9505, 25.6036, 98.0766



29.2523, 25.6036, 3.2763

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



27.9505, 25.6036, 98.0766



42.9368, 25.6036, 19.1199



21.0464, 25.6036, 3.0657



12.0732, 25.6036, 38.9700



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



27.9505, 25.6036, 98.0766



41.0076, 25.6036, 53.7132



21.0464, 25.6036, 3.0657



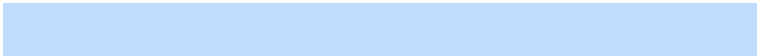
12.9336, 25.6036, 12.0292

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



27.9515, 25.6043, 98.0767



65.1080, 69.3472, 104.5615



42.9877, 74.5215, 44.9921



13.1931, 14.0532, 22.2671



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



27.9515, 25.6043, 98.0767



24.0356, 19.1913, 97.0452



20.3297, 9.6255, 95.3942



17.6699, 18.7113, 22.9303



12.7028, 10.3152, 50.7561



1.3438, 1.2184, 4.9776



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



46.5842, 24.7237, 25.9841



44.2613, 22.4685, 17.8398



73.6085, 90.9833, 15.8745



18.3460, 18.1217, 20.4392



23.2000, 11.7693, 9.7036



2.3129, 1.1675, 1.2292



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 27.9505, 25.6036, 98.0766 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

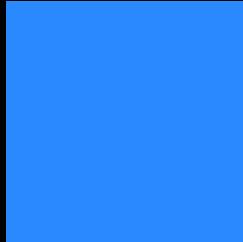
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 27.9505, 25.6036, 98.0766 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

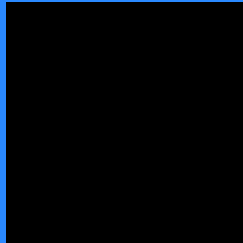
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

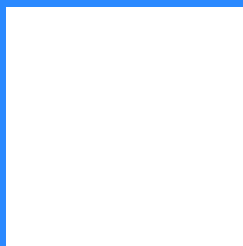
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 27.9505, 25.6036, 98.0766**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 27.9505, 25.6036, 98.0766.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 27.9505, 25.6036,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

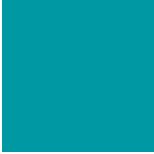
27.9505, 25.6036, 98.0766

### Protanopia

28.9420, 25.3598, 94.6363

### Deuteranopia

26.1666, 25.4716, 91.5331



## **Tritanopia**

18.0021, 25.4268, 38.6094

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

27.9505, 25.6036, 98.0766

## Protanomaly

28.2758, 25.2023, 95.4697

## Deuteranomaly

26.6849, 25.4689, 93.9520

## Tritanomaly

20.5945, 24.9545, 55.9558

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

27.9505, 25.6036, 98.0766

## Achromatopsia

18.4984, 19.4618, 21.1939

## Achromatomaly

19.3593, 20.4082, 40.9490

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 27.9505, 25.6036, 98.0766 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(42, 137, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(42, 137, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(42, 137, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(42, 137, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 27.9505, 25.6036, 98.0766 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(42, 137, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(42, 137, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(42, 137, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(42, 137, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(42, 137, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(42, 137,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 27.9505, 25.6036, 98.0766 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(42, 137, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(42, 137,  
255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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