

# Converting Colors

XYZ(29.9961, 16.4991, 3.4886)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(29.9961, 16.4991, 3.4886)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(30.0052, 16.5029,  
3.5234)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DA2727
RGB	218, 39, 39
RGB Percent	85%, 15%, 15%
CMY	0.1451, 0.8470, 0.8471
CMYK	0.00, 0.82, 0.82, 0.15
HSL	0°, 71%, 50%
HSV	0°, 82%, 85%
XYZ	30.0052, 16.5029, 3.5234
YIQ	92.5210, 106.6840, 37.9480

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

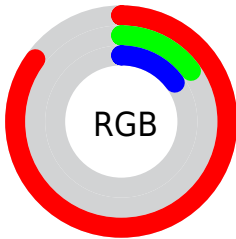
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">218, 39, 39</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">14296871</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">47.63, 66.20, 45.97</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">48, 80.592, 34.778</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">16.5029, 0.5997, 0.3299</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4292486951</a> ( <a href="#">0xFFDA2727</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">92.5210, -26.3859, 110.0451</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">40.6238, 60.7507, 23.2943</a>

# Details

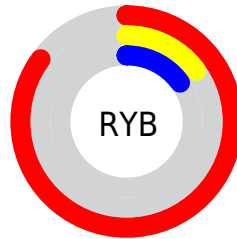
The XYZ color **30.0052, 16.5029, 3.5234** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3333**. The color can be described as dark washed red. A complement of this color would be **38.5589, 55.6280, 75.0343**, and the grayscale version is **10.3367, 10.8750, 11.8428**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **47.7700, 31.6324, 12.3920**, and **13.3264, 6.8700, 0.6237** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **29.2199, 15.3541, 1.9622**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **31.4091, 18.5578, 6.3134**.

# Distribution



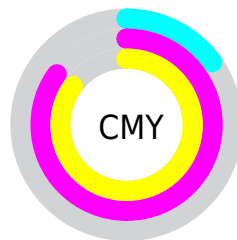
- Red (85%)
- Green (15%)
- Blue (15%)



- Red (85%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Blue (15%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (82%)
- Yellow (82%)
- Black (15%)




- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (85%)
- Yellow (85%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 30.0052, 16.5029, 3.5234 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 30.0052, 16.5029, 3.5234 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 30.0052, 16.5029,  
3.5234


 30.0052, 16.5029,  
3.5234


293.8381,  
232.2912, 142.7708

 19.9906, 9.8807,  
1.3677


 59.0570, 37.4691,  
12.8947


 12.4965, 5.3199,  
0.1163


 78.8249, 52.5819,  
20.9475


 7.1573, 2.4362,  
0.0000


 102.5746, 71.2937,  
31.8030

 3.6079, 0.8444,  
0.0000

 130.6715, 93.9888,  
45.8798

 1.4828, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 163.4810,  
121.0518, 63.5964

 0.3141, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 201.3683,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

152.8669, 85.3714

0.0000

244.6989,  
189.8186, 111.6234

30.0052, 16.5029,  
3.5234

30.0052, 16.5029,  
3.5234

29.2199, 15.3541,  
1.9622

31.4091, 18.5578,  
6.3134


28.9135, 14.9057,  
1.3532


33.5229, 21.6511,  
10.5152


36.4241, 25.8964,  
16.2824


40.1797, 31.3920,  
23.7482

44.8496, 38.2253,  
33.0316

 50.4883, 46.4763,  
44.2412

 57.1460, 56.2185,  
57.4767

 64.8696, 67.5202,  
72.8313

 73.7030, 80.4457,  
90.3921

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



33.8944, 16.5029, 14.8679



30.0052, 16.5029, 3.5234



22.3466, 16.5029, 0.6437

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



30.0052, 16.5029, 3.5234



6.2068, 16.5029, 5.8250



16.8657, 16.5029, 93.3750

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



30.0052, 16.5029, 3.5234



38.5589, 55.6280, 75.0343

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.5001, 16.5029, 82.8806



30.0052, 16.5029, 3.5234



5.5470, 16.5029, 21.4735

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



30.0052, 16.5029, 3.5234



9.0463, 16.5029, 1.1208



6.8485, 16.5029, 51.3456



24.9688, 16.5029, 74.0721



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



30.0052, 16.5029, 3.5234



16.9780, 16.5029, 0.1300



6.8485, 16.5029, 51.3456



14.4603, 16.5029, 93.2948

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



30.0056, 16.5039, 3.5236



69.3581, 62.4057, 57.8245



42.2937, 21.4184, 68.2344



14.2342, 12.4630, 11.1617



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



30.0056, 16.5039, 3.5236



41.2819, 21.3214, 2.0129



37.0641, 30.6210, 5.8765



13.0562, 13.0517, 13.5567



17.3223, 8.9302, 0.8107



1.1223, 0.5786, 0.0525



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



38.5589, 55.6280, 75.0343



53.8351, 78.7428, 106.9692



21.2761, 21.0624, 69.2734



13.4448, 14.8294, 16.8059



22.5992, 33.0678, 44.9300



1.4641, 2.1424, 2.9108



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 30.0052, 16.5029, 3.5234 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 30.0052, 16.5029, 3.5234 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 30.0052, 16.5029, 3.5234**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 30.0052, 16.5029, 3.5234.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 30.0052, 16.5029,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

30.0052, 16.5029, 3.5234

### Protanopia

15.3852, 16.7757, 6.4301

### Deuteranopia

16.9904, 16.7049, 2.9907



## Tritanopia

29.9888, 16.4964, 3.4373

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

30.0052, 16.5029, 3.5234

## Protanomaly

18.3038, 14.4263, 4.9518

## Deuteranomaly

20.0857, 14.9236, 2.8588

## Tritanomaly

29.9888, 16.4964, 3.4373

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

30.0052, 16.5029, 3.5234

## Achromatopsia

10.4043, 10.9462, 11.9204

## Achromatomaly

14.0664, 10.6494, 7.6175

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 30.0052, 16.5029, 3.5234 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(218, 39, 39)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(218, 39, 39)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(218, 39, 39) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(218, 39, 39) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 30.0052, 16.5029, 3.5234 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(218, 39, 39) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(218, 39, 39) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(218, 39, 39) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(218, 39, 39); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(218, 39, 39);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(218, 39,  
39) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 30.0052, 16.5029, 3.5234 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(218, 39, 39) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(218, 39,  
39) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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